BULLOCH TIMES.

VOL. V. NO. 42. STATESBORO, GA., THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1897. BY DAVID B. TURNER.

One Thing Certain.

Man may question the authenticity of this or that book in the Bible; they may flout the story of Jonah and the whale; they may evade questions of faith and doctrine; they may refuse assent to the gospel narratives; they may hide themselves in the metaphysical mazes until the existence of God become nonsense to them. But there is one thing that cannot be questioned, or flouted, or evaded, or hidden from. There are no metaphysical subtleties that can hide a man from death.—Voice.

The Decisive Test.

Giles—I'm in love with both girls, and can't for the life of me make up my mind which is the prettier.

Merritt—Take them into a crowded cable car some day and see which gets a seat first.—Life.

Twins in Size, Shape and Activity.

This is what those important little organs, the kidneys are when healthy. In disease they may differ in all three particulars. Disease makes the kidneys twins of misery, too. Backache, pain and soreness become entire, while the other is semi-paralyzed. Give to both a healthful impulse, without exciting them, with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which forestalls such dreadful maladies as Bright's disease and diabetes. Use the Bitters, also, for malarial, biliousness, rheumatic, nervous, bowel and kidney troubles.

When a girl marries for money, it is seldom her money that she gets.

WHEN billions of coins, set a Cascaret, candy cathartic cure guaranteed; 10c., 25c.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 5 years.—LYMAN PEARSE, Cor. 3d St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell it at 25c. per bottle.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

First

Last and always Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood. That is why it permanently cures when all other medicines fail. Remember,

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

MALSBY & COMPANY,

57 So. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

General Agents for Kris Cigar Works

Engines and Boilers

Steam Water Heaters, Steam Pumps and Penberthy Injectors.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

SAW MILLS

Corn Mills, Feed Mills, Cotton Gin Machinery and Grain Separators.

SOLID and SKEIN IRON Axles, Saw Teeth and Locks, Knight's Patent Dogs, Birdsall Saw Mill and Engine Repairs, Governors, Grate Bars and a full line of Mill Supplies. Price and quality of goods guaranteed. Catalogue free by mentioning this paper.

Potash

is a necessary and important ingredient of complete fertilizers. Crops of all kinds require a properly balanced manure. The best

Fertilizers

contain a high percentage of Potash.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—and a lot of a little which we publish for the asking, will be mailed free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,

93 Nassau St., New York.

WANT TO MAKE AN EASY LIVING?

Any man or woman who will do the work noted in advertising each day can make from $3.00 to $5.00 at home. No canvassing. We want to procure veterans with pluck, pluck and perseverance. It will cost you nothing to try it. To such parties we can give satisfactory references as to their promptness and honorable dealing, we will send a case of our medicines to nearest express office—charges prepaid by us. Medicines to be used and kept account of sufficient to pay for half the selling. Our medicines are of a kind that after introduced, the county will not afford to make the above liberal offer. In addition to the very liberal commission of one-half, every agent gets a Beautiful Parlor Lamp with Hand-Painted Shade all complete as a premium. We want no idlers or those who are not honest and who can give undoubted assurance of references need write to THE PERUVIAN MEDICINE COMPANY, Atlanta, Georgia.

Best on Earth. EVERY FARMER Should Have

Gentl's Improved GUANO Distributer

AND COTTON PLANTER.

Opens and distributes any quantity at the selling time. For circulars address

J. T. GANTT, Macon, Ga.

* TRUE. *

Rice's Goose Grease Liniment

is always sold under a guarantee to cure all aches and pains, rheumatism, swellings, sprains, bruises and burns. It is also warranted to cure corns, scurvy, scalds and is grippe quicker than any known remedy. Never fails to pay. Sold by all druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00. Made only by GOODS GREASE MEDICINE CO., Cincinnati, O.

SMOKE YOUR MEAT WITH CLARK'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE. Concentrated, Strongest, Best. Cures Sweet Smoke Flavor. Sold by Druggists. Sample, Home Cure Co., New Albany, Ind.

MORPHINE Opium and Whisky Habit cured at home. Never fails. Sensitive. Home Cure Co., New Albany, Ind.

DISCOVERY OF THE AGE! Pleasant Tasteless Effectual. Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure for Drunkenness. Sold by druggists or sent postpaid, $1. Bigelow Chemical Co. Kansas City, Mo.

STYLISH SUITS.

SOME DAINTY FEATURES OF FEMININE DRESS.

A Close-Fitting Jacket of Prune-Colored Cloth for Spring—Natty Waist and Four-Gored Skirt for Girls.

THIS stylish suit, illustrated in the large picture, is shown developed in prune-colored cloth, trimmed with black flat mohair and scrolled soutache braid in military style. May Manton says these close-fitting jackets are a feature of the new modes for spring and will be much seen made in cloth to match the skirt when the heavier coats and wraps are laid aside. The jacket is of fashionable length, extending well over the hips, and the back is arranged with coat laps and plaits according to the latest style. Braid can be used to trim the side back forms, or buttons to top the plaits at the waist line. The closing is accomplished invisibly in the center-front with hooks and eyes, and a flaring Marie Stuart collar finishes the neck. The full top-topped sleeves are shaped by upper and under portions and fit the arms nicely from above the elbow, the fullness being adjusted to the arm's eye by plaits at the top. The stylish skirt is designed with five gores and measures a little over four yards at the lower edge. It is the smoothly at the top of front and side, the fullness at the back being laid in backward turning side plaits. The jacket is finished in the centre back seam. Smart costumes are thus made from plain and mixed cheviot, serges, cloth, tweed, vicuna, serge, diagonal and novelty fabrics that show rich blendings of color. A plain finish or machine stitching can be used in place of the braid, and the closing can be made with buttons and buttonholes, or broadcloth, if so preferred.

To make this jacket for a lady in the medium size will require two and three-fourths yards of forty-four-inch wide material. To make the skirt will take four and one-half yards of the same width goods.

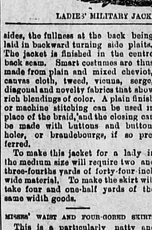
MISSES' WAIST AND FOUR-GORED SKIRT.

This is a particularly natty and charming design for a young miss. Describing it, May Manton says: It is composed of all-wool and silk novelty suiting showing green and a warm tint of brown. The crushed collar, girdle and bows are of changeable taffeta with narrow silk braid and olives entering into the decoration. The waist, although fanciful in design, is exceedingly simple in construction, as it consists of a plain waist shaped with the usual number of seams and single bust darts; the closing being effected invisibly and the fronts are reversed, forming wide lapels that extend to points that meet the deep rolling collar in uneven notches. The comfortably shaped sleeves have the fullness at the top laid in plaits, while the fulness at the wrists is laid in tucks that are stitched in position to the depth of a cuff. The neck of the little garment shows a shield-shaped portion with close-standing band of contrasting material. A wide belt is passed about the waist and slipped through narrow straps, confining the slight fulness at the waist line. Mixed coatings, kersey, cheviot, diagonal, broadcloth, velvet or corduroy are among the many materials available in developing.

To make this dress for a boy of four years will require two yards of forty-four-inch wide material.

SUMMER GOWNS.

Nearly all the summer gowns of this material will have short sleeves and a succession of fluffy capes at the shoulder.



LADIES' MILITARY JACKET AND FIVE-GORED SKIRT.

MISSES' WAIST AND FOUR-GORED SKIRT.

BOYS' DRESS.

AGRICULTURAL.

TOPICS OF INTEREST RELATIVE TO FARM AND GARDEN.

SECRET LIGHT POTATOES.

My secret in potato culture, writes "O. W. E.," is to plant on ground that was in clover the previous year and well fertilized. Treat the seed with a solution of corrosive sublimate and spray the vines with hardness mixture. With this treatment I have never failed to raise fine, sound potatoes and plenty of them.

FORCING PLANTS BY SUMMER.

The English gardeners used at one time to have a term that they applied to high and rapid forcing of plants. They said cucumbers, for instance, were raised "by express." By this, they meant rapid forwarding or forcing of plants by excessive heat and moisture. The houses where the cucumber vines were growing were kept very warm and moist. The result was a very rapid, tender and succulent growth. The plants grew long, spindling and watery. As plants, they were not in a normal condition, yet they were reported to give good crops. Here is an idea for the amateur gardener, who can control the heat in her hay window. Force your plants with more heat than is required in an ordinary living room. The soft wooly plants, like the geranium, will grow long and perhaps lill slash, but they give more flowers than if kept only moderately warm. Such a forced culture means that the bay window must be shut off from the living room. The things, do you want flowers or plants? Most people will say flowers. Then give heat, moisture and fertilizers and thinge will come "by express."—New England Homestead.

THE LAW OF THE ROAD.

For the protection of the traveling public, it is necessary that certain rules regulating travel upon the public highways be generally observed. Our statutes do not require a traveler to keep upon any particular part of the road, nor to turn to the right in any certain direction, but it is universal custom in this country for vehicles and animals under the charge of man to take the right side of the road when meeting others, if it is reasonably practical to do so. A team should, in general, keep the right side, whether meeting another or not. Yet, when two are going in the same direction and one wishes to pass the other, he should pass on the left side, as the first team has the right of way and cannot be expected to deviate from his course upon the right side. One passing another must use great care to avoid a collision, as nothing but necessity will warrant him in doing this, for both, going in the same direction, belong upon the right side, and by any deviation from his proper side one assumes all risk of the experiment. The rule must be very strictly observed at night, or when by reason of storm or fog it might be difficult to distinguish others approaching.

A traveler on foot or on horseback must give way to a vehicle, and a lightly loaded one must give way to a heavily loaded one, but a team with a heavy load ought, in certain cases, to stand still so as to allow a lighter vehicle to pass. The driver of a horse must use ordinary care in its management, and is liable for all damage caused by careless driving, and if he leaves his team he must use ordinary care in hitching it, for if a horse left unhitched starts, and occasions damage, the responsibility rests upon him who neglected to hitch it. But if a team is hitched with ordinary care and is frightened by some unusual disturbance, as by a runaway team running against it, and the team so hitched breaks away and in turn runs and causes damage, no liability rests upon him who carefully hitched his horse.

The movement of sleighs and sleds upon the snow being comparatively noiseless, it is customary to attach bells to them or to the horses, and the want of bells would render a person liable for damages. Bicycles are regarded as vehicles and are subject to the same rules—they must give way to heavier vehicles, and foot passengers must in turn give way to them. Massachusetts laws require bells to be attached to all bicycles. As no one is obliged to build fences next the highway, the use of barbed wire is common to all people who choose to travel upon it, so drovers of cattle and other animals are not responsible for damage by their traveling herds, if reasonable care be exercised in their management.—American Agriculturist.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

On old, thin land the cultivation of the young orchard should begin several years before the old one fails and before the new one is set, by liberal manuring, deep tillage, clean crop culture and the growing of clover.

The frequent trips made from the house to the barn on most farms make it desirable that the buildings be in reasonable distance from each other. On some farms a good deal of valuable time is spent in an unprofitable manner trudging over the long path between farm buildings.

If your poultry house is so cold that water freezes in it, it would a be good plan to give the poultry water three times a day. Have it slightly warmed and after the fowls have drunk what they wish pour out the remainder. In this way the hens will have a full supply and also be invigorated by the warmth from the water drank.

We have frequently seen in papers, eyes Homestead, where the writers did not know what they were talking about, that frosted grass is not good for sheep. This is all bosh. We have pastures where sheep run during the entire winter, and they will graze, even pawing off the snow to get at the blue grass. Some of these pastures heads are frosted over with gray, and they ought to know better.

We may be very sure that many a good lamb, and doubtless the ewe, are lost by the chilling effect of ice water and snow on the flock. Flocs of lambs has been traced directly to illness of the ewes, directly after drinking cold water or eating snow. Only water from a deep well should be used, and given fresh three times a day, and we should see that all the ewes get a drink; it is indispensable to good digestion.

Novel Present for the Sultan.

The Smithsonian Institution has decided to make the Sultan of Turkey a present of a lifesize figure of a Sioux Indian chief. The figure will represent a chief arrayed for a war dance in war blanket and moccasins with his costume decorated with a profusion of beads. If the Sultan had picked a war chief at the height of his glory from the land in Dakota he would not have a more realistic specimen than the one prepared for him at the Smithsonian Institution.

When Secretary Langley, of this institution, made a trip to Turkey in the summer of 1895 he was accompanied by Dr. Cyrus Adler, the famous orientalist. The Sultan presented them with several albums of magnificent photographs, and intimated that he would be only too glad to send a contribution to the National Museum.

It was naturally thought proper that these courtesies should be reciprocated, and Secretary Langley came to the conclusion that there could be no more appropriate gift than one that would be typical of the aboriginal life of this country. Orders were given to construct the figure of a Sioux chief, and this, after long care and study, has just been completed. The figure will be placed and shipped, freight prepaid, to the Sultan this week. It will be accompanied by a number of articles used in domestic and martial life by the Sioux.

A New and Novel Leg.

A European experimenter has produced an artificial leg. It as nearly resembles a human member as any that can be devised.

This artificial leg is a curious contrivance of hinges, springs and elastic bands. Extending downward from about what is the knee joint in the ankle, is a point between the ball of the heel and the instep, are two steel rods, placed one in front of the other.

One rods on a sort of rocker hinge, and allows the foot to give or bend with each step. The other serves the purpose of bringing the foot back into place after the step is taken.

Any lateral movement of these rods is prevented by the sides of the shoe through which they move. A screw and a nut at the top of the rod also prevent the rod from turning and thus giving trouble in walking. An artificial heel tendon is placed within the foot, behind the ankle joint, and extends loosely through a hole in the leg, where it connects with a nut about midway up the limb.

Where He Drew the Line.

Among the first stories recorded by Mr. T. E. Pritt in his "Angler's Basket," is one about a Scottish laird who was relating the story of a fine fish he had caught one day to his friends at the dinner table. "Donald," said he to the servant behind his chair—an old man, but a new servant—"how heavy was the fish I took yesterday?" Donald neither spoke nor moved. The laird repeated the question. "Weel," replied Donald, "it was twal' pund at breakfast, it had gotten to aicheen at dinner-time, and it was eax-and-twenty when ye sat down to supper wi' the captain." Then after a pause he added, "I've been tellin' lees a' my life to please the shooters, but I'll be blowed if I'm going to tell lees noo, through my old age, to please the fushers."

Slighted.

The great actor looked very much offended.

"These people must be barbarians," he exclaimed.

"What makes you think that?"

"I have been at this place for three hours and everybody knows who I am."

"How can you tell?"

"I haven't had any requests for a pass to the show."

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 cured. This is the only No-To-Bac regular or remove your desire for tobacco. Save money, make health and manhood. Cure guaranteed. 50 cents and $1.00, at all druggists.

A Philadelphia judge speaks of persons being "tired nursing a cold in the head." Strange, we never heard of it in our family.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

JUST try a 10c. box of Cascarets, candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER

Beautifies and restores Gray Hair to its original color and vitality; prevents baldness; cures itching and dandruff. A fine hair dressing.

R. P. Hall & Co., Proprs., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Druggists.

REVOLVER FREE. WATCH FREE

150 other articles. Catalogue free. Gun or Watch FREE. Every person who sends 10 cents and mentions this paper, will receive a beautiful Watch Charm, Gold Plate, Hunting Case, or a Revolver, Gun, Watch or Chain Trick. Address, WINCHESTER & CO., 917 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

DON'T BE CUT WITH A KNIFE.

We can cure you without cutting, drugging or injuring you, for PILES, FISTULA, RECTAL ULCERS and all diseases of the rectum. Cure guaranteed and permanent relief. Send five two-cent stamps to cover postage and we will mail FREE package. Address, DR. PEAL'S NEW RECTAL SPECIFIC COMPANY, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

OPIUM HABIT **DRUNKENNESS** Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.

A. N. U. Seven, '97

Interesting Historical Document.

In the Treasury Department at Washington has recently been found the original warrant, dated 1825, which directs the Treasurer of the United States to pay to General Lafayette the sum of $200,000 for his services in the Revolutionary War. The document is badly torn, as well as much faded, and bears the indorsement: "Received Payment, Jan. 11, 1825. Lafayette." The warrant is drawn as follows:

"To Thomas Tudor Tucker, Treasurer of the United States, greeting:

"Pay to Gen. Lafayette, or order, $200,000, being the amount allowed him in consideration of his services and sacrifices in the War of the Revolution, pursuant to an act of Congress conferring him, approved 20th of December, 1824, agreeably to a certificate of the Controller of the Treasury, dated January 8, 1825, recorded by the register, copy whereof is filed in my office. For so doing this shall be your warrant. Given under my hand and the seal of the Treasury, the eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and of independence the forty-ninth.

"WILLIAM A. CRAWFORD,

"Secretary of the Treasury."

One of Mrs. Pinkham's Talks

Concerning a Mother's Duty to Her Young Daughter. Together with a Chat with Miss Marie Johnson.

The balance wheel of a woman's life is menstruation. On the proper performance of this function depends her health.

Irregularity lays the foundation of many diseases, and is in itself symptom of disease. It is of the greatest importance that regularity should be established as soon after the flow is an established fact.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

Disturbance of the menstrual function poisons the blood. Young girls suppression develops latent inherited tendencies to scrofula or consumption, and no time must be lost in restoring regularity. Many a young girl goes to her grave because this difficulty has been thought lightly of, and mother has said, "Time will bring about a cure; she is young, I don't worry about her."

Mother, when you see your daughter languid and indifferent to things that usually interest a young girl, when you note that flush on her cheek, that glassy appearance in her eyes; when your daughter tells you that even the weight of her dress waist oppresses her, and that she has terrible pains in her stomach shortly after eating, don't ignore these signs? If you do, you will be following your daughter to the grave, for she will die!

This is gospel truth—she is developing consumption of the bowels!

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest regulator known to medicine. Make haste to use it on the first appearance of the toll-tale symptoms; it will restore all the female organs to their normal condition. Miss Marie Johnson's letter to Mrs. Pinkham, which follows, should interest all mothers and young ladies. She says:

"My health became so poor that I had to leave school. I was tired all the time, and had dreadful pains in my side and back. I would have the headache so badly that everything would appear black before my eyes, and I could not go on with my studies. I was also troubled with irregularity of menses. I was very weak, and lost so much flesh that my friends became alarmed. My mother, who is a firm believer in your remedies from experience, thought perhaps they might benefit me, and wrote you for advice. I followed the advice you gave, and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills as you directed, and am now as well as I ever was. I have gained flesh and have a good color. I am completely cured of irregularity. Words cannot express my gratitude, and I cannot thank you enough for your kind advice and medicine."—MISS MARIE F. JOHNSON, Centralia, Pa.

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process by which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10 CTS 25 CTS 50 CTS

ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the ideal laxative. Pleasant, palatable, potent, mild and tasteless. Acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Not to be sold in bulk or by weight, or price, but each box bears our trade mark and guarantee. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 311.

RIPANS Tabules

I first heard of them through a fellow-workman who, on hearing my tale of woe, one day offered me a Tabule and said he would guarantee it to act on the liver. I took it under protest, but was surprised with the result. It was gentle but effective, and from that time I have gradually noted an entire change in the working of my system, and I think that Ripans Tabules are the best remedy for liver and stomach troubles this side of anywhere. They are really in my case a substitute for physical exercise."

INAUGURATION OF WILLIAM M'KINLEY AS PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

STEVENSON ADMINISTERS OATH TO VICE-PRESIDENT HOBART, WHO IN TURN, ORGANIZES THE NEW SENATE AND DELIVERS HIS ADDRESS.

SURGING CROWDS OF PATRIOTIC AND LOYAL AMERICANS TAKE POSSESSION OF THE NATION'S CAPITAL CITY.

Chief-Justice Fuller Administers Oath to President McKinley After Which the New Executive Read His Inaugural Address--Program of the Day Carried Out With Brilliant Success.

William McKinley was inaugurated president of the United States at Washington Thursday at noon in the presence of thousands of loyal citizens of our grand old commonwealth.

For the fourth time in the history of this great republic a native born citizen of Ohio bent his head over the sacred book and took the solemn oath which bound him for four long years to watch over and guard the welfare of the American people.

It was an impressive, yet beautifully simple ceremony, that marked the accession of William McKinley, of Ohio, student, lawyer, representative, governor, to the high office of president of the United States of America.

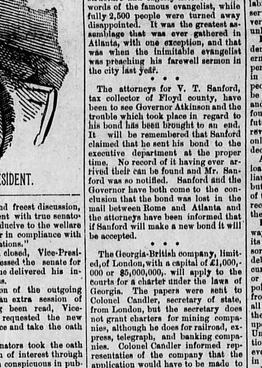
Everything in the inaugural program worked to that end with a degree of energy, and the popular demonstration of the day was a shining success in every particular.

Five minutes after 10 o'clock the presidential escort emerged from his reception room door at the Ebbitt on the arm of Senator Sherman. He looked calm and walked firmly.

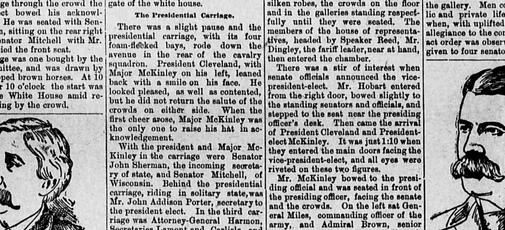
As the president-elect emerged from the private house there was a resonance burst of applause that shook the buildings. The president-elect was greeted by a solid mass of people that the carriage which was to convey the president-elect to the White House could scarcely be driven. While the police struggled to clear a passage through the crowd the president-elect bowed his acknowledgements. He was seated with Senator Sherman, sitting on the rear right seat, and Senator Mitchell with Mr. Porter occupied the front seat.

The carriage was one bought by the senate committee, and was drawn by a pair of clipped brown horses. At 10 minutes after 10 o'clock the start was made for the White House amid renewed cheering by the crowd.

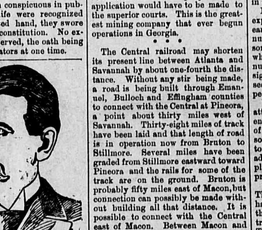
WILLIAM M'KINLEY, THE NEW CHIEF EXECUTIVE.



GARRETT A. HOBART, THE NEW VICE-PRESIDENT.



CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER.
(He administered the oath of office to President McKinley.)



GENERAL HORACE PORTER.
(Grand Marshal of Inauguration Parade.)

It was only a step around the corner to the White House, but the procession moved slowly enough to give the crowds a good view of the president-elect and he was cheered generously during his short initial ride. It was just 10:20, or five minutes after he left the Ebbitt House that Mr. McKinley, accompanied by the senate committee, consisting of Senator Sherman of Ohio, and Senator Mitchell, of Wisconsin, drove up to the north front of the White House, escorted by Troop A, of Cleveland.

Joined By Cleveland.

Major McKinley and his party entering the rotunda of the White House were at once shown into the blue room, where they were joined immediately by President Cleveland and all the members of his cabinet, with the exception of Secretary Olney. General Miles and Admiral Brown and Captain Davis and Lieutenants Sharp and Hughes joined the presidential party. The black horse troop of Cleveland took its station at the side of the avenue, whilst the squad of the Sixth cavalry from Fort Myer came down the avenue at a trot and formed into position in a squadron in front of the north side of the avenue covering the whole of Lafayette square.

On the Way to the Capitol.

As soon as the McKinley carriage entered the grounds, the first of the procession, consisting of a platoon of 50 mounted police, moved down from the Arlington plaza and followed by the Governor's Island band of 50 pieces turned down Fifteenth street.

The marshal of the United States engineers wheeled into line and was followed by General Horace Porter and 200 mounted mounted aides. Then came the marines headed by the United States marine band. Then came the President and Mrs. McKinley, as under way. The crowds cheered as the magnificent column moved down the Pennsylvania avenue. A troop passed the half-filled reviewing stand before the white house until the last of the guides with his golden snapped in the line and passed the gate of the white house.

The Presidential Carriage.

There was a slight pause and the presidential carriage, with its four foam-flecked bays, rode down the avenue in the rear of the cavalry squadron. President Cleveland, with Major McKinley on his left, leaned back with a smile on his face. He looked pleased, as well as contented, but he did not return the salute of the crowds on either side. When the first cheer arose, Major McKinley was the only one to raise his hat in acknowledgement.

With the president and Major McKinley in the carriage were Senator John Sherman, the incoming secretary of state, and Senator Mitchell, of Wisconsin. Behind the presidential carriage, riding in solitary state, was Mr. John Addison Porter, secretary to the president-elect. In the third carriage was Attorney-General Harmon, Secretaries Lamont and Carlisle and Secretary Herbert, the fifth, Secretaries Francis and Morton, and the sixth and last, General Miles and the members of his staff.

The black horse troop forming the president's troop followed close to the carriage containing the cabinet officers who given even a heartier welcome than was the presidential party.

The Reviewing Stand.

The approach of the president and president-elect was signalled to the crowds on the capitol steps by cheers that greeted them and followed them up the hill, accompanied by waving of handkerchiefs and hats.

Arriving at the capitol grounds the carriage was driven to the front steps where the party alighted. Senator Caffery escorted President Cleveland and President-elect McKinley with Mr. Sherman, came after. They immediately entered the senate wing of the capitol.

President-elect McKinley went at once to the vice president's room and President Cleveland and cabinet to the president's room.

Oath Administered.

The head of the procession appeared at the inaugural stand at 12:45. When Mr. Cleveland and Mr. McKinley appeared on the platform of the inaugural stand the throng broke forth in prolonged cheers.

At 1:16 p. m. President McKinley took the oath of office, administered by Chief Justice Fuller. The oath follows:

"I do hereby solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

President McKinley then read his inaugural address in the hearing of a hundred thousand people.

In the Senate Chamber.

The senate chamber was the center of attraction Thursday and the gallery presented a lively scene. The proceedings were brief interims between recesses, for the time had gone by without anything of real vital legislation of appropriation bills.

The presidential family party arrived at 11:30 o'clock. Mrs. Hobart, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Barber, moved down the aisle and took a front seat in the gallery which had been reserved for her. Following the wife of the new president came the venerable supreme court. They filed slowly down the aisle in gorgeous regalia and silken robes, the crowds on the floor and in the galleries standing respectfully until they were seated. The members of the house of representatives, headed by Speaker Reed, Mr. Dingley, the tariff leader, near at hand, then entered the chamber.

There was a stir of interest when senate officials announced the vice-president-elect. Mr. Hobart entered from the right door, bowed slightly to the standing senators and officials, and stepped to the seat near the presiding officer's desk. Then came the arrival of President Cleveland and President-elect McKinley. It was just 11:40 when they entered the main doors facing the vice-president-elect, and all eyes were riveted on these two figures.

Mr. McKinley bowed to the presiding official and was seated in front of the presiding officer, facing the senate and the crowds. On the left sat General Miles, commanding officer of the army, and Admiral Brown, senior officer of the navy, in full uniform. To the right was another blaze of rich uniforms and decorations, the four ambassadors, Sir Julian Pauncefote, Mr. Pate-Notre, Baron Tisleinan and Baron Fava being directly by the side of Mr. McKinley. The members of the outgoing cabinet were in a circle to the left, facing the outgoing and incoming presidents. On the opposite side of the centre aisle, in a semi-circle, were Chief Justice Fuller and associate justices, wearing their long silk robes, the circle of silk vered heads and strong faces making a picture of dignity.

Behind Them In.

The members of the house of representatives filled the entire body of the hall on the right side and in the opposite area of the chamber sat the senators and senators-elect. As the presidential party took their seats vice President Stevenson arose and invited his successor to step forward and take the oath of office.

Mr. Stevenson then delivered his valedictory address, speaking hoarsely, as a result of the recent strain.

After the fullest and freest discussion, is neither consistent with true senatorial courtesy, conducive to the welfare of the people, nor in compliance with their just expectations."

As the chaplain closed, Vice-President-elect Hobart advanced to the senate for the first time, as he delivered his introductory address.

The presentation of the outgoing president calling an extra session of the senate having been read, Vice-President Hobart requested the new senators to advance and take the oath of office.

As the new senators took the oath there was a hum of interest through the gallery. Men conspicuous in public and private life were recognized when, with uplifted hand, they swore allegiance to the constitution. No applause was observed, the oath being given to four senators at one time.

Mr. Hobart now advanced to the presiding chair, and for the first time exercised his official functions by calling the senate to order.

Mr. Hobart moved aside for the blind chaplain of the senate, Rev. Dr. Milburn, who in an impressive voice delivered the first invocation to the new senate.

Mr. Hobart advanced to the desk, raised his right hand and took the oath in accordance with the constitution. On taking the oath of office, he said:

"All the interests of good government and the advancement toward a higher and better condition of things call for prompt legislation at our hands.

"To obstruct the regular course of wise and prudent legislative action, or to defeat, or freest discussion, is neither consistent with true senatorial courtesy, conducive to the welfare of the people, nor in compliance with their just expectations."

As the chaplain closed, Vice-President-elect Hobart addressed the senate for the first time, as he delivered his introductory address.

The proclamation of the outgoing president calling an extra session of the senate having been read, Vice-President Hobart requested the new senators to advance and take the oath of office.

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THE INAUGURATION ADDRESS

AS READ BY M'KINLEY ON TAKING THE OATH OF OFFICE.

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS DISCUSSED.

A Concise Document Replete With Patriotic Intentions and Promises--Certain Features of the Address.

Following are the germain features of President McKinley's inaugural address read in the hearing of a hundred thousand people:

FELLOW CITIZENS: In obedience to the will of the people and in their presence, by the authority vested in me by this oath, I assume the solemn and responsible duties of president of the United States, relying upon the support of my countrymen and invoking the guidance of Almighty God.

Restore Confidence.—The country is suffering from industrial disturbance from which speedy relief must be had. Our financial system needs some revision; money in all good times, of all it value must not further be threatened. It should all be put upon an equal footing, that will not vex nor distrack, nor its stability to doubt or dispute. Our currency should continue under supervision of the government. I believe it necessary to devise a system which, without diminishing the circulating medium, or offering a premium for its contraction, will present a remedy for these arrangements.

International Bimetallism.—If, therefore, congress in its wisdom shall deem it expedient to create a commission to take under early consideration the revision of our coinage, banking and currency laws, and give them that exhaustive, careful and dispassionable examination that their importance demands, I shall cordially concur in such action. * * * The question of international bimetallism will have early and earnest attention. It will be my constant endeavor to secure it by co-operation with the other great commercial powers of the world.

The credit of the government, the integrity of its currency and the invioliability of its obligations must be preserved. This was the commanding verdict of the people and it will not be unheeded.

Economy Demanded.—Economy is demanded in every branch of the government at all times, but espec ally in periods like the present of depression in business and distress among the people. The severest economy must be observed in all public expenditures and extravagance stopped wherever found, and prevented wherever in the future it may be developed. If the revenues are to remain as now, the only relief that can come must be from decreased expenditures.

A surplus in the treasury created by loans is not a permanent nor safe resource. It will suffice while it lasts, but cannot last long while the outlays of the government are greater than its receipts, as has been the case during the past two years.

Increase the Revenue.—The best way for the government to maintain its credit is to pay as it goes—not to sorting to loans, but by keeping out of debt—through an adequate revenue secured by a system of taxation, external or internal, or both. It is the duty of every branch of the government, pursued from the beginning and practiced by all parties and administrations, to raise the bulk of our revenue from taxes upon foreign productions entering the United States for sale and consumption, and avoiding for the most part every form of direct taxation except in time of war.

It is, therefore, earnestly hoped and expected that congress will, at the earliest practical moment, enact revenue legislation that shall be fair, reasonable, conservative and just, and that will be amply sufficient under ordinary conditions to meet the revenue for public purposes, will still be signally beneficial and helpful to every section, and every enterprise of the people.

In the revision of the tariff especial attention should be given to the enactment of the reciprocal principle of the act of 1890, under which such great gains were made for our foreign trade in new and advantageous markets for our surplus agricultural and manufactured products.

Revival of Manufacturing Needed.—The depression of the past four years has fallen with especial severity upon the great body of toilers of the country and upon the holders of farms. The revival of manufacturing will be beneficial to both. Legislation beneficial to the producer is beneficial to all. Business conditions are not the most promising. It will take time to restore the prosperity of former years. If we cannot promptly attain it, we can resolutely turn our face in that direction, and aid its return by friendly legislation.

Lynching Must Not Be Tolerated.—Lynchings must not be tolerated in a great country like the United States. Courts—not mobs—must execute the penalties of the law. The preservation of public order, the right of discussion, the integrity of courts and the orderly administration of justice must continue to be the rock of safety upon which our government securely rests.

Immigration Laws.—Our naturalization laws should be further improved to the constant promotion of a safer, better and a higher citizenship. A grave peril to the republic would be a citizenship too ignorant to understand or too vicious to appreciate the great value and beneficence of our institutions and laws—and against all who come here to make war upon them our gates must be promptly and fightly closed. Nor must we be unmindful of the need of improvement in our citizenship, and with the zeal of our forefathers encourage the spread of knowledge as the foundation.

Reforms in the civil service must go on. But the changes should be real not nominal, not sectional nor partisan, prompted by a zeal in behalf of every party, simply because it happens to be in power.

Merchant Marine Needed.—Congress should give prompt attention to the restoration of our American merchant marine, once the pride of the seas, in all the great ocean highways of commerce. To my mind, few more important subjects so imperitively demand its intelligent consideration. Commendable progress has been made of late years in the upbuilding of the American navy, but we must supplement these efforts by providing a proper convoy for it a merchant marine amply sufficient for our own carrying trade to foreign countries.

We have cherished the policy of non-interference with the affairs of foreign governments, wisely inaugurated by Washington, keeping ourselves free from entanglement either as allies or foes. It will be our aim to pursue a firm and dignified policy which shall be just, impartial, ever watchful of our national honor and always insisting upon the enforcement of the lawful rights of American citizens everywhere.

Arbitration Treaty Approved.—Our diplomacy should seek nothing more nor accept nothing less than is due us. We want no wars of conquest; we must avoid the temptation to territorial aggression. War should never be entered upon until every agency of peace has failed; peace is preferable to war in almost every contingency. Arbitration is the true method of adjusting international as well as local or individual differences.

Patriotic influence and moral influences of the ratification of such a treaty can hardly be overestimated in the cause of advancing civilization. It may will engage the best thoughts of the statesmen and people of every country, and if cannot but consider it fortunate that it was reserved for the United States to have the leadership in so grand a work.

Extra Session of Congress.—It has been the uniform practice of each president to avoid, as far as possible, the convening of congress in extraordinary session. But a failure to convene the representatives of the people in congress is a extraordinary step and a act of a public duty and places the responsibility of such neglect upon the executive alone. I shall convene, if the public treasury, as has been indicated, demands the immediate consideration of congress.

BULLOCH TIMES

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS.

Metal Organ of Bulloch County and Town of Statesboro.

D. B. TURNER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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THURSDAY, MAR. 11, 1897.

The Atlanta Motive needs to study grammar: It spells Grover Cleveland without capitals in several instances.

If presidents are worth anything, the United States is better off now in that respect than ever before—she has two, McKinley and Hanna.

MR. MCKINLEY has called an extra session of congress to convene next Monday. The tariff mule will be brought out for four years of steady work.

A NEWS item in the dailies predicts that the New York World is preparing to repudiate McKinley and boom Bryan for president in 1900. We have read the World for the least six months, and had not observed that it was endorsing McKinley.

WHAT the present administration knows about the tariff question would undoubtedly fill a big book—that's all it does know; and what the people will learn of it in the next four years would make a volume—that's all they will learn. Poor people!

A MAN in Columbia, S. C., died Monday with the grip, and after being prepared for burial and placed in his coffin, he came to. That demonstrates that it wont do to "monkey" with those South Carolina fellows—they are not dead every time they shut their eyes.

EIGHT YEARS TILL LEAP YEAR.

All our readers are more or less interested in leap year, especially our lady readers, to whom this is considered to be the chance to make the boys come to the point, and will be interested in the statement that 1900 will not be a leap year, and the reason therefor, taken from today's News:

"The year 1900 will not be leap year, and the reason for it is here briefly stated. If the year were exactly 365¼ days long then every fourth year for all time would be leap-year, for the introduction of an extra day every four years would exactly compensate for the fraction of a day omitted in the common years. But the exact length of the year is not quite 365¼ days, being eleven minutes and fourteen seconds less. The exact length of the year is 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes and 45.51 seconds. According to the leap year correction, therefore, it will be seen that these 11 minutes and 14 seconds are not taken into account, so that at the end of 128 years they amount to a whole day. It becomes necessary, therefore, in order to keep the calendar correct to take this extra day gained into account. As it would not be convenient to introduce the correction except at the end of the centuries it has been arbitrarily agreed upon by astronomers to subtract three days every four hundred years at the end of certain centuries, as this is nearly equal to one day in 128 years,

The rule now stands as follows: All years, whose date-number is divisible by four without a remainder are leap-years, unless they are century years, (such as 1700, 1800, 1900, etc).

The century years are not leap-years unless their date-number is divisible by 400 without a remainder, in which case they are leap years. For instance, 1700, 1800, 1900, 2100, etc., are not leap years; but 1600, 2000, 2400, etc., are leap years.

It may be observed, however, that even this correction is not exactly accurate, since a little more than three days are gained in four hundred years but provisions are being made by astronomers for a second correction when many thousands of years are to be considered. The next leap year will be 1904.

TALKS GOOD SENSE.

Sam Jones is waking up Atlanta sinners with his hot shot, and in his sermons he occasionally lets loose a hunk of good, hard business sense. For instance he says, "The people are lying down on the government. They've got $140,000,000 in free pensions, free schools, and next we'll have free books, and after awhile free boarding houses, and then free clothing stores." Even then he says some worthless father will tell his children that the government ought to take care of them—"that he can't do anything for them but to let them call him daddy." And that's about what the world seems to be drifting to, or at least, some people seem to have about that idea. Jones may not be opposed to free schools, and it is possible that he only referred to them to have something to say, but there are actually as good grounds to oppose them as to oppose the system of free boarding houses and clothing stores at public expense. There is exactly as much justice in taxing the man without a family to feed and clothe the children of the poor man as there is in taxing him for their education—and there's no justice in either.

A NEW YORK women was sentenced to three months imprisonment for allowing her children to run upon the streets in a ragged and unclean condition. This was right. We know of some men in this country who ought to be handled for exposing their ugly faces in public places.

Probably Mr. Robert Reid, the railway contractor of Montreal, is the owner of more land than any other private person in the world. It is estimated that he owns some 5,000 square miles of land in New foundland. This property was granted to him in fee simple by the government in return for Mr. Reid's operating the railway that is fast approaching completion, at the rate of 5,000 acres of laud for each one mile of main or branch line constructed throughout the whole length of the projected line.

THE Savannah News says: "Hurrah for Arkansas! She will not permit even the temporary removal from her legislative walls of the picture of Jefferson Davis, to make room for that of a voluble young politician. Last fall there were two or three instances of the tearing down of pictures of patriots and statesmen who had been tried in the fire and found pure and hanging in their places those of unknown quantities. But the time for that kind of things has passed, and the emphatic action of the Arkansas legislature on Saturday marked the fact."

According to La Medicine Modern, Dr. P. Penta has studied the fingers and toes of 4,500 criminals, and finds a deficiency in the size or number of toes quite frequent among them, although very rare among ordinary men. He has also observed that prehensile toes, marked by a wide space between the great toe and the second toe, is a condition quite common among criminals, also a webbed condition of the toes an approximation to the toeless feet of some savages. The little toes are also rudimentary in many cases, showing tendency toward the four-toed animal foot; but the most common of all the abnormalities was the webbed condition of the toes.

ELIZUR SAGE, a nephew of the millionaire Russel Sage, recently applied to his rich uncle for the loan of $50 to raise the mortgage on his little farm, which the uncle did, taking a new mortgage upon the farm to secure him in the loan and six per cent interest. The papers are making a great ado over the little transaction, and seem to think that the rich uncle did wrong in accepting the security, or in even charging the nephew interest on the money. We can't see wherein there was anything immoral, unbusiness-like or even ungenerous in the transaction—the nephew had as well pay six per cent interest to his uncle as to any body else, and it is not well for the papers to cultivate the idea in young nephews that their uncles ought to give them all the money they need without interest, for somebody might get disappointed, you know.

Brag Brieflets.

We regret to report Mrs. Eugenia Smith sick, and hope she will be convalescent in a few days.

Mr. W. A. Waters and Miss Arie attended the "Jay Bird" at Mr. C. B. Miley's last Thursday night.

Miss Bessie Lanier, of Guyton, is teaching a flourishing school near here at Pine Grove school house.

Rev. St. Clair preached quite an impressive sermon at New Hope last Sunday on "Missions," to a large and appreciative congregation.

Miss Anna Hagin, of our neighborhood, opened school last Monday morning at the Morgan Lee school house. We wish her much success in her new work.

The young people of New Hope church are going to give a church supper at Mr. M. C. Moore's, for the benefit of the parsonage, Friday night. All are invited to attend.

The wedding bells have ceased ringing in our neighborhood since Mr. J. F. Rogers was married to Miss Mattie Lee; but somebody has whispered that another one is going to ring before long.

DAISY.

Mill Ray Matters.

[THE following items were sent for last week's issue, but for lack of time to set them up were omitted.—EDITOR.

What's the matter with the Mill Ray Social Club? Friends, we must start it up again.

Mr. J. J. Brunson has been very sick, but was somewhat improved last account.

The Mill Ray high school is rapidly progressing under the management of Miss Ada Miller.

Mrs. I. V. Simmons, who has been confined to her bed for a month with the grip, is improving.

The weather has been somewhat disagreeable of late, but not too bad for our farmers to plant their corn.

Misses Rosa Smith and Susie Slater, of Brooksville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hodges for a few days.

Mr. J. H. Perkins is the champion sportsman in this community, having killed more than forty birds within two weeks.

Mrs. W. O. Darsey, who has been spending the week with her daughter, Miss Annie, at Myros, has returned, and reports a pleasant visit.

Miss Lottie Cone, of Statesboro, has been visiting her cousin, Miss Maud Hodges, but returned to her home this week. We trust it may not be long before we will have her in our community again.

Mr. C. B. Miley is expecting to receive his new saw mill and other machinery within a few days, and then those who are contemplating going to house keeping, but first need the lumber to build the house, can call on him.

If nothing prevents, I will come again. PINE GROVE.

GRAND JURY.

Z T DeLoach — Joshua Ellis
J. J. Gray — B I Robinson
A R Lanier — E M McElveen
Simon Rogers — J J Donaldson
S B Hughes — J J Lanier
T M Davis — Homer Alderman
Joseph H Wilson — W E Moore
I N Stapleton — J A Akins
C B Well — S I Olliff
A M Bines — A J Lee
Milanton Smith — J C Jones
Morgan Brown — W T Smith
J W Williams — Jason Franklin
Jesse M Aycock — W S Proctorius
J S Lee — W C Parker

TRAVERSE.

Leonard Bland — Eli Rowe
A A Turner — Mitchell Parrish
J W Cone — Mal Deumark
E S Thompson — R F Brannen
A H Hodges — J H Kennedy
I C Simmons — J R Roach
Jas Lewis — J G Blitch
J E Brown — W A Slater
S W Warren — A J Lee, jr.
J G Nevils — Madison Parrish
W W Dekle — P A Hagins
Mal Akins — W B Roach
W E Gould — John S Wilson
J T Mikell — Wayne Parrish
J G Mitchell — J T Deumark
P D Olliff — Mikell Akins
W W Coleman — J M Nichols
W B Mikell — Robert Axins

For this year I am going to continue on progressive lines. I will buy all my goods north and will sell you goods of first quality as cheap as you can buy shoddy ones elsewhere. I keep everything: Dry goods, millinery, clothing, shoes, hardware, furniture, stoves, coffins, etc., etc., and I can please you and save you money also. Give me your business and I will make it pay you.

J. G. Blitch

The Statesboro Tailoring Co.

guarantees a perfect fit in every instance.

WHY MEDITATE

when you can have your clothes made to your order for the same price that you now pay for ready-made clothing. We are here to stay, and stay we will. We are making suits to order from $15 up; pants from $4 up. Cleaning, dyeing and repairing neatly done.

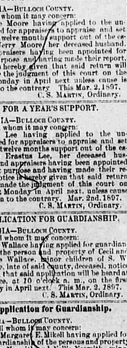
When in need of anything in our line, please examine our stock.

☞ Rooms at "Central Hotel."

BRANNEN & MOORE,

STATESBORO, GA.

We make 5-year loans on farm lands at the lowest rates. Also write insurance on country and town property in The Ætna Fire Insurance Co., the largest in America.



Say, Boys, Look at This Shirt

Laundried by the Georgia Steam Laundry, Savannah, Ga.

Wing-point and turned-down collars returned unbroken.
Basket at Newsome & Deloach's store

O. M. CUMMINGS, AGENT.

R. L. SAMPLES. W. D. KENNEDY.

SAMPLES & KENNEDY,

Physicians and Surgeons,

STATESBORO, GA.

☞At Dr. Cone's dental office.

ALBERT M. DEAL,

Lawyer,

STATESBORO, GA.

W. E. FRANKLIN, M. D.,

has decided to locate at Excelsior and offers his services to the people of the community.

DR. J. B. BRADFIELD

offers his professional service to the people of Emit and vicinity.

DR. A. H. MATHEWS

offers his professional service to the people of Statesboro and vicinity.

Calls left at Reese's drug store promptly attended to.

SIMONS CASON. H. G. EVERITT.

CASON & EVERITT,

Attorneys at-Law.

STATESBORO, GA.

☞Office at Col. Potter's old stand.

DR. J. H. CHANDLER,

STATESBORO, GA.

Offers his professional services to the town and vicinity. Calls promptly answered.

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Surgeon Dentist,

STATESBORO, GA.

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L. J. McLEAN,

Dentist,

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☞Up-stairs Reese No. 1 Holland building

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Attorney-at-Law,

STATESBORO, GA.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS,

Attorney-at-Law,

STATESBORO, GA.

☞Solicitor Bulloch County Court.

GEORGE REESE,

Druggist,

STATESBORO, GA.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

THE DAVIS MACHINE SHOP

is the place to get your

Boilers, Engines, Gins, Turpentine Stills, etc., overhauled, and in fact everything in the way of machinery repaired and put in first-class order. I also keep on hand

ALL KINDS OF ENGINE
FITTINGS, GAS AND STEAM
PIPE PACKING, OIL, &c.

I Manufacture the Davis Sea Island Cotton Gin—the Best Gin in the Market!

Don't buy until you have examined it!

W. D. DAVIS, Mgr.,

STATESBORO, GA.

Ordinary's Notices.

FOR LETTERS OF DISMISSION.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Waiteus, Eli Kennedy, administrator of Jas. Alderman represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered the estate of said Jas. Alderman's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration, and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in April, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

FOR A YEAR'S SUPPORT.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

Marinthe Nixon has applied to the undersigned for appraisers to appraise and set aside a twelve months support out of the estate of W. K. Nixon, jr., her deceased husband, and appraisers having been appointed for that purpose, and having made their report, notice is hereby given that said return will be made the judgment of this court on the first Monday in April next unless cause is shown to the contrary. This Mar. 1st, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

FOR A YEAR'S SUPPORT.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

Fannie Moore having applied to the undersigned for appraisers to appraise and set aside a twelve months' support out of the estate of Lerry Moore, her deceased husband, and appraisers having been appointed for that purpose and having made their report, notice is hereby given that said return will be made the judgment of this court on the first Monday in April next unless cause is shown to the contrary. This Mar. 2, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

APPLICATION FOR GUARDIANSHIP.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

J. W. Wallace having applied for guardianship of the person and property of Cecil and Johnnie Wallace, minor children of S. W. Wallace, late of said county, deceased, notice is given that said application will be heard at my office at 10 o'clock, a. m. on the first Monday in April next. This Mar. 2, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

Application for Guardianship.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

Mrs. Margaret E. Mikell having applied for the guardianship of the persons and property of Perry Newsome, Nellie Newsome, minor children of Mrs. W. J. Wolker, late of said county, deceased, notice is given that said application will be heard at my office on the first Monday in April next. This March 2nd, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, *Ordinary.*

Application for Guardianship.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

Mrs. M. E. Price having applied for the guardianship of the person and property of Matthew Futch, minor child of Bridger Futch late of said county, deceased, notice is given that said application will be heard at my office on the first Monday in April next. This March 2nd, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, *Ordinary.*

FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

John C. Mock having in proper form applied to me for permanent letters of administration on the estate of J. M. Proctor, late of said county, this is therefore to cite all and singular the creditors and next of kin of Phoebe Proctor to be and appear at my office within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to John C. Mock on J. M. Proctor's estate.

Witness my hand and official signature, this 2nd day of Mar., 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

D. E. Gay having, in proper form, applied to me for permanent letters of administration on the estate of Phoebe Cowart late of said county, this is to cite all and singular the creditors and next of kin of Phoebe Cowart to be and appear at my office within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration should not be granted to D. E. Gay on Phoebe Cowart's estate. Witness my hand and official signature, this 1st day of Mar., 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

Lelia Lee having applied to the undersigned for appraisers to appraise and set aside a twelve months support out of the estate of Tenette Lee, her deceased husband, and appraisers having been appointed for that purpose and having made their report, notice is hereby given that said return will be made the judgment of this court on the first Monday in April next, unless cause is shown to the contrary. Mar. 2nd, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

APPLICATION FOR GUARDIANSHIP.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

Mrs. Margaret E. Mikell having applied for guardianship of the persons and property of Perry Newsome, Nellie Newsome, minor children of Mrs. W. J. Wolker, late of said county, deceased, notice is given that said application will be heard at my office on the first Monday in April next. This March 2nd, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, *Ordinary.*

For a Year's Support.

GEORGIA—Bulloch County.

To all whom it may concern:

Mrs. Susan Slater having applied to the undersigned for appraisers to appraise and set aside a twelve months support out of the estate of John G. Slater, her deceased husband, and appraisers having been appointed for that purpose and having made their report, notice is hereby given that said return will be made the judgment of this court on the first Monday in April next, unless cause is shown to the contrary. This March 1st, 1897.

C. S. MARTIN, Ordinary.

Bridge Notice.

Will be let to the lowest bidder at Statesboro, on the first Tuesday in April next, the building of a bridge across Lott's Creek on G. T. Doloach's mill, in the Tenth District, according to the following specifications, to wit:

Bridge to be 87 feet long; bridge over the mill race to be 45 feet long, 8 posts at beginning on east side, 3 in center, and 4 at opposite side, making two sills of 22½ feet in length. Posts to be 10x10 and self driven. Capsills to be 10x12; stringers to be 3x12, 24 feet long, 6 to the mark. Planking to be 3½ inches thick, of chartered lumber, 14 feet long. From range to range to be 12 feet long; same as the bridge over the mill race; floor to be 12 feet wide; hand rails to be 2½ inches in diameter; posts to be 4 inches square; hand rail level on the top of the posts. Bridge to be nailed down with not less than twelve penny nails. Bridge to be well and substantially built. Also, the right to be of good lumber pine or cypress, and work to be done in workmanlike manner. The contractor will be required to give good with two solvent sureties to the satisfaction of the ordinary, and independent the county against any loss or a suit for damages, that may accrue to the county on account of said bridge, when built. Bridge to be completed by the first day of Dec., 1897. Contractor will be required to keep said bridge, when built, and in good repair for one year, and will be given 45 days to do said work. This March 10th, 1897.

Ordinary Bulloch County, Ga.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1897, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: One tract or parcel of land lying in said county, 40th District, G. M., bounded on the north by Cypress creek, on the east by lands of W. H. U. Newton, on the south by lands of N. Guy, and on the west by lands of G. W. Newton, containing five hundred and sixty-six acres more or less. Said land levied on as the property of Mrs. R. A. Johnson to satisfy one fi fa in favor of the justices court of the 40th District, G. M., and also to satisfy one fi fa issued by the justices court of said county in favor of R. L. Lane against the said Mrs. R. A. Johnson. Written notice given defendant in fi fa, as required by law. This Mar. 11, 1897.

J. H. DONALDSON, Sheriff.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1897, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described property, to-wit: One tract or parcel of land lying in said county and state aforesaid, and in the 1340th Dist. G. M., containing two hundred and forty-six acres more or less, bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Allen Lee, on the east by lands of J. J. Kicklighter, on the south and west by lands of C. W. Zetterower. Said one-third undivided interest being levied on as the property in for of A. E. Kicklighter to satisfy a mortgage execution in favor of the justices court of the 1340th District G. M., in favor of A. D. Sowell against said A. E. Kicklighter. Legal notice given defendant in fi fa. This Mar. 11, 1897.

J. H. DONALDSON, Sheriff.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1897, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: One hundred and twenty-five (125) acres more or less, bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Allen Lee, on the east by lands of J. J. Kicklighter, and on the south and west by lands of C. W. Zetterower. Said one-third undivided interest being levied on as the property in for of A. E. Kicklighter to satisfy a mortgage execution in favor of the justices court of the 1340th District G. M., in favor of A. D. Sowell against said A. E. Kicklighter. Legal notice given defendant in fi fa. This Mar. 11, 1897.

J. H. DONALDSON, Sheriff.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1897, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: One hundred and twenty-five acres more or less, bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Joseph Hall, on the east by Bolloch Bay, on the south by lands of W. B. Rushes, and on the west by lands of J. M. Moore. Said land levied on as the property of J. W. Johnson to satisfy two fi fas issued in favor of the Star Manufacturing Co. and one in favor of Dr. A. P. Boyle. Levy made by C. B. DeLoach, constable of the 1340th District, and returned over to me for advertisement and sale. This March 11th, 1897.

J. H. DONALDSON, Sheriff.

Bulloch Sheriff's Sales.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1897, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: One tract or parcel of land lying in said county and state aforesaid, and in the 1040th Dist. G. M., containing one hundred and forty acres more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Jesse Brannen, on the east by lands of Dan Bale, on the south by lands of Bob Bale, and on the west by lands of J. B. Brunson and J. S. C. Groover. Said land levied on as the property of J. J. Groover to satisfy a justice court fi fa issued from the justices court of 1040th Dist. G. M. in favor of G. J. Alderman against J. J. Groover. Written notice given defendant in levy. This March 11, 1897.

J. H. DONALDSON, Sheriff.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April, 1897, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: One tract or parcel of land lying in the 1340th District G. M., containing two hundred and thirty three acres more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of R. Simmons and Alderman lands, east by lands of W. E. Moore and W. B. Lee, south by lands of S. P. Miller and J. V. Rowe, and west by lands of W. R. Rowe. Said land levied on as the property of T. R. Moore, to satisfy one fi fa issued from the justices court of Bryan county, Ga., in favor of Gustave Schmies & Co. against said T. R. Moore. Written notice given defendant in fi fa. This 9th day of March, 1897.

J. H. DONALDSON, Sheriff.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RY CO.

Excursion tickets at reduced rates between local points on sale

On Saturdays, and until 6 p. m. Sundays, good returning until Monday noon following date of sale.

Persons contemplating a business or pleasure trip over the East should investigate and consider the advantages offered via Savannah and Steamer lines. The rates generally are considerably cheaper by this route, and, in addition to this, passengers save sleeping car fare, and the expense of meals and lodging.

We take pleasure in commending to the traveling public the route referred to, namely: via Central of Georgia Railway to Savannah, thence via the elegant Steamers of the Ocean Steamship Company to New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and the Merchants and Miners line to Baltimore.

The comfort of the traveling public is looked after in a manner that defies criticism.

Sea-spray baths, electric lights, newly carpeted and handsomely furnished staterooms; modern sanitary arrangements—all the luxury and comforts of a modern hotel while on board ship, affording every opportunity for rest, recreation or pleasure.

First-class tickets include meals and berth on ship.

The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of Eastern and Southern markets.

For information as to rates and sailing dates of steamers and for berth reservations, apply to nearest ticket agent of this company, or to

J. C. HAILE, Gen. Passenger Agt.,
Savannah, Ga.

OFFICE OF

G. J. DAVIS,

Gunsmith, Bicycle and Sewing Machine

REPAIRER.

Statesboro, Ga., Jan. 13th, 1897.

To my Friends and Patrons:

I have my new shop completed and thoroughly equipped with a fine set of tools and material for repairing Guns, Pistols, Sewing Machines, Bicycles, etc.

When you need anything done in my line, please give me a trial and I will guarantee satisfaction.

You will find me on South Main Street in Statesboro. If you can't find me when you come to town, ask any of the merchants, and they will show you my place.

Very respectfully,

G. J. DAVIS.

THE TOWN AND COUNTY.

What Our Reporters See, Hear and Think—A Little of Everything.

100 bushels hand-picked seed peanuts at J. W. Fordham's.

Pres. Fleming, of the D. & S., was down on a business trip this week.

A nice line of crockery, with prices to suit you, at the Racket Store.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smith are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter in their family this week.

Call on J. W. Wilson, Statesboro, for Gordon's "A & C" cotton seed, which are the best.

The weather has been so warm for the last few days that ice cream parlors will shortly be in order.

Don't forget that the Racket Store is headquarters for stationary at rock bottom prices.

Miss Annie Howard, who has been stopping with the family of Mr. B. F. Olliff for several weeks, returned to her home in Screven today.

Silks of all kinds in all the latest styles and colors at prices that will certainly please all. J. G. BLITCH.

The weather prophets are not agreed as to wheather or not spring has opened up for business, but the general opinion is that winter is past and that garden truck is safe.

Almost time to plant cotton! Gordon's "A & C" seed for sale by J. W. Wilson, Statesboro.

Miss Sallie Smith, an expert dress maker from Augusta, and Mrs. Priscilla Grimes, of Cilto, have taken rooms at Prof. McGregor's, and bid for a trial in their line of work.

Remember the Racket Store carries a nice line of dry goods, notions and shoes at lowest prices.

It is proposed to make the Primitive church the finest house of worship in town, an extra fine grade of wall paper having been ordered with which to finish up the interior.

Laces, embroidery, lines, white goods, lawns, etc., in beautiful styles and at lowest prices. J. G. BLITCH.

We call attention to the advertisement of W. D. Davis' machine shop in this issue. Mr. Davis is well known as a skilled mechanic, and will continue to give satisfaction in this line.

J. W. Olliff & Co. sell the famous "Royal Owl" flour, which is without doubt the best flour this market has ever seen.

The friends of Mr. Chas. Proctorius are glad to see the old gentleman so nearly recovered from his recent serious illness as to be able to visit relatives in town during the week.

Yard wide percals best quality 10¢; organdy and dimity in beautiful patterns, cut and well made, and, in addition to this, passengers save sleeping car fare, and the expense of meals and lodging.

We take pleasure in commending to the traveling public the route referred to, namely: via Central of Georgia Railway to Savannah, thence via the elegant Steamers of the Ocean Steamship Company to New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and the Merchants and Miners line to Baltimore.

The comfort of the traveling public is looked after in a manner that defies criticism.

Sea-spray baths, electric lights, newly carpeted and handsomely furnished staterooms; modern sanitary arrangements—all the luxury and comforts of a modern hotel while on board ship, affording every opportunity for rest, recreation or pleasure.

First-class tickets include meals and berth on ship.

The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of Eastern and Southern markets.

For information as to rates and sailing dates of steamers and for berth reservations, apply to nearest ticket agent of this company, or to

J. C. HAILE, Gen. Passenger Agt.,
Savannah, Ga.

Having spent two weeks in New York and the Eastern markets buying my spring goods, I am prepared to show the largest, prettiest, best and cheapest stock of staple and fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Millinery, etc., that has ever been shown in this country, and I respectfully invite your inspection, knowing it will lead to business. J. G. BLITCH.

See the big new advertisement of the Statesboro Tailoring Co. in this issue. This is a new enterprise which Statesboro and Bulloch county have been very much in need of, and it is hoped that it will be given sufficient patronage to keep it with us.

We sell best quality of calicoes and good ginghams at 5¢, and many other things we have that will certainly interest you. J. G. BLITCH.

Read all of Blitch's specials in this column, and then give him a call. He is certainly ready for Easter and the spring trade with one of the finest assortments of dress goods, trimmings, etc., that has ever been displayed in this town.

In view of the anticipated rush at our store within the next two weeks, we advise you to call early and make your purchases before the rush. J. W. Olliff & Co.

THE TIMES has been unavoidably delayed this week, partly on account of the disability of its chief typo, as well as on account of a big rush of job work. The job work has turned out just ten thousand road commissioners and three thousand receipts, which contributed to our delay.

It will pay country merchants to see my stock, for I have picked up many things under their value that I can sell below Savannah prices. J. G. BLITCH.

Wm. Carter, familiarly known among the colored folks as "Dude," was arrested Tuesday night on a charge of carraying concealed weapons, was tried the same night after dark and sentenced to six months in the chaingang. He was sent off Wednesday and within twenty-four hours after his arrest was already serving his sentence. Justice is not slow in Bulloch.

We sell shoes that keep their fit and shape until worn out. We carry the best line of ladies' shoes in town, and appreciate your trade. J. W. Olliff & Co.

One of the musical prodigies of the day is a six-year-old youngster from the Nellwood settlement, who has appeared in Statesboro a couple of times during the week. He carries his banjo with him, and readily yields to solicitations to play, and he can play almost any piece his hearers call for. His name is Gilsson, and he is remarkably skilled for one so young.

I have bought a large quantity of remnants of goods that are best quality and yard wide, to sell at 7½¢ yard, also lawns that are worth 15 to 25¢, our price 8 to 10½¢. J. G. BLITCH.

The supreme court has at last reached the Statesboro special tax case, and decided with Judge Gamble that the tax was unconstitutional. Consequently the marshal is now making the round collecting from those affected by the ordinance who had delayed paying until the decision was settled. The present council, as stated some weeks ago, has decided to repeal the ordinance from this date, and is only collecting for a fraction of the year—from the time of the enactment of the ordinance until the present date.

Others may blow about their cut prices, and may quote you prices on some inferior goods that are below our prices on good goods, but when the people want standard goods at way below standard prices, they always know where to go—to J. W. Olliff & Co's.

Considerable interest is felt here in the revival of the talk of the Brooklet & Opera railroad being again taken up and put through. It is said that the Central road has taken up this old line, which will shorten the distance between Atlanta and Savannah about fifty miles, that work has already been commenced, and that the road is assured. The proposed line would miss Statesboro about eight miles, and the speculation is as to what effect it would have upon the town.

[NOTE—The trains are now running over the road yet.]

Miss Amanda Tilton, of Baltimore, assisted by Mrs. S. A. Wilson, will have charge of my millinery department the coming season, and we are going to excel anything that has ever been shown here, and our prices will be reasonable. We ask you to wait till our opening and see. J. G. BLITCH.

Want to Come to Statesboro.

Effingham county school teachers are very anxious to join Bulloch's teachers in their institute this spring. Judging from a letter received by Commissioner Hagins a few days ago, they are almost tumbling over each other in their endeavors to get here.

The letter in reference to the matter says that they will be pleased to come in a body if the Bulloch teachers will only be so kind as to see that they are entertained free of charge during the week. That's liberal! They might have charged a dollar a day for their time; and it would not have been entirely out of reason for them to have demanded ten cents mileage each way.

Bulloch county and Statesboro would be glad to have the body here this summer, and might have had a little surprise in store for the teachers in the way of free entertainment, but they don't take very readily to the idea of hiring them to come.

Easter will soon be here and you want an Easter dress. We have the latest novelties in spring dress goods direct from the eastern markets. J. W. Olliff & Co.

Beef Cattle Wanted.

I will pay market prices for live beef cattle if in good condition. Bring them along, or come and see me. J. F. DANIELS, Statesboro.

Could Not Try Her.

Just before going to press this (Friday) evening, the Ordinary had before him the most pronounced case of insanity we have ever seen. The subject is a Mrs. Dubois, who was brought up this morning from the Bay District by constable Donaldson. A large crowd has been attracted to the court house by her idiotic capers, and all are agreed that she is far crazier than the proverbial bed-bug. She is never still for a minute, but is constantly wriggling in her chair, swinging her hands and making the most hideous faces and spitting the while; or she is prancing up and down the floor as a young girl dancing, peering idiotically at any person who moves or speaks, and occasionally passing a threatening lick at any body who happens to be in reach.

The woman is a new-comer in the county, having moved up from Savannah about three months ago. The husband is now confined to his bed with severe illness, and as there were no other relatives who could testify in the case, the Ordinary could not legally go into a trial. Constable Donaldson will therefore keep her in custody until the necessary papers can be prepared. She is now in jail.

The woman is understood to have been slightly unbalanced for some weeks, but was taken suddenly worse Monday, since which time she has been raving as today.

We are now in our new building with a full and complete line of Buggies, Wagons, Harness, Furniture and Stoves, and are prepared to make the very lowest possible prices. J. W. Olliff & Co.

Strayed,

some time during the fall, one dun-colored steer, 3 years old, marked crop, half-crop, upper-bit in one ear; upper and under slope in the other. Thought to be in Laston settlement. A. Morris, Statesboro.

He Got the Boy.

An interesting habeas corpus (usually pronounced "hopus copus") case was tried before Judge Brannen Wednesday morning, being a suit between Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Piner for the possession of their seven-year-old boy. The Judge found the case a difficult one to decide, but finally gave the boy to the father as the lesser of two evils.

Piner will be remembered as the man who was said to have been shot by R. W. Deloach in the upper part of the county about two and a half years ago. Since that time he and his wife have been separated, he having spent most of the time at his old home in North Carolina. The boy for whose possession this suit was brought has been with its mother, who has supported it without assistance from the father.

Piner decided some weeks ago to get a divorce from his wife, but found that it would be difficult to do so unless he had the custody of one of the children, so he took a trip down here for the boy. He reached here Monday night with the intention of stealing him, but Tuesday decided to change his tactics, and employed Messers. Brannen and Moore to help him out, to which end the habeas corpus suit was brought.

Mrs. Piner has been living in Statesboro for several weeks, and was sending the little boy to school. It was while on his way from school Tuesday evening that the sheriff took him in custody.

Col. Shockley represented the mother, and made a strong plea in behalf of her right to keep her son, but the other side seemed to have a little the best of the argument, and they got the boy.

In dress goods we have an unusually large variety for spring. Silk and wool novelties in patterns, suitings, brilliantines, grenadines, Henriettas in all colors, brocaded satins and silks, etc., can suit any one, and you will certainly be pleased at the low prices. J. G. BLITCH.

It Will Pay to Remember,

when in need of anything in our line—Furniture, Buggies, Saddlery, Harness, Stoves, Fancy Supplies, and Hay and Grain—that we will supply you at the very lowest prices and on favorable terms.

SIMMONS & PRETORIUS.

Blood and Nerves are very closely related. Keep the blood rich, pure and healthy with Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will have no trouble from nervousness. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

Few Appreciate the DANGER

to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial. All effort should be made to smooth these rugged places in life's pathway for her.

"Mother's Friend"

allays Nervousness, and so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without such violent protest in the way of Nausea, Headache, Etc. Gloomy forebodings, yield to cheerful and hopeful anticipation—the pases through the ordeal quickly and without pain—is left strong and vigorous and able to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her. Safety to life of both is assured by the use of "Mother's Friend," and the time of recovery shortened.

"I know one lady, the mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, who obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' of me before her confinement, and was relieved and delighted. All concurred that she suffered far shorter and less painful." John G. Foshee, Macon, Ga.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

We regret that some interesting communications have been crowded out.

MAXCY E. GRIMES,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

DEALER IN

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, etc. A full and neat Supply Constantly on hand. Special attention given to repairing fine watches and fitting the eyes

Jewelry Name

Written up in Gold Wire.
Gold Jewelry made to order. Orders by mail promptly attended to.
All orders to M. E. GRIMES,
Statesboro, Ga

LUMBER AND SHINGLES.

Having just added a Bolting Machine to my Shingle Mill, I desire to state that there can hereafter be no fault found with my shingles. They will be all ganged to standard widths, and will be as good as anybody's and at the very lowest possible prices.

I am also prepared to furnish all kinds of DRESSED LUMBER, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, SCROLL AND TURNED WORK, as low as the lowest. Patronize Home Industry, and give me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

D. P. AVERITT,
Statesboro, Ga.

RACKET STORE.

We have stepped to the front in all our lines of business which are many in prices. We have no time to wait and but a short while to tell you of our many bargains. Receiving goods daily until our house is burdened for room, and yet they come!

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BULLOCH TIMES.

STATESBORO, GA., THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1897. | VOL. V. NO. 44. | BY DAVID B. TURNER.

A Good Choice.

Dashaway—Hello, Uncle Jasper; I haven't seen you for a long time.

Uncle Jasper—No, sah. De fac' is, I'so so shabby dat I kinder hate t' 'pear 'fore 'spectable folks.

Dashaway—Well, now, uncle, if I should offer you the choice between a good glass of whisky and a pair of trousers I've got upstairs, which would you take?

Uncle Jasper (scratching his head)—Well, boss, dat's a powerful hard nut to crack. But 'spose' if I had dat glass o' whisky firs', I'd be dat good I could educate yo' inter givin' me dat pair o' pants, sah.—Harlem Life.

Over the Precipice

Hosts of invalids resort to constipation simply because they will exercise no discretion in the matter of eating, drinking and the accidents of exciting causes, and, above all, in the item of medication. They persist in doing themselves in season and out of season with drastic and violent remedies, cathartic and mineral poisons. The best, the safest, the pleasantest and most effectual laxative is Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters, potent for malaria, rheumatic, dyspeptic, nervous and bilious complaints.

California airships are principally newspapers.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco? Have nerve, strength, health and manhood. Cure guaranteed. 50 cents and $1.00, at all druggists.

A big salary does not always presuppose a big man.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the Only True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Illegal.

The Court—What is your age, madam?

The Plaintiff—Must I answer?

The Court—You must.

The Plaintiff—Why, judge, I thought people didn't have to testify against themselves.—Green Bag.

Just As Good As Dead.

An Atchison, Kansas, man who was killed in a duel, came down town and told the Globe that he was very much alive. The Globe made the correction, but added that he was just as good as dead, as he had two cancers.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

It Made Him Stutter.

First Deaf Mute (speaking to his finger signs)—What makes you stutter so?

Second Deaf Mute (speaking ditto) —I can't help it. I fell of my bicycle yesterday and sprained my first finger. Judge.

Something Similar.

"Last night I dreamed I was dead," said the drummer from Indianapolis.

"And the heat woke you up?" the drummer hastened to add.

"Pretty much the same thing as that."

A Wonderful Statement

From Mrs. McGillas to Mrs. Pinkham.

I think it my duty, dear Mrs. Pinkham, to tell you what your wonderful Compound has done for me.

I was dreadfully ill—the doctors said they could do me no more good, and I failed to do so.

I gave up in despair and took to my bed. I had dreadful pains in my heart, fainting-spells, sparks before my eyes—sometimes I would get so blind, I could not see for several minutes.

I took cold and very long without feeling sick and vomiting. I could not breathe a long breath without screaming, my heart pained so.

I also had female weakness, inflammation of ovaries, painful menstruation, displacement of the womb, itching of the external parts, and ulceration of the womb. I have had all these complaints.

The pains I had to stand were something dreadful. My husband told me to try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine, which I did, and after taking it for a little, was entirely cured. No other kind of medicine for me as long as you make Compound. I hope every woman who suffers will take your medicine and be cured.—Mrs. J. S. McGILLAS, 113 Kilburn avenue, Rockford, Ill.

MALSBY & COMPANY,

57 So. Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

General agents for Erie City Iron Works

Engines and Boilers

Steam Water Heaters, Steam Pumps and Penberthy Injectors.

SAW MILLS.

Grist Mills, Feed Mills, Corn Shellers, Cane Machinery and Grain Separators.

SOLID and SWEPT Boilers, New Teeth Lock, Knight's Patent Dogs, Birdsall Saw Mill and Engine Repairs Always Ready, Grain Rare and a full line of Mill Supplies. Price and quality of goods guaranteed. Catalogue free by mentioning this paper.

Don't Be Cut With a Knife.

We cure any case of Piles, without pain, by our PLASTER'S PAIN ONLY EXTRACT. Instant and permanent relief guaranteed. Send five 2 cent stamps for FULL package. Address Dept. H. New Spencer Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

"IT WILL NOT RUB OFF"

ALABASTINE

DURABLE AND BEAUTIFUL WALL COATING.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

THE GREEKS CALLED HOME.

AN URGENT MESSAGE RECEIVED FROM KING GEORGE.

GREECE REPLIES TO ULTIMATUM.

He Declares That the Evacuation of Crete Is Impossible Because Peace Remains Seriously Disturbed.

A cable dispatch was received by D. N. Botassi, the Greek consul general in New York Saturday morning from M. Skouses, the minister of foreign affairs, saying that Greece has called out the reserves of the classes of 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872 and 1873 and ordered them to join their respective regiments at once.

The consul is instructed to give immediate information to all of the consuls of Greece in the United States and expects them to do their duty.

All of the Greek citizens of New York and other cities will be notified of this order. There are 20,000 Greeks in this country, of whom one-fourth are subject to conscription.

Failure to obey this mandate carries punishment of two years' imprisonment and a fine.

Reply to Ultimatum.

A dispatch to the Central News (London) from Athens gives a summary of the reply to the ultimatum of the powers which Greece will hand to the diplomats when the time expires in which a reply can be made.

It will recall that Greece in 1896, in deference to the wish of the powers, used her influence with the Cretans to induce them to accept reforms offered by Turkey.

It will point out that the continued unsettled state of the island is proof of the futility of the measures of reform.

With regard to the autonomy of the island the reply will state that it is for the Cretans to decide whether they will accept it or not.

It will declare that the evacuation of Crete by Greece is impossible because peace, to restore which Greek troops and warships were sent to the island, remains seriously disturbed.

There is no doubt that Europe is badly frightened. The present war scare is the worst she has experienced since twenty-five years ago. Every country fears it is about to be dragged into a conflict which will stain the sea and bathe the continent in blood. Everywhere, except in Greece, the prospect is looked upon with dread, if not horror, and both public and official minds are willing to make great sacrifices in order to escape the threatened calamity.

Such is admittedly the situation at the present moment, and it cannot fail to impress allen observers as one of vast absurdity.

RECEIVER REFUSED.

But an Injunction Is Granted in the A. & W. P. Railroad Case.

Judge Lumpkin of the superior court at Atlanta has decided the Atlanta and West Point railroad case by refusing the petition for a receiver, and granting an injunction to prevent the Atlanta and West Point Railroad company and the other defendant corporations from entering into effect the provisions of the new charter by which the company was authorized to borrow money or encumber its property.

The order also enjoins them from carrying into effect any of the other changes proposed by the new charter, and it is decreed that the status of the company shall not be changed until a final decision is had, or until the further order of the court.

This is not a complete victory for either side.

PRESIDENT CALLS EXTRA SESSION

No Definite Reasons Are Given Why It Should Be Held.

President McKinley's call for an extra session of congress, which was issued Saturday is much commented upon, and its wording is being generally analyzed and criticised.

President McKinley simply states that the purpose of the call is "to receive such communications as may be made by the executive." The call reads as follows:

"By the President of the United States of America: The proclamation.

"Whereas, Public interests require that the congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock on the 15th day of March, 1897, to receive such communication as may be made by the executive:

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the congress of the United States to convene in extra session in the capitol, in the city of Washington, on the 15th day of March, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof, are hereby required to take notice.

"Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington, the 6th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-first.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

"By the President, John Sherman, Secretary of State."

CABINET SWORN IN.

All the Members of the Official Family Take the Oath.

All the members of the cabinet, with the exception of Mr. Lyman J. Gage, took the oath of office at the white house at 11:30 o'clock Saturday. It was a simple, but impressive ceremony. All the members of the new cabinet except Mr. Gage had assembled for the ceremony in the president's office.

Chief Justice Fuller and the justices of the supreme court were assembled in the Blue room. The president and his advisers greeted the justices and the formalities of administering the oath were begun at once.

Mr. Sherman, being the head of the new cabinet, took the oath first, the chief justice administering it while the venerable statesman held up his right hand and repeated the constitutional obligation. Then followed the other cabinet officers in the order of their rank. Justice Gray, of Massachusetts, administered the oath to John D. Long, the secretary of the navy, and also a citizen of the old Bay state. For the same reason of locality Justice Brown, formerly of Michigan, administered the oath to Gen. Alger as secretary of war. All the other oaths were administered by the chief justice.

The new cabinet then separated with the formalities of a cabinet meeting.

Mr. Lyman J. Gage, of Chicago, took the oath of office in the secretary's office in the treasury department at noon. Chief Justice Fuller, of the supreme court, another Chicagoan, administered the oath in the presence of a distinguished company, which included the president and Mrs. Harrison, Mr. Gage, part of the Illinois delegation in congress and the principal officials of the treasury.

NOMINATIONS WHICH FAILED.

Some Important Positions Given By Cleveland Which Were Not Filled.

The following is the list of nominations which failed of confirmation in the senate during the second session of the fifty-fourth congress:

Judges—Ninth circuit, James L. Wolcott; North Carolina William Clark.

Attorneys of the United States—Middle district of Alabama, George F. Moore; District of Maryland, William A. Maulsby.

Register of the land office—Cookston, Minn., Joseph Smith.

Foreign agents—Portugal, Levi Griffin, Consul of the United States—Munich, J. Leonard Corning.

Marshal—Southern district of the District of Columbia—W. P. Sands. Also many postmasters.

Gov. Lord Appoints a Senator.

Governor Lord, of Oregon, has appointed ex-Senator J. H. Mitchell United States senator, to fill the vacancy caused by the failure of the legislature to elect at the regular session. Mr. Corbett represented Oregon in the United States senate from 1866 to 1873.

ENGLISH PAPER ON MESSAGE.

The London Chronicle Expresses Its Opinion of the Document.

The Chronicle says regarding President McKinley's message: "It is a very safe utterance and will doubtless commend its author to the good opinion of the American public. It will also confirm the estimates of other countries that he is a very prudent man, and has opinions on specific matters of his own. The tone throughout is good and the reference to arbitration is satisfactory to notice that he promptly assumes moral and political responsibility for the arbitration treaty. It is well we could believe the declaration against trusts was more genuine than we fear it is."

WALLING APPEALS FOR MERCY.

Jackson's Accomplice Writes to Governor Atkinson.

From the jail in Alexandria, Ky., Alonzo Walling, under sentence of death for complicity in the murder of Pearl Bryan, has sent to Governor Bradley an appeal for mercy.

Walling has all along expected Jackson to confess and clear him, but the statement not being forthcoming, he gave up hope and appealed to the only power that can save his life.

CARLISLE AS GENERAL COUNSEL.

Report That He Will Be Given a Good Berth By Pullman.

It is reported at Washington that ex-Secretary Carlisle will be general counsel of the Pullman company at a salary of $25,000 a year.

Nytro-Glycerine Kills Two.

A nitro-glycerine explosion occurred on Albert Pike's farm at Orchard Park, N. Y., Friday. Pike was instantly killed and a laborer from Bradford, Pa., name unknown, was blown to pieces. The building in which the nitro-glycerine was stored was completely wrecked.

A MESSAGE TO SENATE.

President McKinley Sends Communication to Upper House.

He sends assembled at noon Monday and as soon as Friday's journal was read a message in writing from the president of the United States was presented by Mr. Pruden, one of his secretaries—the same gentleman who has been performing like duties under successive presidents for many years.

Among the papers presented by senators were memorials of the legislature of New Mexico, asking for certain mining legislation by congress, and of the legislature of Montana, in favor of the election of United States senators by the people, and of placing the Union Pacific railroad system in the hands and in the control of the government. Also, by the vice president, a memorial from the New York chamber of commerce, favoring the ratification of the arbitration treaty, and a protest against the same.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of executive business, and at 1 o'clock adjourned until Wednesday.

The message from the president conveyed the nomination of Oscar A. Jones to be pension agent at Detroit, the only nomination of the day. It was confirmed in executive session.

MUST PAY OWN PASSAGE.

Greek Volunteers In This Country Will Go Home at Their Own Expense.

Mr. Botassi, the Greek consul general at New York, has received over 100 telegrams and 500 letters from Greeks all over the country volunteering to go to Greece. The consul general said that most of the writers coupled their desire to go home with the condition that their passage be paid.

He had received notice from his government that all Greeks who wished to go home to fight will have to pay their own passage, as the government has made no provision for such expenditure.

BRITONS IN CHAINGANG.

They Desert a Ship and Are Arrested as Tramps in Columbia, S. C.

At Columbia, S. C., Monday two British subjects were put to work for fifteen days on the city chaingang.

They are Arthur McDonald and Harry Moffett, each eighteen years old. They shipped from Swansea, England, on the bark Ebba, in ballast. The ship, they say, leaked, and when they reached Sapelo island, Georgia, they considered her dangerous and skipped.

They were making for the British consul at Newport News, they say, to reship, but were roped in with other tramps at Columbia on the charge of vagrancy and sentenced to the chaingang.

NEGRO AND WHITE GIRL ELOPE.

Jordan Baines's Daughter and Hired Hand Ship Out Together.

Much excitement exists in Pickens county, Ala., over an elopement of a negro and a white girl. A story comes from Kennedy, that Jordan Baines, living nine miles from there, missed his eighteen-year-old daughter, Lona, last Sunday morning.

It was discovered that Andy Beard, a twenty-two-year-old negro, working for Baines, was also gone, and suspicion was aroused that the two had eloped. A posse was at once formed to hunt for the pair.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Secretary Carlisle has made no definite plans for the future. He will remain in Washington for some time yet.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a first dividend of 10 per cent to the creditors of the American National bank of New Orleans.

Colonel Joe Leffel, the famous midget, is a candidate for mayor of Springfield, O. He is but three feet ten inches tall and weighs but sixty pounds.

In the English house of lords Monday Lord Templeton moved the second reading of the bill to permit women to exercise the franchise in parliamentary elections.

The navy department will, in all probability, advertise for armor for the battleships Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin, upon which congress placed a limit of $300 per ton.

President Herman, of the Cincinnati board of administration, after careful investigation, places the loss in the city from the recent high water at $500,000.

Ex-United States Senator J. N. Dolph, of Oregon, is lying at the point of death at Portland. His top was amputated on accounts of an old wound and gangrene developed.

News comes from Jacksonville, Fla., that the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, Captain Pillsbury, will go down the river and out to sea, where she will practice with her three large dynamite guns.

The final formality in connection with the indictment into office of Attorney General McKenna was observed in the supreme court of the United States Monday. The brief ceremony was witnessed by a large crowd of spectators.

The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints and treasury offices for the week ending March 6th was 515,529, and for the corresponding period last year was 361,028. The shipments of fractional silver coin from March 1st to 6th aggregated $145,890.

The committee of the international peace league will send an address to the powers and also to Greece and Turkey, through the respective diplomats at Berne, Switzerland, proposing to solve the crisis by a plebiscite of the Cretans.

Troops Hurrying to Thessaly.

The feverish activity which has characterized the movements of the military and naval authorities at Athens, Greece, for several days past continues unabated. Preparations to dispatch troops and munitions of war to Thessaly are being hurried forward with all possible haste.

Secretary Sherman has signed extradition papers, applied for by Sir Julian Pauncefote authorizing the delivery of Lee Waller," better known as Frank Butler, now held at San Francisco, to the Australian authorities.

Not on the Map.

In a certain New England town there once lived a wealthy but illiterate man, who owned many sailing vessels and followed their course over the seas by the aid of an enormous atlas. A neighbor who stopped on one occasion to see him on a matter of business, was ushered into the library, where he found the ship owner, with his spectacles astride his nose, pouring over the atlas, which was spread open on the table before him.

"I'm glad you've come in," said he, rising to grasp his guest's hand cordially, "for there's a little point you may be able to help me about. I've just had a letter from one of my captains, and he tells me that he's been in a fearful storm and didn't know but his vessel would go to pieces.

"He's a well-educated man, and he uses first-rate language," said the ship owner, proudly; "I'll just read you out the passage from his letter that puzzles me. He says, 'The waves vose like mountains, and the storm raged about us, while nothing but the vivid lightning broke the pitchy gloom. But although she strained and groaned to be our portion, we were saved, driven before the wind and put into great jeopardy, but safe at last.' Now, you tell me, what I want to know is," said the ship owner, as he refolded the sheet from which he had read the precious extract, and placed it carefully in his vest pocket, "what I want to know is, Where is Great Jeopardy? I know it's somewhere on the Mediterranean sea, but I can't find it in this pesky map, anywhere!"—Youth's Companion.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

No woman can love a cat and a man at the same time.

You can generally judge a woman by the kind of lace she likes best.

It is generally when a man is most prosperous that he treats his family the worst.

In the unhappiest homes the cook book has as much dust on it as the family Bible.

If women were angels they would always be worried for fear the men would miss their farthers all up.

When a church choir sings an anthem it always reminds you of when you were little and used to race to see which could get through saying the prayers first.—New York Press.

Query of the Times.

The lover was enthusiastic.

"She has posterity in her eyes," he exclaimed.

"Yes?" returned the cynic, tantalizingly.

"She has roses in her cheeks," persisted the lover.

"Yes," returned the cynic again.

"She has music in her voice," asserted the lover defiantly.

"And what has she in the bank?" queried the cynic.—Chicago Post.

SIX WEEKS WITHOUT SLEEP.

A STRANGE EXPERIENCE RELATED BY MRS. MORRIS GAFFIN.

She Was in Torture for Weeks—Excruciating Pains Made Her Life a Burden—All Rest Over and Sleepless.

From the New Era, McMinnville, Tenn.

Three miles southeast of the lovely little city of McMinnville, Tennessee, nestling at the foot of the beautiful and grand "Ben Lomond" mountain, are many pretty and comfortable farmhouses, set in fertile fields and shaded by grand and majestic forest trees.

In this lonelily Mrs. Morris Gaffin lives, with her sons, in comfort and contentment. Understanding that Mrs. Gaffin had been severely troubled by "the blues," a New Era reporter called at her home to learn the purpose in view a visit was made to the home of Mrs. Gaffin, and decidedly was found one of those pleasant little women whom one meets with, now and then, in the commonplace occurring changes in life. She owes the reporter a cordial welcome, and was evidently the object of the unexpected call, she bright-ly exclaimed: "Well, I know of no reason why I should object to an interview if the reports in such cases are true. I am personally indebted to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and if my testimony can be the means of helping some one else who suffers as I suffered, I very gladly tell my story.

"A year ago last October I caught a severe cold which settled in my kidneys, and I was sick, causing me a great deal of suffering. I had pleurisy and my kidneys became so inflamed very little relief until the January following. I did not get well entirely and suffered much. In stooping a terrible sharp stitch would take me in the small of the back, and in a few seconds had branched down my left side, extending down my leg. I had to call my son to assist me into the house, for I feel that to lift the pain was about too bearable. For six week I had no restful sleep. During that time I used all the remedies and many new ones, even going to Chicago for medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was all bent over and broken up in my general appearance, and all, and oh! how I did suffer!

"Finally, one day, I just put my one when he started to town, to bring me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I had read about, thinking she and they might do me some good. He brought the box and I at once began to use them according to directions, and I began to improve from the first. I took three fourth of a box of pills, and when I had finished the box I was entirely relieved, and could walk about as never so ever. But I went to another box, just to be sure, and I was well and I have been ever since. Every morning when I awake I am thankful that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills came to my front. I thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the wonderful relief they brought me.

"Did you ever have the toothache?" she asked. "If you have, you will know something about the pain I had. It was nothing more or less than a dull, aching throb—it was an excruciating pain. I tried all kinds of remedies, but none seemed to do me any good. I was in torture for weeks, and I was sick, nervous, rheumatic, nervous headache, the after effects of a grippe, palpitation of the heart, and had a general feeling of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are the only medicine that will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 c-ns a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they never sold in bulk or by the 100.), by address-ing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally, in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A. No. 1 Asthma medicine.—Chas. H. Williams, Lansing, Ills., April 11, 1894.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A. No. 1 Cough medicine.—Chas. Gray, 1 Ave. B, New York City.

Pill Clothes.

The good pill has a good coat. The pill coat serves two purposes; it protects the pill, enabling it to retain all its remedial value, and it disguises the taste for the palate. Some pill coats are too soluble, dissolve too quickly in the stomach, and the pills they cover pass through the system as harmless as a bread pellet. Other coats are too light, and permit the speedy deterioration of the pill. After 30 years exposure, Ayer's Sugar Coated Pills have been found as effective as if just fresh from the laboratory. It's a good pill with a good coat. Ask your druggist for

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