

3-14-1913

Statesboro News

Notes

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Local News

Now is the time to buy seed peas while you can get them, and while the price is reasonable. We have a fine lot in stock and would be pleased to show them to you.

E. A. Smith Grain Co.

There was a small crowd out to attend the public sales on Tuesday. There was very little property that went on the block and that brought very low prices.

Full stock of Feed of all kinds, See us for prices.

E. A. Smith Grain Co.

Rev. P. A. Penick, a native missionary from Africa, delivered a lecture to the white people in one of the colored churches here Wednesday night. Quite a number went out to hear him.

Mr. W. Hoyt Atkins came up from Savannah this week and spent a few days with relatives and friends. Mr. Atkins is engaged in the carpenter's trade in Savannah.

Messrs. H. M. Robertson and Charlie Crumley were among those who came up from Brooklet during the week.

Mr. W. W. Coleman of Brooklet was a visitor to the city during the week.

The folks around here are not worrying very much about the effects of the Webb bill. They see a way still to get some benefit. They are worried more over Policeman Peak's efforts to collect dog taxes.

Miss Dollie Armstrong has returned to her home near Tenuille, after a pleasant visit with the family of Mr. T. R. Cox on College street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. G. Blitch of Blitchton spent the day in our town on Sunday, the day of Mr. and Mrs. Bedford Everett.

Miss Allie Donaldson has returned from a visit with friends at Lanier.

Mr. Eugene Wallace has returned from a trip to White Sulphur Springs where he went for the benefit of his health.

Miss Annie Johnston has returned home after visiting at Millen.

Mr. A. J. Wilson is preparing to rebuild on the same site on which his dwelling was burned some time ago. He will begin work on the building at once.

Dr. and Mrs. E. K. DeLoach have moved to Columbia, S. C., where they will make their future home. The doctor will go into business in the Carolina capital in the near future.

Mr. L. T. Denmark was among those who took in the National Capitol during the inauguration ceremonies. He is expected back the latter part of the week.

Rev. W. O. Darsey was carried back to Scarborough on Saturday, after a month's treatment in the Sanitarium here. His condition was still critical.

Messrs. B. C. and Linton McElveen have bought the stock of general merchandise from Mr. P. R. McElveen at Arcola and will open up the Arcola Supply Company. They expect to do a general supply business.

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We have had the finest spring weather for the past thirty days ever known in this section, even in the memory of the oldest inhabitants. Look out for a blizzard before the month is out!

The farmers met in the Court House on Monday and passed resolutions to reduce the sea island cotton acreage. This will be a signal for every farmer who thinks he is smart to put in a big crop because he thinks that his neighbor won't, and he will take advantage of the opportunity to export to see the biggest acreage of sea island cotton planted this year that we have had in ten years. These fellows are very shrewd; they jump at all opportunities to take advantage of what their neighbors are not doing. Look out for thirteen cents black seed cotton this fall!

As we enter the Lodge room, and turn to greet the Vice Grand Chancellor, we find he is absent. His seat is vacant. His regalia hangs idly on his chair, his gavel is lying on his table—but Brother Robbins is not there.

No more will we hear his cheerful voice as he performs the last duties of his station in the Lodge room. No more will we hear the sound of his gavel as the Lodge is closed, for he has gone to join his darling little babe that preceded him to Paradise by only five short weeks.

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REGISTER DOTS.

Register is hoping to have a new depot in the near future, two carloads of lumber having arrived.

Our school is making fair progress, as the attendance is unusually large.

Simon Williams has again returned to his work in Savannah after spending a few days of illness at his home.

Prof. Ramsey spent Saturday and Sunday in Oliver, visiting relatives.

Remember! Let us forget, and make a blunder and fail to see "Muldoon's Blunders," come to the school building Friday night, March 21st. If you can't laugh, don't come.

Our genial cashier, G. W. Shattles, is now wearing the proverbial "smile that won't come off." He is now the head of a household establishment at 999 1/2 Main street.

F. P. Register, Jr., is finishing up his business course at Douglass Business College, and is expected home the latter part of next week.

Mr. D. M. Rogers is the first to welcome the coming of spring by applying a new coat of paint to his residence on Main street.

Who departed this life, November 1, 1912, in the 28th year of his life.

Brother Robbins was born in Bulloch County, Ga., July 20, 1885. He was the eldest son of John B. and Elizabeth Robbins. They still survive him.

In his boyhood days he was a quiet and obedient boy, and was devoted to his parents.

At the age of sixteen he united with Macedonia Baptist Church, and was a loyal member and a model Christian, ever generous, to a fault, and devoted to the Church.

He was married May 20th, 1910, to Miss Juanetta Driggers, and during their short career of married life was a devoted husband.

In April, 1909, he joined Mill Ray Lodge I. O. O. F. and proved himself to be a devoted member and loyal Odd Fellow, ever found at his post of duty. Round by round he had climbed the official ladder of the Lodge until at the time of his death he had reached the round next to the top, having been elected to, and was serving his Lodge as Vice Grand Chancellor at the time of his death. But alas! it is always the sweetest flower that is plucked by the Gardener, and Brother Robbins was called to answer the summons from that grim monster, Death, and was forced to cross that dark river from whose brink no traveler ever returns.

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Millinery Opening!

We will have on display in due time a handsome line of
Spring Styles in Ladies' Hats and Millinery Goods

A visit from the ladies of Statesboro and vicinity will be appreciated.

Mrs. J. E. Bowen.

PROGRAMME
Union Meeting Bulloch County Association, to be held with Register Baptist Church, March 28-30, 1913.

Friday.
10:30—Opening Exercises, conducted by J. B. McKittick.
11:00—Sermon by Rev. T. J. Cobb.
Dinner.

Saturday.
1:30—Organization.
1:45—Subject, "How to Study the Bible."
Opening discussion by Rev. D. H. McDaniel.
2:30—"Why Should Christians Hold Their Church Membership?" Where "They Live?" Discussed by Rev. A. R. Richardson and others.
7:00—Sermon by Rev. A. R. Richardson.

Sunday.
10:00—Mass Meeting in the interest of the Sunday School work, in charge of the Associational Sunday School Committee, consisting of W. C. Parker, P. C. Higgins and W. M. Tandy.
11:00—Sermon. (Preacher to be named by meeting.)

OBITUARY.
In loving remembrance of J. L. Hollingsworth, who departed this life the first day of February, 1913. He was married to Macy Hodges the 24th day of April, 1911, making this stay on earth twenty-nine years, nine months, and seventeen days. He leaves to mourn his loss, father, mother, three sisters, two brothers, a wife and two children. Through his sickness he was never heard to murmur. He bore his suffering well. He never talked of dying. He would say, "When I get well, mama," and talk of what he wanted to do. Try to be reconciled to God, will, dear father. A precious one from us is gone. A voice we loved is still! A place is vacant in our hearts. Which never can be filled. God in his wisdom has recalled the bloom His love has given: Though Jasper's body slumbers here, his soul is safe in heaven. Jasper is gone, but not forgotten. Never shall his memory fade. Sweetest memories ever linger Around the grave where he was laid.

Saturday.
9:30—Devotional Exercises, MILLER—GALLEY TWO—Lewis conducted by Rev. L. N. Chappell.
10:00—Subject, "God's Ownership of the Christian." Discussion opened by Rev. J. F. Singleton.
10:30—Subject, "The Trio of Christian Virtues, Faith, Hope, and Charity." Discussion opened by W. H. Cone.
11:00—Sermon by Rev. J. F. Singleton.
Dinner.

Afternoon.
1:30—Subject, "The Spirit-Filled Life." Discussion opened by Rev. W. D. Horton.
2:15—Subject, "Should a Church Retain a Deacon

Who Fails to Discharge His Duty as a Deacon?" Discussion opened by A. M. Kitchens.
7:00—Sermon by Rev. W. D. Horton.

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THE STATESBORO NEWS.

\$1.00 Per Year

Statesboro, Georgia Friday, March 14, 1913

Vol 12 No. 17

WE'LL DO IT.

"My man trouble," said a farmer, "is in keeping track of what I take in and pay out." We presume this is true of a great many people, and we wish to offer this plan of overcoming the trouble. Deposit all your funds in the bank as fast as received, and make all expenditures by check. From the bank records you can always tell the source, amount and date of your income, and your checks show on their face the amount and reason for all expenditures. Your bank book is a record of all transactions, simple, complete and convenient. In other words, let the bank keep your books for you.

BANK OF STATESBORO,
Statesboro, Ga.

The friends of Mr. J. Austin Brannen were pleased to see him on our streets one day this week after an illness of several weeks.

Wednesday was the last day for filing for the April quarterly term of the City Court. It is noticeable that there is a decided falling off in the number of cases filed as the summer approaches.

Mrs. E. C. Oliver received a telegram on Wednesday announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Judge John H. Pitchford at Tallahassee, Fla., which occurred on Tuesday night.

Rev. H. M. Massey of Dalton has been visiting his many friends in Statesboro during the past few days.

BANK

The compliments of the Directors and Officers of this Bank are presented to you with the respectful request that you will avail yourself immediately of our services. We can help you. Come in and let us talk it over.

The way we treat our customers is one golden rule that has made this a success.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, STATESBORO, GA.

Capital, \$50,000 Surplus, \$14,000

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
J. W. Johnson, Jr., President
J. E. McDaniel, Cashier
W. W. Williams, Vice President
W. H. Williams, Vice President
J. E. McDaniel, Vice President
J. E. McDaniel, Vice President

MRS. H. S. BARR, JR., BADLY BURNED.

On Sunday morning, while sleeping in a chair in front of an open grate, Mrs. Henry S. Barr, Jr., was seriously burned.

Mr. Barr was on the outside of the house, and had left his wife asleep in the chair as described, she having suffered from a case of toothache the night before and lost sleep. He heard her screams and ran to her assistance, finding her prostrate on the floor with her clothing afire, having been ignited from the burning quilts, with which she had wrapped herself in the chair. He tore her clothing from her and thereby saved her life. She was badly burned on her arms and body. While her condition is painful, it is thought that the burns will not prove fatal.

BONDS ARE SOLD.

The recent issue of fifty-four thousand dollars of sewerage bonds recently authorized has been sold to a Chicago concern, the price of the same being fifty-four thousand and seventy-five dollars above par, for the entire block. The bonds will be delivered in a short time when active work will be started in the pushing of the sewerage work.

Mr. John Cameron, sixteen years ago a citizen of Bulloch County, residing on the Elias McElveen farm, about four miles south of Statesboro, returned Wednesday after an absence of many years. Mr. Cameron is now living in House Valley, S. C., not far from Augusta. He says he hardly knew the old town when he blew in on the Savannah and Statesboro train, arriving over a road that has been built since his departure. He at once went out looking for his old-time friends, many of whom had passed away during these years. He served on the first grand jury in the new court house, which at that time was considered one of the best in South Georgia. When he returns he finds that plans have been accepted for its remodeling and enlargement, that the progress of time has outgrown the old building in which he sat as a grand jurymen for the first session held in the building. He returned to his South Carolina home in the afternoon.

FARMING LAND FOR SALE.

I will sell that fine farm located about two and one-half miles west of Statesboro. There is plenty of land clear for a good two-horse farm, and in a good state of cultivation; also one farm six miles from Statesboro, containing fifty-two acres, and one lot at the end on South Main street in Statesboro. Also one automobile, Cole "30," will make reasonable terms to parties wanting to buy any of the above property. For further particulars, call on or write ROGER J. HOLLAND, Statesboro, Ga.

Mr. W. B. Martin is preparing to enter business in Dublin in the same line as this here. He will continue the business at this place but will move his family there.

The heavy rains during the past few days have made many of the streams impassable, and the public roads are in bad condition.

Mr. Frank O. Miller is back from Montana and will have charge of the mechanical department of The News, this will give the editor more time to get out the paper and will enable us to get the paper out on time.

Cora Mae, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Blitch fainted on Friday afternoon during the thunderstorm in which the school building was struck by lightning. Physicians were called and the young lady was soon restored.

MERCER PLACED IN BANKRUPTCY.

An involuntary petition brought by the creditors of Mr. M. Mercer, of Metter, has placed his affairs in bankruptcy. Judge McDonnell, the referee in bankruptcy, has named Mr. George S. Haines of Savannah as trustee, and the affairs of the Mercer merchant will be closed up in the bankruptcy court.

Under an agreement with certain creditors, Judge S. L. Moore had been acting receiver for some time, but the bankruptcy proceedings relieves him of further management of the affairs of the firm.

DEATH OF MRS. WILLIE TRAPNELL.

On Friday morning Mrs. Willie Trapnell died at her home at Metter, from an attack of pneumonia. The remains have been held out of the ground since then by reason of the rainy weather, they will be interred at the lake Tuesday.

Dr. and Mr. George S. Roach of Woodliff are in town visiting the family of Mr. E. C. Oliver. Dr. Roach states that this is his first visit to Statesboro in forty-two years, he has seen nothing here that he recognizes not even the old walnut tree that sets in the center of the town.

Mr. J. N. Akis has sold his interest in the stables to Mr. C. C. Simmons and will move back to his farm at Colfax.

We are glad to have the opportunity of extending to the public an invitation to attend an all-day sing given at the Brannen school, three miles southeast of Statesboro, fourth Sunday of this month. Very able leaders have been secured for the day. This being the first sing of the season, let all go, with baskets of course, and each and every one take a part.



Let us knock the spots off your clothes—supply your dyes too!

Easter is coming soon. Come to our store and make the children have fun dyeing Easter Eggs. You can also change the faded color of that old waist dress and ribbon, and make them look bright, fresh and NEW. This is economy. Our Grease and Stain Removers will make your old clothes presentable. Get our preparations for brightening silverware. Our drug store always "has it."

Come to OUR Drug Store.
Franklin Drug Co.

NOW IS THE TIME TO LIST YOUR FARM LAND IF YOU WANT TO SELL NEXT FALL

Come to see me and we can talk over the matter. I have a great many western inquiries now for farms, and by having a long time list I can get you a good place.

Yours truly,
J. F. FIELDS
Real Estate

H. C. CLARK
Dealer in
Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Rice, Candies, Crackers, Seed Potatoes

Everything fresh prices right.

We both gain when you trade here

We both loose when you don't.

Kilpatrick Cross, M. D.
(Office in Holland Building)
Opposite Post Office
Phone 49 M
Statesboro, Georgia

A Wonderful Remedy That Saves Your Stock

Your sheep, hogs, cattle, horses and mules are subject to deadly attacks of worms. These ravenous pests multiply by the millions, starve your stock, keep them poor, weak, and out of condition.

SALVET
The Great Worm Destroyer and Conditioner

is a medicated stock salt that will rid every animal on your place of worms quickly and safely. Worms will not breed in it. Your stock will thrive, fatten and give you money-making flesh. Salvvet is not expensive. We carry it in all sizes from 75c up. Come in and get a package to try. You will be pleased with the results. We guarantee it.

Lively's Drug Store.

DEATH OF JAMES M. PARISH.

Mr. James M. Parish died at his home in the 1320th district on yesterday morning after a long illness.

The funeral was held today at the Lake church, where a large crowd attended the funeral services.

A coincidence of his death is the fact that the deceased had already had erected a tombstone to his memory in the cemetery at that place. Mr. Parish judiciously selected the tombstone, and had it erected after his own liking.

The deceased leaves a large family connection and many friends to mourn his death.

DEATH OF JOSHUA ELLIS.

On Thursday morning, at his home about two miles from Metter, after a long illness, Mr. Joshua Ellis passed away.

had been daily expected for the past three weeks. The funeral was held on yesterday, at the Lake church, where he had been a member since the organization of that church about thirty years ago.

Rev. T. J. Cobb conducted the funeral services in the presence of a large crowd of sorrowing friends and relatives. Mr. Ellis belonged to one of Bulloch's old-time families, whose name runs back far into the past history of the County. He leaves a large family connection.

RICHARDSON-NEWMAN.

Following is the announcement of the marriage on Sunday evening, March 9th, at Stillson, Ga., of Mr. Homer Richardson and Miss Carrie Newman. Miss Newman is the accomplished daughter of C. C. Newman of Stillson, and Mr. Richardson is a prosperous young farmer of Arcola. Their many friends wish them a prosperous and a happy life.

Mr. J. Blitch Parish and sister, Mrs. W. H. Aldred, were called to Macon on account of the serious illness of their brother, Mr. Jacob Parish, who is not expected to live.

TIME TABLE NO. 29.
Taking Effect at 12:01 P. M. Sunday November 17, 1912

Westbound	FIRST CLASS	Passenger	Effective 12:01 a. m., November 17th, 1912.	Eastbound	FIRST CLASS	Passenger
Daily Ex	Daily	Daily	STATIONS	Daily Ex	Daily	Daily
23	9	85	Miles	88	86	86
Sunday	Sunday	p. m.	0	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.
9	85	7:20	0	9:45	6:10	10
a. m.	p. m.	3:50	0	9:00	5:22	9:30
			0	8:50	5:07	9:16
			0	8:45	5:02	9:08
			0	8:40	4:57	9:00
			0	8:35	4:52	8:47
			0	8:30	4:48	8:30
			0	8:25	4:43	8:20
			0	8:20	4:38	8:10
			0	8:15	4:33	8:00
			0	8:10	4:27	7:50
			0	8:05	4:22	7:40
			0	8:00	4:17	7:30
			0	7:55	4:12	7:20
			0	7:50	4:07	7:10
			0	7:45	4:02	7:00
			0	7:40	3:57	6:50
			0	7:35	3:52	6:40
			0	7:30	3:47	6:30
			0	7:25	3:42	6:20
			0	7:20	3:37	6:10
			0	7:15	3:32	6:00
			0	7:10	3:27	5:50
			0	7:05	3:22	5:40
			0	7:00	3:17	5:30
			0	6:55	3:12	5:20</

STATESBORO NEWS.
(Incorporated.)
Published by J. E. Miller, Lessee.
Published Tuesdays and Fridays,
at Statesboro, Ga., by The
Statesboro News Pub-
lishing Company.
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ter.

BEGINNING OF THIRTEENTH VOLUME.

boro News" we begin the sprint down the incline on the thirteenth volume since its consolidation, that being the marriage of the "Statesboro Star" and the "Bulloch Herald" March 11, 1901. The editor of this paper having been in the business since the spring of 1892, making us twenty-one years in this business at this place, it would seem that we are getting old enough to vote.

Twenty-one years is a long time to remain in any business without getting rich. In this line we are an exception to the rule, because we have grown rich—in experience. During the past twenty-one years we have seen many changes, and our back files would make interesting reading to most any citizen. We have seen statesmen rise and fall; we have recorded with the same zeal the successes and misfortunes of our fellowmen; in other words, we have printed the news as it has happened. In all those years we have tried to deal fairly with the public; we have tried to track the truth as far as we were permitted to do, with the means at hand for obtaining the accuracy of the same. In some instances we have, like all other publishers, failed to please everybody, and in this we will fall in the future. It is not our intention or desire to please everybody. Our long experience teaches us that if you can keep one-half the people fighting you all the time you can make sure you are tracking "the narrow path" pretty close.

Another thing we have learned—that is, to get what is coming to you as you go along; collect your bills. We had rather have six men sending on the corner cursing us for demanding our stuff than to have three men turning up their noses at us because we can't pay our bills.

"The News" will be continued as a newspaper, but not as an organ; it will endeavor to print the news fairly and impartially to all concerned, without fear or favor from either. We have nothing to ask for except that which we can give full value in return; in other words, we are not asking favors or granting any. One is as disastrous as the other.

"The News" will be made worth a dollar a year, and to those who are willing to exchange their coin on a dollar-for-dollar exchange value basis, we are dependent for support. It will not espouse the cause of any politician; in fact, our experience has taught us that this is the undoing of any newspaper that undertakes it. By so doing you reap ten enemies, and one ingrate as a rule. We reserve the right, however, to take any position that seems to us proper at the time we feel we are called upon to act, and in doing so we expect to consult no one nor do we care for anybody's advice in so doing.

The business will be run as nearly on a cash basis as it is possible to do, taking into consideration that we have a contention of them pay when they get good and ready; some pay now, some next week, some next month or next year, and a large number of them are waiting to settle up at that point in the final reading of our acts shall be heard.

But we are going to give you the best in our shop, trying at all times to do our best, under the circumstances, and hope to please as many as possible under the foregoing policy.

We have had the finest spring weather for the past thirty days ever known in this section, even in the memory of the oldest inhabitants. Look out for a blizzard before the month is out!

Notice.

I have for sale, two mules, and one mare. Will sell cheap for cash or good notes. M. J. McElven 2 miles south of Brooklet Ga.

Will The Point Be Far Reaching?

We note by the published reports from Washington, that inasmuch as the action of Senator Bacon in selecting two non-progressive viz: The Hon. A. Pratt Adams of Savannah to be United States District Attorney for the Southern District of Georgia, and the Hon. Tom Eason of Macon to be his assistant, it is evident that the matter of pre-election principles will be brought to bear on President Wilson, to the extent that senatorial geographical preferences will be turned down.

Thus it seems that Senator Bacon has come back at Mr. Wilson by his action the "re-actories" have run off with two of the finest and just plain allotted to Georgia. This raid on the patronage trough has resulted in the brutal unding of two of our most likely patriots and their political scalp are now dangling at the belts of the "re-actories."

Pratt Adams, an anti Wilson landing over Bob Berner the right hand bower of Senator Hoke Smith and a progressive true and tried, would seem sufficient in itself to call for a re-arrangement of the patronage lines, but it don't stop there. The most cold blooded and heartless cut of all was the taking on of Tom Eason for assistant district attorney. This was probably the straw that broke the camel's back. Tom Eason, universally regarded as he is, as being "King of the Re-actories household," Royal reigning Monarch in all of their councils, guard on the outermost picket lines in hours of struggle, flag bearer and stout holder in all movements of offense or defense. Why Tom is so old in the cause until he's got feathers on his legs. And think of it, Bob Berner turned down for him at the hands of a professedly progressive administration.

Thus certainly rubbing em' in some.

It would seem that the foregoing would in itself be sufficient jar the sensibilities of "the faithful," but this is not all yet.

It leaks out that Pratt Adams, the man who has been recommended by Senator Bacon to twist the tail of the giant trusts is none other than the paid attorney for the big Naval Stores Trust, same being a twin sister of The Standard Oil Co. He is also attorney for The Merchants & Miners Transportation Co. Suits now pending against The Fertilizer Trust, and The Merchants & Miners Transportation Co. brought by the Government for alleged violations of our anti trust laws, renders the selection of Messrs. Adams and Eason as most admirable and consistent; recognizing the safe and sane policy viz: if you want to be sure to win your case just place it in charge of the attorneys for the other side. In other words: we'll lay down and crawl up to the trusts on our fore parts and ask them to be good.

The foregoing facts would seem to be deplorable enough within themselves, but this is not all.

Buried deep in the debris of discarded timbers, designated as "unfit for use," lies the form of poor old John T. West of Thomson Ga. In the days when Tom Watson was making life a burden for certain Georgia leaders, threatening to lead the Georgia delegation to the Baltimore Convention, there to "lock horns with Bryan," it was John T. West who turned the trick that saved the day. It is as chairman of the McDuffie County Democratic Executive Committee made it necessary for Watson to slip into the State Convention on a proxy, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Watson's faction had carried the county. This humiliated Watson to the extent that the trip to Baltimore was passed up, and Bryan was saved from being crushed.

Wilson was nominated and elected, but John T. West has been cast in to the political trash heap, a relic of bygone days. Such as this gives sufficient cause for us all to uncov-er our heads and weep.

In the event that slates are over turned, that President Wilson a gain dons his old New Jersey fighting clothes, and enforcing his old time "none but progressives on guard," and and snatches the east- asides from the fire as a burning policy reach? Would it go far enough to reach the boys who fought for progressive principles in the "ditches down the line?" Or is it only the big guns that are to be pulled in out of the weather. Is it true that all future battles for progressive principles are to be waged with major generals, and other officers of high rank and glittering phalanx? Will the private in the ranks disappear as a thing of the past? Will the small fry be shut out in the cold to shiv-er and freeze, while "highly im- portant" are gathered in and fed and ennobled in warm places? We now hear a mighty awful wail emanating from certain quar- ters in Washington, when hands are to be laid on the heads of the certain favored few, men high up are provided with able counsel at the high court, but the private in the ranks finds no one who has time to hear his case. His letters when answered at all bring some- thing like the following: "I have seen too busy looking after con- structive legislation to give your several letters any attention. See your congressman, he has your case in hand."

Now if Senator Bacon is to be denied his allotment because they are not progressives, then what will the policy be towards the congress- men who are naming whole bunch- es of non-progressive.

"TOWN SHOULD'NT BUILD COURT HOUSE AND JAIL."

On the subject our neighbor, "The Matter Advertiser," delivers itself of a very able and highly interesting editorial—one that has a ring of au- thority to a genuine wave of en- thusiasm wherever it is read, and es- pecially out in the "rural districts."

The Advertiser states that it is not expected of the County Seat Towns to donate anything for either court house or jail purposes, that the people out in the rural districts who will enjoy so many advantages in having a new County ought to bear their equal share of this burden.

Now this is one of the latest pro- posals we have seen in the new County building business—"The people of the town ought not to contrib- ute for court house and jail pur- poses." Well, why not?

If a County Seat is made at Metter and the people of the proposed new County are called on to come across with fifty or seventy-five thousand dollars for jail and court house pur- poses, either by a life lasting bur- den-bearing bond issue or by a forty- dollar per thousand tax rate, with court house steeples kissing the sky, with brick and steel constructed jails, with all this money turned loose in the town, drawing as it will hundreds of people from other sections to pay prices for building lots, whose mar- ket value has doubled and trebled, who on earth then ought to pay this bill, and who will reap the benefits?

With boarding houses and hotels full of people, with stores being constructed and manufacturing being built, who will reap the crowning re- sult of the new County victory? Is it to be none other than the land barons who own all the land around Metter. When they get to unloading town lots at ten prices, they can laugh at the wail of the tax-bur- dened hayseeds who will grow under the burden, with no real estate to turn loose at fabulous prices. Their little homes will be tax-burdened and bond-ridden until they can't sell them for half price, that the town lots will be raised in value a thousand per cent or more.

"The Advertiser" states that no other County ever gave anything for these purposes; then, in that case, Stillmore is more liberal than any other town has been, and her claims ought to be listened to; but if your neighbor will investigate a little, it will be seen that the progressive towns have done a few things along this line. Our information is that the town of Lyons paid twenty thousand dollars for court house and jail pur- poses for Toombs County, and Wheel- er County gets twenty thousand dol- lars from Albany, and so on down the line.

The people in the territory to be taken in probably owe neither you nor Stillmore any favors. What they ought to do is to look a little after their own interest, make their County Seat first of all where the public can be accommodated to the best advan- tage, where the most people can be benefited, and next where the land owners of the town selected have more money for court house and jail building purposes and less money to put in a slush fund in a vain attempt to corrupt the Georgia Legislature.

So much corruption funds and so little real benefit funds looks like it. Let's take lots of steam to make the Can- didate County proposition look tangi- ble.

(The Stillmore News)

Notice

New Statesboro Restaurant is sold to G. Fysicolas & Company, and is not responsible for old debts, and everything will be in better shape than ever before.

NEW STATESBORO RESTAURANT

Estimates cheerfully furnished on all classes of work both wood and brick. My work is guaran- teed to give satisfaction and con- tracts turned out with dispatch.

Give me a chance at your work. S. B. Heddleston, Statesboro, Ga.

Dress making, Children's dresses and Plain Sewing.

Mrs. F. D. Thaxton, Parish Street.

Attention Turpentine Men.

"I have a large lot of first class barrel staves, suitable for rosin barrels. They are ready to ship. For prices call on or write

E. J. Register, Metter Ga.

Eggs For Sale.

Pure White Indian Runner Duck eggs \$3 a dozen. First prize winners and good layers.

Mrs. W. H. Smith, Statesboro, Ga. Route No. 2.

Notice.

I have a good nice young cow and calf for sale, second calf about 3 weeks old, cow in good condition giving about 2 gallons per day, in very nice condition.

Mrs. E. O. Barker, Statesboro, Ga.

"HE GOT THE GERM FIRST."



MR. J. C. BELT, of Missouri, writes: "When I began missing Red Devil Lye to my house, I tried and others were sold Red Devil Lye cured them and I lost no more."

We wish to state emphatically that Red Devil Lye did not cure cholera. Dr. H. L. Akins.

Used Red Devil Lye

before the germ reached the cholera stage, but the germ that you can do. What you should do is to use Red Devil Lye. It is the only thing you can do to prevent cholera. It is the only thing you can do to prevent cholera. It is the only thing you can do to prevent cholera.

Get RED DEVIL LYE at your dealer. Buy the Big 4 1/2-lb. can. It's the best. It's the best. It's the best. WM. SCHMIDT MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

TO WAGE WAR ON DISEASED CATTLE

DOCTOR BAHNSEN HAS STARTED A CRUSADE ON TUBERCULOSIS. LAR COWS IN STATE.

A STATE WIDE CAMPAIGN

Will Take in Augusta, Macon, Savan- nah, Columbus and Other Large Cities.

—Atlanta.

The crusade of Dr. Peter P. Bahnsen, state veterinarian, against cows in Atlanta, in which nearly one hundred infected animals have already been condemned and killed or isolated, is not to be a purely local crusade, as some may perhaps think.

As a matter of fact this is just the initial move, begun at the state capital, in a statewide campaign in which every dairy operating and selling its product to the public will be examined and all infected cows condemned. Doctor Bahnsen has not yet fully worked out his campaign plans for Macon, Augusta, Savannah, Columbus and other cities and towns where dairies are operated, but it is undoubtedly his intention to extend his work there ultimately. A work so large and comprehensive in its scope will necessarily take considerable time, and it may take two or three years to clear the state of tubercular cows, but there is to be no let up of halting in the crusade until all public dairies are freed of tainted animals.

Comparatively little strenuous ob- jection has been met with here in the crusade, in which the city authorities have co-operated most heartily with the state. It is told that one man went to the state veterinarian and made a fearful plea for one dairy cow, most of whose cows had been condemned. He said it would ruin the dairyman, who was a comparative- ly poor man struggling to get on his feet. Doctor Bahnsen said he regretted that such was the case, but that fact did not form conclusive or valid reason for allowing the dairyman to go forward, serving the deadly milk to the public. Later it developed that the man who made the plea for the cow was the real owner of the cows and plants and he is worth \$200,000!

Generally, however, the dairymen have met the situation in fine spirit, although in some instances score of their cows were condemned. Dairymen met Doctor Bahnsen at the capital, where there was free and open discus- sion of the matter. It was planned to form an organization among the dealers themselves which will keep tubercular cows out of their hands in future, thereby raising the stand- ard of milk served.

Weekly Press Plans Meeting. Plans were discussed and prelimi- nary arrangements perfected at a meeting of the executive committee of the Georgia Weekly Press Associ- ation, held in the offices of H. M. Stanley, commissioner of labor, who is also corresponding secretary of the association, for the annual gathering which is to be held in LaGrange, Ga. some time during July.

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The delegation from LaGrange stated that the "City of Elms and Roses" had already begun to formulate plans for their entertainment and enjoy- ment. This will include a tour of the city, with visits to the various insti- tutions of learning located there; its as one of the trustees of the Atlanta Trust company, gives that institution six members of its board who are other bankers or directors of other banks, in addition to its own officers. Those are Dr. P. Phinley Calhoun, director Third National bank; F. S. Etheridge, banker, Jackson, Ga.; James S. Floyd, vice president Atlan- ta National bank; M. C. Peck, pres- ident American National bank; Jack J. Spalding, director and attorney At- lanta National bank. The other trustees are R. L. Foreman, Samuel N. Davis, Henry Hillyer, William Hurd Hillyer, George S. Lowndes, John Mor- ris, Dr. J. S. Todd, Herbert L. Wiggs.

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Governor Brown, who has spent much time in Mexico and studied closely recent developments in the strife-torn country, has declared it his belief that the United States should hesitate no longer at the per- il of her honor among nations in in- tervening in the Mexican situation and establishing a stable government there. "It may mean war," says the governor, "but that would be better than disaster. The war may cost money, but we cannot weigh money against national honor."

Clements Calls on Board. Prior to leaving Atlanta for Wash- ington, Judge John C. Clements of the interstate commerce commission, called by the offices of the state rail- road commission at the capital and conferred for some time with Chair- man C. Murphy Candler and Rate Expert J. P. Webster on transporta- tion matters. Judge Clements is stay- ing in Atlanta a several days' stay in Ath- ens, having come here to take evidence in a number of cases which are pend- ing before the interstate commerce commission. He is a former Georgian, having resided at Rome.

My Create W. & A. Ry. Commission. Former state house officials and members of the Georgia assembly ex- pressed the opinion that the effort of the Tennessee legislature to condemn the property of the state of Georgia in Chattanooga in order to cut a street through it, will make the prop- erty in the Tennessee city even more valuable than it now is, pro- vided Georgia takes a proper advan- tage of the new condition. The idea of these Georgia legislators is to sepa- rately the unimproved property of the state, making the transaction inde- pendent of what is done with the W. & A. railroad property. A propo- sition of this kind carrying out ideas formulated by Senator W. J. Harris, will be submitted to the incoming legislature and will, it is understood, receive the formal endorsement of Gov. Jno. M. Slaton. An effort will be made this year to carry out the program formulated by Senator Har- ris and his colleagues last year, to create a W. & A. commission. The bill passed the senate last year, but the session closed before it could be put through the house. Consequently, the measure will be newly intro- duced to the assembly this year. Es- timates are now being shown at the capital to prove that the revenues of the unimproved property, if itself in addition, it is proposed that the sub- stantial buildings which would ac- tually be put up by lessors shall be in a long course of time to the state of Georgia. The general plan outlined here has already received the approval of Mr. Slaton, and the W. & A. problem will probably be settled during his administration. Under the present lease, which runs out in six years, the L. & N. now pays the state \$25,000 a month in rent, which goes to the public school fund. It is estimated that the property at Chat- tanooga alone is worth now about \$2,000,000, and that the plan above outlined will probably double the state revenues from this source.

Front Talks of Playwrighting. The difference between a playwright and a dramatist is sharply drawn in an interview just given out by Jona- than M. Frost, the noted southern author, most of whose dramatic plays, Frost originates and develops ideas, plots and situations for their own in- trinsic value; he is an artist working for the sake of art, and not for the sake of the actor to interpret his ideas. The playwright, on the other hand, simply frames up a series of stories for the purpose of exploiting the personality of a certain actor or set of actors. The work of a playwright is subser- vient to the actors right; the work of the dramatist dominates. Mr. Frost speaks with some authority be- cause of the fact that he himself has achieved success as a dramatist. He has written Arizona, a comedy full of outdoor life and humor, with Ariz- ona scenery and a cast of cowboys and Mexicans. He is also engaged in writing a farce comedy entitled "Trading Houses," in which the char- acters are taken from life in Atlanta.

Elk for North Georgia. Georgia's Game Commissioner, Jesse Mercer has taken up the matter of obtaining a herd of elk for the Georgia moun- tains and the probability is that next winter a bunch of about fifty will be released in the timber reserves which the government has recently acquired in the northern part of the state. The elk are captured in the Yellowstone Park, but not exceeding five hundred are allowed to be distributed in any one year. The season for capturing elk will expire about the middle of March. Mr. Mercer's application has been filed with the department and the elk for Georgia will be captured next fall and winter. The rigid game laws recently passed in Georgia will make it easier for the state to obtain this herd of elk, but they will not be allotted to the state until the govern- ment officials are satisfied that they will be properly protected. It is be- lieved, however, that there will be no trouble on that score.

Trust Company Composed of Bankers. The election of W. L. Peel, presi

PRESIDENT WILSON FOR JUSTICE ONLY GREAT PARADE IN HONOR OF WILSON

His Inaugural Address Calls on
All Honest Men to Aid in
His Task.

WILL RESTORE, NOT DESTROY

New Chief Executive Says Change of
Government Means the Nation is
Using Democratic Policy for
Large and Definite Purpose.

Washington, March 4.—Looking upon the victory of the Democratic party as the mandate of the nation to correct the evils that have been allowed to grow up in our national life, President Wilson, in his inaugural address today called on all honest men to assist him in carrying out the will of the people. Following is his address:

There has been a change of government. It began two years ago, when the house of representatives became Democratic by a decisive majority. It has now been completed. The senate about to assemble will also be Democratic. The officers of the executive branch have been put into the hands of Democrats. What does the change mean? That is the question that is uppermost in our minds today. That is the question I am going to try to answer, in order, if I may, to interpret the occasion.

New Insight Into Our Life.
It means much more than the mere success of a party. The success of a party means little except when the nation is using that party for a large and definite purpose. No one can mistake the purpose for which the nation now seeks to use the Democratic party. It seeks to use it to interpret a change in its own plans and point of view. Some old things and which we had grown familiar, and which had begun to creep into the very habit of our thought and of our lives, have altered their aspect as we have later looked critically upon them, with fresh, awakened eyes; have dropped their disguises and shown themselves alien and sinister. Some new things, as we look frankly upon them, willing to comprehend their real character, have come to assume the aspect of things long believed in and familiar, stuff of our own convictions. We have been refreshed by a new insight into our own life.

We see that in many things that life is very great. It is incomparably great in its material aspects, in its body of wealth, in its diversity and sweep of its energy, in the industries which have been conceived and built up by the genius of individual men. It is great, also, very great, in its moral force. Nowhere else in the world have noble men and women exhibited in more striking form the beauty and energy of sympathy and helpfulness and counsel in their efforts to rectify wrong, alleviate suffering, and set the wheel of the way of strength and hope. We have built up, moreover, a great system of government, which has stood through long ages as in many respects a model for those who seek to set liberty upon foundations that will endure against fortuitous change, against storm and accident. Our life contains every great thing, and contains it in rich abundance.

Human Cost Not Counted.

But the evil has come with the good, and much fine gold has been corroded. With riches has come incalculable waste. We have squandered a great part of what we might have used, and not stopped to conserve the exceeding bounty of nature, without which our genius for enterprise would have been worthless and unproductive, scoring to be carefully and shamefully prodigal as well as admirably efficient. We have been proud of our industrial achievements, but we have not hitherto stopped thoughtfully enough to count the human cost, the cost of lives snuffed out, of energies overtaxed and broken, the fearful physical and spiritual cost to the men and women and children upon whom the dead weight and burden of it all has fallen pitilessly the years through. The gross and agony of it all had not yet reached our ears, the solemn, moving undertone of our life, coming up out of the mines and factories and out of every home where the struggle had its intimate and familiar seat. With the great government went many deep secret things, which we too long delayed to look into and scrutinize with candid, fearless eyes. The great government we loved has too often been made use of for private and selfish purposes, and those who used it had forgotten the people.

At last a vision has been vouchsafed us of our life as a whole. We see the bad with the good, the debased and decadent with the sound and vital. With this vision we approach new affairs. Our duty is to cleanse, to reconsider, to restore, to correct the evil without impairing the good, to purify and humanize every process of our common life without weakening or sentimentalizing it. There has been something crude and heartless and unfeeling in our haste to succeed and be great. Our thought has been "let every man look out for himself," let every man look out for

GEN. WOOD IS GRAND MARSHAL

Indiana, Hunt Clubs and College Students Are in Line—Enthusiastic Spectators Continuously Enter the Inaugural Procession.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington, March 4.—The "Jeffersonian simplicity" which Woodrow Wilson requested should be observed in every detail of his inauguration as president did not apply to the inaugural parade, for it was as elaborate as such an affair usually is. The people wanted it so, and they showed their appreciation of the spectacle by turning out by the hundreds thousands and cheering wildly as the marchers passed with hands playing loudly and flags waving bravely.

The newly inaugurated president reviewed the procession and smiled his approval as he returned the salutes of the commanding officers, for all the glittering show had been arranged in his honor. Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to the White House, was full of color, music and movement.

People Enjoy the Sight.

The inhibition of the inaugural ball and of the planned public reception at the capitol had no effect on a bar to the attendance at this ceremony of changing presidents. Masses were here to see, and other masses were here to cheer. There was a greater demonstration while the procession was passing than there was four years ago. Victory had come to a party which had known nothing like victory for a good many years. The joy of possession found expression in steady and abundantly noisy acclaim.

President Taft and President-elect Wilson were escorted down the avenue by the National Guard troop of cavalry of Essex county, New Jersey. The carriage in which rode Vice-President-elect Marshall and President pro tempore Bacon of the United States senate was surrounded by the members of the Black Horse troop of the Culver Military academy of Indiana.



Scene on Pennsylvania Avenue During the Progress of a Typical Inauguration Parade.

ana. This is the first time in the history of the nation that a president of the United States has been escorted by a vice president to the scene of his oath taking.

Formation of Parade.
The military and the civil parade, a huge affair which stretched its length for miles along the Washington streets, formed on the avenue radiating from the capitol. After President-elect Wilson had become President-elect Wilson and Vice-President-elect Marshall, they went straightway from the capitol to the White House and thence shortly to the reviewing stand in the park at the mansion's front.

The parade, with Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, United States army, as its grand marshal, and the military band, set out to move along the avenue to the White House, where it was to pass in review. The trumpet sound of "forward march" at the instant the signal was flashed from the White House that in fifteen minutes the newly elected president and commander-in-chief of the armies and navies of the United States would be ready to review "his troops."

It was thought that the parade might lack some of the picturesque features which particularly appealed to the people on former occasions. There were Indians and rough riders here, but when he went out of office and was succeeded by William H. Taft. The parade, however, in honor of Mr. Wilson seemed to be picture enough in its features to appeal to the multitudes. They certainly made noise enough over it.

The procession was in division, with General Wood as the grand marshal of the whole affair and having a place at its head. The display, in the words invariably used on like occasions, was "impressive and brilliant."

Veterespon Leads Regulars.
The regulars of the country's two armed services naturally had the right of way. Maj. Gen. W. W. Wetherston, United States army, was in command of the first division, in which marched the soldiers and sailors and marines from the ports and the navy yards within a day's ride of Washington. The West Point cadets and the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis, competent beyond other corps in manual and in evolution, the future generals and admirals of the army, had place in the first division.

All branches of the army service were represented in the body of regulars—engineers, artillery, cavalry, infantry and signal corps. The sailors and marines from half a dozen battle-ships rolled along smartly in the wake of their landward brethren.

The National Guard division followed the division of regulars. It was commanded by Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, United States army, who wore the medal of honor given him for conspicuous personal gallantry at the battle of San Juan hill. General Mills is the chief of the militia division of the United States war department.

The entire National Guard of New Jersey was in line, and Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Maryland, Virginia, Georgia, Maine and North Carolina were represented by bodies of civilian soldiers. Cadets from many of the private and state military schools of the country had a place in the militia division.

The third division of the parade was composed of Grand Army of the Republic veterans, members of the Union Veteran league and of the Spanish war organizations. Gen. James B. Stuart of Chicago, a veteran of both the Civil and the Spanish wars, was in command.

Thousands of Civilians.
Robert N. Harp, chief marshal of the civil forces, commanded the fourth division. Under his charge were political organizations from all parts of the country, among them being Tammany, represented by 2,000 of its braves, and Democratic clubs from Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other cities.

They put the American Indians into the civilian division. The fact that they were in war paint and feathers helped out in picturesque and did nothing to disturb the peace. Members of the United Hunt Clubs of

YOUNGLOVE & SIPLE

Dealers In Horses and Mules

We have in stock a fine lot of Kentucky Horses and Tennessee Mules. We have an auction sale every Tuesday, at which some exceptionally fine bargains in horses and mules can be had.

Write or call on us for what you need in our line.

Younglove & Siple

Savannah, Georgia.

POOL ROOMS DOING RUSHING BUSINESS.

It seems that the billiard table is the most prosperous and best patronized business in Statesboro.

The one that has been running here for several months proved to be such a fine investment until it has recently changed hands, at a profit of something like fifty per cent on the investment, and now we have the second one preparing to open business.

This is indeed encouraging to our people. It is a consoling thought that our city has such a number of real "blooms" in it. It shows that this is by no means a slow town. Why, a visit to one of these places of amusement any afternoon will show you that there is something doing. Things may appear rather dull in most any other line, but it is on a boom in the pool room business here.

This is a source of great satisfaction to our folks. It shows the parents where to find the boys. No mother need worry as to "where is my wandering boy to-night?" She can console herself that he is in the pool room. The pool room is an excellent place to raise our young men. It is there they learn so much that is good and helpful to them and fits them for the responsibilities of life. We can think of no better place to keep the boy than in a pool room, a bowling alley, or at a baseball game, unless we had the pleasure of having a few near-beer saloons to tone them up in.

The plow handles may stand idle for the want of willing hands to steer them, and the bell line may lose its pull over the back of a mule, but the billiard cue is busily engaged. Yes, by all means, let's have a few more pool rooms, they are great town builders.

Cheering Is Continuous.
All along Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to a point four blocks beyond the White House, the spectators were massed in lines ten deep. The cheering was constant and Woodrow Wilson cannot complain that the ceremonies attending his induction into office were not accompanied by a pleasantly heart-felt acclaim of the people over whom he is to rule for at least four years.

Every window in every building on Pennsylvania avenue which is not occupied for office purposes was rented weeks ago for a good round sum of money. Every room overlooking the marching parade was taken by as many spectators as could find a vantage point from which to peer through the window panes. The roots of the buildings were covered with persons willing to stand for hours in a March day to see the wonders of the inaugural parade, and many of them particularly of Mr. Wilson, seemed to go home and to say that after many years waiting they had seen a Democratic president inaugurated.

John White & Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Established 1857
Highest market price paid for the FURS
and HIDES
of all kinds.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

WILSON INDUCTED INTO HIGH OFFICE

Inauguration of Twenty-Seventh President Is Witnessed by Great Crowds.

MARSHALL SWORN IN FIRST

Simple Ceremony in Senate Chamber Followed by More Impressive Affair on East Portico of the Capitol.

By GEORGE CLINTON.
Washington, March 4.—In the presence of a vast throng of his fellow citizens, Woodrow Wilson today stood in front of the east portico of the capitol and took the oath of president of the United States. Thomas R. Marshall already had been sworn in as vice president, and with the completion of the ceremony the ship of state was manned by the Democratic party, which had been sabored for sixteen years.

The new chief executive of the nation stood with bare head, Edmond Douglas White, chief justice of the supreme court, held before him the Bible always used in the ceremony. Mr. Wilson placed his hands upon the book and in a voice strong, though somewhat affected by emotion, swore to support the Constitution and the laws of the country and to perform the duties of his high office to the best of his ability.

Thomas Riley Marshall swore fealty to the Constitution and to the people in the senate chamber, where for four years it will be his duty to preside over the deliberations of the members of the upper house of congress.

Severely Simple Ceremonies.
Both of the ceremonies proper were conducted in a severely simple but most impressive manner. The surroundings of the scene of the president's induction into office, however, were not so simple, for it was an outdoor event and the great gathering of military, naval and unofficial civil organizations gave much more than a touch of splendor to the scene.

In the senate chamber, where the oath was taken by the man now vice-president of the United States, there were gathered about 2,000 people, all that the upper house will contain without the risk of danger because of the rush and press of the multitudes. It is probable that nowhere else in the United States at any time are there gathered as many number of men and women whose names are so widely known.

The gathering in the senate chamber and later on the east portico of the capitol was composed largely of those prominent for their services in America, and in part of foreigners who have sought places for their names in the current history of the world's doings.

The arrangements of the ceremonies for the inauguration of Woodrow Wilson and Thomas Riley Marshall were made by the joint committee on arrangements of congress. The senate

section of this committee was ruled by a majority of Republicans, but there is Democratic testimony to the fact that the Republican senators were willing to outdo their Democratic brethren in the work of making orderly and impressive inaugural ceremonies in honor of two chief executives of the opposition.

Ride to the Capitol.
President-elect Wilson rode together from the White House to the capitol, accompanied by two members of the congressional committee of arrangements. The vice-president-elect also rode in the carriage with the president-elect. The president pro tempore, Senator Bacon of Georgia, and three members of the congressional committee of arrangements.

The vice-president-elect took the oath just before noon in accordance with custom and prior to its taking by the president-elect. Every arrangement for the senate chamber proceedings had been made so that they moved forward easily and with a certain ponderous grace.

Marshall Sworn In.
The admission to the senate chamber to witness the oath-taking of the president-elect was by ticket, and it needless to say every seat was

occupied. On the floor of the chamber were many former members of the senate who, because of the fact that they once held membership in that body, were given the privilege of the floor. After the hall was filled and all the minor officials of government and those privileged to witness the ceremonies were seated, William H. Taft and Woodrow Wilson, preceded by the sergeant-at-arms and the committee of arrangements, entered the senate chamber. They were followed immediately by Vice-President-elect Thomas R. Marshall, leaning upon the arm of the president pro tempore of the senate who, after the seating of the incoming vice-president, took his place as presiding officer of the senate and of the day's proceedings.

The president and the president-elect sat in the first row of seats directly in front and almost under the desk of the presiding officer. In the same row, but to their left, were the vice-president-elect and two former vice-presidents of the United States, Levi P. Morton of New York and Adlai A. Stevenson of Illinois.

When the distinguished company entered the chamber the president-elect still under its old organization. The oath of office was immediately administered to Vice-President-elect Marshall, who thereupon became Vice-President Marshall. The prayer of the day was given by the chaplain of the senate, Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Savannah.

A FINE OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW THE TRUE SPIRIT.

[Stillmore News]

We understand that our friends at Metter are beginning to draw in their eastern boundary line somewhat, and that they now expected that the line will cross the Central Railroad between Pulaski and Parish, leaving Pulaski in Bulloch and embracing the bustling young city of Parish, and numbering it among "the outlying trade centers" of Candler.

Now we submit that our neighbors are beginning to strike out on the right line, only they haven't as yet gone far enough in this drawing in business. If they will examine the map that we submit in this issue for their consideration, they will find that by dropping a few more stitches we can all get together, and the proposed new county to be cut in this section will go through like a flash. Just drop up about two and one half miles closer and you have the natural boundary, viz: the waters of the Fifteen Mile Creek.

By doing this, and by joining in with Stillmore and the balance of the folks in the territory affected, submitting to the inevitable proposition that Stillmore is the logical place for the new county seat, it would be a fine exhibition of that spirit which we are sure finds at Metter more thoroughly imbued, viz: that they are out for the general good of the entire territory to be embraced. Their action along this line would forever stamp as a bald face fabrication any charge or insinuation that Metter would reap rich rewards at the expense of the over taxed and bond ridden many who happen to live in the outskirts of the proposed new county of Candler as at first planned. It would show conclusively that the people at Metter did not want to take unto themselves benefits and perquisites not allowed to others on whom fortune had not smiled so graciously. It would show that our friends at Metter were willing to take their place along side of such other progressive towns as Cobbtown and Aline. It would show to Cobbtown that a new county was a real good thing regardless of whether there were any capitol city town lots for sale or not, and that the entire section would receive a proportionate share of the benefits and emoluments incidental to the creation of the new county, this would no doubt wake up our mutual sister, down The Wadley Southern to a realization of her plain duty. Action along this line on the part of Metter would cause our friends at Aline to see their own selfishness in trying to get a new county taking in only themselves, and would warn them up to a full appreciation of the scope of the general movement, having for its purpose the greatest good to the greatest number. The expected action that Metter would take in this way would show to Arlin Jones and hundreds of others like him who have been persuaded that there was a yearning, burning desire to contribute to their financial welfare and general edification, that is to be no lamb shearing when the county is created, by the floating of bond issues and extravagant tax levies to pay for the building of court house, jail and bridges which would boost the value of a few nearby town lots. It would show him and others like him that the folks at Metter were in dead earnest when they ask him to join them, as we expect them to do, in locating the county seat not only at a point where the folks appreciate it enough to furnish the court house and jail free to the people. Admitting in so doing that they would then be nearer the court by ten miles than they are now and be ten times better off than the people they show so much interest in now.

By cutting the line to the waters of the Fifteen Mile Creek as eventually it must come, then our Metter friends will be relieved of the embarrassment of having entire communities traveling in earl land sections to Atlanta, as they always do when Metter undertakes to annex them. Those fellows below the Fifteen Mile Creek seem to be unable to grasp the good things in store for them at Metter and have a habit of hiking to Atlanta every time Metter starts out to "help folks," and render life a burden by their presence in the capitol. Cutting the line at the Fifteen Mile Creek as Stillmore proposes, eliminates the people opposed to coming in, and leaves those who came in all of one accord.

We are sure that our Metter friends will catch the point, seize the opportunity, hastening to render active and patriotic service in locating the capitol of the new county or its logical center, where the court house and jail will come free to the people, avoiding the necessity of either stupendous bond issues or gigantic tax levies.

With railroads piercing the county, running in six directions from the county seat, with court house and jail furnished the people free, with 60 miles of railroads to assess taxes taxes from, insuring a lighter tax rate than that enjoyed in the old counties, it seems to us that there ought to be a sort of a general getting together.

With Metter and Stillmore bound together as twin sisters, in inseparable love, "two souls with but a single thought two hearts that beat as one."

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HURETIA HAVING ROUGH SAILING.

YVES OF NEW GOVERNMENT
CAPTURE TOWN OF NACAZARI
OPENING WAY TO AGUA PRIETA
(REBELS) CONCENTRATED
THROUGHOUT NORTHERN
MEXICO AND RAILROAD TRAF-
FIC DEMORALIZED—MEXI-
CAN INTERESTS INTERFERED
WITH—THORNY PATH BEFORE
HURTIA.

Douglas, Ariz., March 10.—After a
battle lasting from Saturday morning
until yesterday afternoon, 800 Son-
ora State troops today took Nacazari,
a town of 200 inhabitants, from the
hands of the rebels. The rebels
were routed and fled to the south.
The capture of Nacazari opens the
way to Agua Prieta, a town of 1,000
inhabitants, which is the capital of
Sonora. The rebels are now con-
centrated in the town of Nacazari,
which is the only town in the state
which has not been captured by the
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centrated in the town of Nacazari,
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which has not been captured by the
rebels.

At none of the ports on the Sonora
border are there more than 300
federal troops. All the federal
troops in northern Sonora do not
exceed 1,000 men, it was said today
on the capture of Nacazari. The
rebels are now concentrated in the
town of Nacazari, which is the only
town in the state which has not
been captured by the rebels.

At Nacazari are the hundred men
under Prefect Bracamonte of Monte-
zuma. There were only 250 federal
troops defending Nacazari Saturday.
Agua Prieta, Nogales and Naco. A
strong rebel group from Magdalena
below Nogales, it is reported, moved
toward the border to assist in at-
tacking ports of entry.

The Confederates remain out with
Hermosillo, the State capital, held by
the insurgents, and even with Ameri-
can mining settlements near the bor-
der.

There is some anxiety for Ameri-
can mining men at Nacazari and at
Cauasaca, on the Southern Pacific of
Mexico, which road also has been cut
by State troops.

Lampazos Threatened.
Mexico City, March 10.—Five hun-
dred followers of Venustiano Carranza
today threatened the town of Lam-
pazos, in Nuevo Leon. Lampazos, lo-
cated seventy-five miles southwest of
Laredo, Texas, is one of the most im-
portant towns in the State.

As soon as the news reached here
General Jose Maria Mier was ordered
to take 100 federal troops from Mon-
terrey, 100 miles away, and try to
prevent the rebels entering the town.
No reports, however, have reached
the federal capital during the past 12
hours as to Carranza's whereabouts.
He is believed to be still near Bajano,
where he retired after his defeat near
Reata.

According to officials here, the new
administration found the federal ar-
my numbering less than 30,000 men.
Although President Madero repeatedly
declared it contained over 50,000.
The ranks are being filled from re-
cruits who have surrendered from the
border.

Rebels Concentrating.
Washington, D. C., March 10.—Ma-
jor-General Wood, chief of staff, to-
day received advices of current re-
ports at Eagle Pass that rebels un-
der Carranza were concentrating at
Monclova to make a stand against the
federal army.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

Savannah & Statesboro Ry.

TIME TABLE NO. 29.
Taking Effect at 12:01 P. M. Sunday November 17, 1912

Westbound				Eastbound			
SECOND CLASS	FIRST CLASS	Passenger	Freight	SECOND CLASS	FIRST CLASS	Passenger	Freight
Daily Ex	Daily Ex	Daily Ex	Daily Ex	Daily Ex	Daily Ex	Daily Ex	Daily Ex
23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
8:00	7:20	8:00	8:00	8:00	7:20	8:00	8:00
8:30	8:15	8:30	8:30	8:30	8:15	8:30	8:30
8:45	8:30	8:45	8:45	8:45	8:30	8:45	8:45
9:00	8:45	9:00	9:00	9:00	8:45	9:00	9:00
9:15	9:00	9:15	9:15	9:15	9:00	9:15	9:15
9:30	9:15	9:30	9:30	9:30	9:15	9:30	9:30
9:45	9:30	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:30	9:45	9:45
10:00	9:45	10:00	10:00	10:00	9:45	10:00	10:00
10:15	10:00	10:15	10:15	10:15	10:00	10:15	10:15
10:30	10:15	10:30	10:30	10:30	10:15	10:30	10:30
10:45	10:30	10:45	10:45	10:45	10:30	10:45	10:45
11:00	10:45	11:00	11:00	11:00	10:45	11:00	11:00
11:15	11:00	11:15	11:15	11:15	11:00	11:15	11:15
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12:00	11:45	12:00	12:00	12:00	11:45	12:00	12:00
12:15	12:00	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:00	12:15	12:15
12:30	12:15	12:30	12:30	12:30	12:15	12:30	12:30
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1:00	12:45	1:00	1:00	1:00	12:45	1:00	1:00
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W. B. MOORE, Auditor
D. N. BACOT, Superintendent

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Our new spring stock of merchandise has arrived, and is now ready for inspection. They were selected by our experienced buyers, and will conform in both quality and price with your wants. We are prepared to take care of your needs and invite a visit from you.

Ladies and Gents' Fur-nishings, Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Millinery, Etc.

Our line includes
Kirschbaum Clothes, Edwin Clapp and Packard Shoes, and Stetson Hats for Gentlemen.

Krippendorf Shoes for Ladies and a General Line of Ready-to-Wear for Ladies and Children.

By reason of our having conducted a most successful special sale in December, which cleaned out every department of our stock, our customers may feel assured that they will find in our shelves only fresh, new goods and latest styles.

BLITCH-PARRISH COMPANY

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THE STATESBORO NEWS.

Statesboro, Georgia Friday, March 21, 1913 Vol. 13 No. 2

CAN'T DO IT

Always remember that you can't saw wood with a hammer.
Opportunity knocks at your door but once, they say. If you happen to be knocking yourself you may not be able to hear her gentle tap when she calls. She may be knocking at your door right now. Who knows? Get busy. Start a bank account, no matter how small. That's the way most big accounts started. Begin to save and save wood.

Bank of Statesboro.

Notice.
I have a good nice young cow and calf for sale, second calf about 8 weeks old, cow in good condition giving about 2 gallons per day, in very nice condition.

Mr. E. O. Barker
Statesboro Ga.

Kilpatrick Cross, M. D.
(Office in Holland Building)
Opposite Post Office
Phone 49 M
Statesboro, Georgia

Eggs for Hatching
Prize-winning Andalusian and White Plymouth Rocks eggs for sale, \$1.50 per setting of 15.
Price list and circular free.
Arthur Duncie
Statesboro, Ga., No. 3.

The Ogeechee river is the fullest it has been in fifteen years and is still rising.

Allen's Foot-Ease
The shoe powder shaken into the shoe softens the foot, cures corns, blisters, itching, etc. It is the best shoe powder in the world. Sold everywhere.

John White & Co.
Established 1867
Highest market price paid for FURS
Wool, Hides, Skins, etc.

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WATER DRIVES HIM OUT OF REFUGE IN Santee Swamp—NEGROES WERE PANIC STRICKEN.

Hair Covers Body and Brute Fights Viciously.
A thrilling story of the capture of a typical wild man of the jungle, a negro, covered from head to foot with black, bristling hair, as thick and long as that on some giant gorilla, on the edge of Santee Swamp, in South Carolina, near Lanes Junction, fifty miles north of Charleston, is told by W. S. Damon, conductor in charge of the Atlantic Coast Line passenger train which arrived at 3:25 p. m. from Florence yesterday.

The wild man, Mr. Damon states, driven from Santee swamp by a freshet in the Santee river, hid in a barn near the edge of the marsh, and when he was discovered, fought viciously until overpowered and captured.

The man is now chained and tied with ropes in the barn in which he was captured, the conductor says.

Details of the capture of the man, Mr. Damon states, are now known to him. Lanes Junction is a division point where transfers are made for Columbia, Georgetown and Savannah. He said that when his train reached the junction yesterday morning at 11:30 o'clock, the little town was in a state of intense excitement over the capture of the man. The Savannah train did not stop at Lanes, however, for longer than five minutes, and Mr. Damon could get but meager information of the affair. The negroes of Lanes are panic stricken, Mr. Damon says.

Theory of the Negroes.
What disposition will be made of the man, Mr. Damon declares, he does not know. He says it is his supposition, however, that the matter will be reported to the authorities of the State hospital for the insane at Columbia and that the man will be sent there for confinement. The negroes of the town are very excited over the capture of the man. The man is a burly negro and speaks some English, says the conductor.

It is generally thought, the conductor says, that the negro, either an escaped convict or a fugitive from justice. He says it is the general belief at Lanes that the man went into Santee swamp to hide from officers of the law, and frightened by the howling of the place and the fear of capture, became insane.

Another theory of how the man reached his present state of insanity, Mr. Damon says, is that the negro, a runaway, and having been driven from his home by the negroes of the town, he was driven into the swamp and remained there. The appearance of the negro, it is stated, would indicate that he had been living in the swamp as a runaway for some time. He made it a point to say that he was a runaway from the law.

According to Mr. Damon, when members of a family of negroes residing on a small farm on the edge of Santee swamp went out to a ramshackle barn in the rear of their little cabin, about daybreak yesterday, they were frightened by the terrible sight of a man, over six feet tall, broad and muscular, with great brawny arms and heavy shoulders, covered from head to foot with thick, black hair and whose eyes gleamed like those of some corner animal, crouched in one corner of the shack as though ready to spring upon the first living creature which molested him.

The family of negroes, it is said, were thrown into a panic and went hurrying in all directions in search of aid. Residents of that neighborhood went in response to the frightened cries and pleas for help. A small mob, it is said, formed around the barn within a few minutes.

Plans hastily made for the capture and with as little injury to him as necessary.

Much like an Animal.
The authorities of Lanes Junction are following up every case where a criminal has been thought to have hidden in Santee Swamp, or where a negro has strayed off and never been heard of again, in an effort to identify the man.

The negro, it is said, will not talk, but he strains at his fetters, sullen manner at his questioners at times, and, at others, appearing wholly oblivious to the queries being propounded.

When anyone goes near the man, he strains and tears at his fetters and makes a throaty, horrible sound, more like the growl of some terrible, man-eating beast than of a human.

PRESIDENT WOULD SAVE HIS "JURY REFORM" MEASURE—HE SEES THE SUFFRAGETTES.
Senate Adjourns, Leaving Neill Out in the Cold.

Washington, D. C., March 17.—President Wilson today turned his attention chiefly to the political situation in New Jersey, where the Democratic party is divided on the question of a jury reform bill and the senatorial contest in Maryland, where William L. Marbury has been elected against Senator Smith, a Republican.

The President listened to a committee of women suffrage leaders who urged him to recommend to the extra session of Congress adoption of an amendment to the federal constitution giving the ballot to women. Mr. Wilson indicated that while he might not make such a recommendation at the extra session, he did not wish his attitude now to be construed as opposed to women's suffrage. He made it clear that his mind was open on the subject.

Our drugs are always fresh and pure.

We never substitute



You cannot be too careful about the kind of medicine you take. Old, impure drugs will poison the blood; but our pure, fresh drugs will have the good effect your doctor desires. It is false economy to buy adulterated drugs. There's no danger of getting that kind when you come to us. No matter who writes your prescriptions, bring them to us to get them filled.

Come to OUR Drug Store.
Franklin Drug Co.

will be determined by activities the various candidates manifest now for or against what he considers a piece of progressive legislation.

The issue as to progressiveism likewise was brought out in the visit to the White House of William L. Marbury of Baltimore, who in a public statement recently declared that the President had requested him to become a candidate in the approaching primaries against Senator John W. Smith. Many Maryland leaders have been to see the President, but nothing definite has come from the White House to indicate whether Mr. Marbury's fight against Senator Smith.

"There is no change in the situation," Mr. Marbury announced as he left the executive offices.

Norman E. Mack, the former Chairman of the Democratic National Committee and at the present national convention man from New York, talked over federal appointments in the Empire State with the President. Mr. Mack has often been mentioned for a diplomatic post. He said, however, that this subject had not been discussed.

National Committeeman Fred R. Lynch of Minnesota urged the President to appoint F. A. Day commissioner of the general land office. At the same time he talked with the President in regard to the promotion of agriculture throughout the country. Mr. Lynch said the President's idea was to bring the agricultural college to the farmer by means of the experimental farm rather than by bringing the farmer to the agricultural college.

Senate Has Adjourned.
As the special session of the Senate adjourned today, no appointments are expected until the extra session of Congress, beginning April 7th, though there is a likelihood of recess appointments in urgent cases. The Senate did not confirm the nomination of Charles E. Smith to be commissioner of labor statistics, and it was not indicated at the White House whether there would be a recess appointment in his case.

It became known during the day that John Bassett Moore, had accepted the post of counselor to the Department of State to succeed Chandler Anderson and that National Chairman William F. McCombs virtually had decided to be ambassador to France.

His nomination was to have been sent to the Senate today, but it was held up pending more definite word from Mr. McCombs, who was late today reported to be wavering on account of business reasons. He probably will not make his decision finally until the extra session begins.

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The President threw his influence into New Jersey politics by having passed the bill providing for the commissions appointed by the governor rather than sheriffs to draw juries. He persistently advocated this measure before he resigned, but since that time an amendment has been attached to the bill providing for a referendum of the question.

Would Kill Measure.
Holding that the object of the referendum is to delay the issue and eventually kill the bill, Mr. Wilson said he feels that the people already have approved the idea by electing the Democratic legislative ticket on a platform pledged to jury reform.

While the President himself has made no statement as to the bill, he is very probable his alignment to-day to Governor Wood.

J. Warren Davis, Democratic majority leader in the Senate, estimated from the various candidates for the governorship that their nettle in the present situation. He has not committed himself to any of the candidates who will run for governor in the primaries next September, but it is very probable his alignment

to-day to Governor Wood.