

11-17-1914

## Statesboro News

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## COUNTY OFFICERS HOLD FOUR YEARS

Constitutional Amendments  
Went Through by a Nar-  
row Margin; New Coun-  
ties Win.

(Augusta Chronicle)  
The constitutional amendment  
extending the terms of county  
officers from two to four years  
passed through by a narrow mar-  
gin.

The vote for the amendment was  
26,915, and against, 23,755. Four  
small counties are still missing  
from the returns, but their vote  
cannot affect the issue, other than  
perhaps to cut down the majority  
a little closer.

The new county amendments all  
went through with a wide margin  
to spare. The vote on each was  
as follows:

For Candler County, 34,178;  
against, 9,386.  
For Barrow County, 37,663;  
for Bacon County, 35,570, against,  
9,355.  
For Evans County, 34,142;  
against, 9,119.

To provide representatives for  
new counties. For, 32,257; against,  
9,110.

To abolish office of county treas-  
urer when any county gets per-  
mission of the legislature. For, 33,  
379; against, 14,655.

To extend terms of members of  
general assembly till their suc-  
cessors are elected and qualify. For,  
38,378; against, 16,857.

To increase salary of judge of  
Macon circuit. For, 26,789; against,  
14,822.

To establish municipal court in  
Savannah. For, 29,996; against,  
10,246.

The three judges of the court of  
appeals received the following  
votes: R. B. Russell, 50,995; Pey-  
ton L. Wade, 52,733; Nash R.  
Broyles, 52,537.

## Sewing Machines Repairs

The undersigned is prepared to  
do all kinds of repairing on all  
makes of sewing machines, do the  
work promptly accurately and  
reasonably. Give me your work  
and I will give you satisfaction.  
Respectfully,  
J. E. BOYD.

Post Office box 233, headquar-  
ters G. A. Boyd's store, Statesboro,  
Ga.

## A Stitch in Time.

Nobody's ailment is more impor-  
tant than a neglected kidney.  
Don't overlook the slightest backache  
or urinary irregularity. Nature may  
be warning you of approaching  
dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease.  
Kidney disease is seldom fatal if treat-  
ed in time, but neglect may pay the  
way. Don't neglect a lame or aching  
back another day. Don't ignore dizzy  
spells, irregular or discolored urine,  
headaches, weakness or depression  
if you feel you need kidney help begin  
using the reliable, true French  
Doan's Kidney Pills. For 10 years  
Doan's have been found effective. Re-  
sults by Statesboro people.  
Mrs. G. H. Meek, 48 N. Main St., States-  
boro, says: "Whenver my back gives  
out I am feeling run down from my  
kidney trouble. I use Doan's Kidney  
Pills and they never fail to bring me  
back to normal. My work is made easier  
after using this remedy. Another of  
the family has used Doan's Kidney  
Pills with the results. We can recom-  
mend them highly."

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Sa-  
vannah and Statesboro Railway Com-  
pany has made application to the  
Railroad Commission of Georgia for  
authority to discontinue operation of  
passenger trains known as Nos. 24  
and 25, between Cuyler, Ga. and Savannah,  
Ga.

This application has been assigned  
for hearing before the Railroad Com-  
mission at its office at the state capitol  
in Atlanta at the meeting of the Com-  
mission to be held Thursday, Novem-  
ber 14th, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., and  
parties desiring to be heard in con-  
nection with the matter should com-  
municate with the Commission at Atlanta  
on or before the date above indicated.  
This notice is published in accordance  
with the requirements of the Railroad  
Commission of Georgia.

Savannah & Statesboro Railway Co.,  
By J. Randolph Anderson, Pres.

## HUNTING SEASON TO OPEN FRIDAY, NOV. 20.

Largest Crop of Birds in  
Years. To Rigidity Enforce  
the Law. License Sale is  
Heavy.

(Augusta Chronicle)  
One week from Friday the hunt-  
ing season for 1914 and 1915 will  
open and hunters all over the  
state are eagerly awaiting the time.

Reports received from all about  
the state indicate one of the largest  
crops of birds in years, showing  
the good effects of the game laws.  
State Game Warden Davis has sent  
out instructions to his wardens  
to exercise due diligence to see  
that the regulations are properly  
observed without fear or favor.

It is expected that there will be  
less trouble in regard to the law  
than usual, since the people gener-  
ally now understand the rules and  
regulations, hence are not so li-  
able to break them.

Sportsmen about the state are  
greatly aided in proper enforce-  
ment, as they realize that it is the  
game hog and pot-hunters that  
kill the game off and ruin their  
own sport.

The open season for quail, doves  
wild turkey gophers and plovers  
runs from November 20th to March  
1st. Snipe can be killed from De-  
cember 1st to May 1st. Woodcock  
summer or wood duck from De-  
cember 1st to January 1st. Deer from  
October 1st to December 1st. Cat-  
squirrel's from August 1st to Janu-  
ary 1st. No fox squirrel can be  
killed at any time prior to January  
1st, 1915.

Baiting fields for doves or other  
game birds is strictly forbidden by  
the law. There has been some  
trouble each year over this section  
of the law, but none has been re-  
ported so far.

The kill is limited to twenty-  
five birds or quail for each hunter  
per day. A heavy sale of licenses  
is reported from all over the state.

## Notice of Application for Dis- charge in Bankruptcy.

District Court of the United States,  
Eastern Division, Southern District  
of Georgia. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of W. A. Goin, bank-  
rupt, county of Bulloch, Ga.  
To the creditors of the above named  
debtor.

You are hereby notified that the  
above mentioned bankrupt has filed  
his application for a discharge from  
all the debts payable in bankruptcy  
against the said W. A. Goin.

The said application will be heard  
by the Hon. Emory Speer, judge of the  
United States District Court for said  
district, at the United States court-  
house, at Savannah, on the 12 day  
of December, 1914.

COOK CLAYTON, Clerk.

## Notice of First Meeting

In the District Court of the United  
States for the Southern District of  
Georgia, Eastern Division.

In the matter of Henry Miller, in  
bankruptcy, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Henry Miller, a  
merchant, of Pulaski Ga., in the  
county of Bulloch and district afore-  
said, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the  
16th day of November, 1914, the above  
named party was duly adjudicated a  
bankrupt, and that the first meeting  
of his creditors will be held at the  
office of the Referee in Bankruptcy,  
County building, Savannah, Ga., on the  
21 day of November, 1914, at 12 o'clock  
noon, city time, at which time the said  
creditors may attend, prove their  
claims, examine a trustee, examine the  
bankrupt and transact such other  
business as may properly come before  
said meeting.

A. H. McDONELL, Referee in Bankruptcy.  
Savannah, Ga., Nov. 11, 1914.

Att'y for bankrupt.

## BEN A DEAL.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Office: Dr. Holland's Old  
Stand,  
So. Main St., STATESBORO, GA.

## MONEY TO LOAN

We make five year loans on im-  
proved Bulloch county farms at  
the lowest rates. Plenty of money  
all the time. Twenty years expe-  
rience business.

MOORE & HERRINGTON,  
8-6m Statesboro, Ga.

## Wanted—An Assistant Book keeper, 202 Years of Age

A member of the St. Paul As-  
sociation of Credit Men, wishing  
to secure an assistant bookkeeper,  
dictated an advertisement for a  
daily paper. He asked for appli-  
cations for the position from men  
in the vicinity of twenty years of  
age. Through an error of the  
compositor the two in the twenty  
was repeated, making it read two  
hundred and two years old. In  
spite of this requirement, there  
were fifty replies, one of which  
was the following:

"Dear Sir: Your ad in tonight's  
Dispatch interests me (it would  
interest any one but a dead-un)

"Knowing how delightful the  
work in a wholesale establishment  
is, the princely salaries, short  
hours and entrancing environments  
(I've known rich wholesalers to  
allow themselves to be pried out of  
as high as \$4 85 a week for an  
assistant bookkeeper, and then  
only require 18 hours' work at a  
stretch), I immediately set this  
application in motion.

"My name is Eben Hzekiah  
Lightfoot, and I am some chicken  
when it comes to adding 'figgers.'  
I was born in Lyszytown, N. J.,  
June 32, 1710, and father started  
in 'figgerin' the very first day as  
to how in damnation he was going  
to feed me and clothe me and  
keep me up to be a real honest-  
to-goodness assistant bookkeeper."

"I remember when De Soto dis-  
covered the Mississippi, and the  
Boston Tea Party, and I used to  
call General Washington 'Gawg.'"

"Although I am not just ex-  
actly 202 years of age, the fact  
that I am ten days over that will  
not, I trust, keep me from the po-  
sition. I'm as sound as a dollar,  
eyesight perfect, eat three square  
a day, and have clawed Horseshoe  
to backer all my life."

"Gee, I'd give all the money in  
the world if you'd make me an  
assistant bookkeeper in a whole-  
sale office."

"I'm rapid, all right, too, espe-  
cially with a highball or two tick-  
ed under my belt, and when it  
comes to accuracy, old Buffalo Bill  
with his sixteen shooter is a mere  
child in comparison."

"I tell you that it isn't these  
young bunces that's making this  
world move. It's the assistant  
bookkeepers 202 years old, and  
Roosevelt, and big-hearted whole-  
salers and such that do things."

"I had a chance to be a bank  
cashier, but there's nothing doing  
for me if I can get that assistant  
bookkeeping job. Me for 'figgers'  
every time."

"All I ask is that I be given a  
vacation on my 200th birthday,  
and that if some crazy auto driver  
should happen to drive over me  
and kill me dead, that you send  
word to my dear old mother, who  
906 years old the tenth of this  
month."

"Don't write. Takes too gosh  
damned long. Wire me."

"Yours,  
"EBEN."

## Notice

Friday afternoon, Nov. 20th,  
at 2:30 o'clock in the lower floor  
of the masonic lodge, the United  
Daughters of the Confederacy  
will have a short program, after  
which crosses of honor will be be-  
stowed on the following gentlemen,  
who must be there to receive them:  
Geo. W. Bank, B. W. Darsey,  
W. A. Hodges, J. J. Minney, W.  
D. Waters, W. R. Whitaker.

The public are cordially invited  
to attend these exercises.

## Cotton Insurance

Send us for rates on your Cotton  
stored on your farm, you will find  
insurance cheap.

B. B. Sorrier Ins & R. E. Ag. ney.  
Statesboro, Ga.

## Malaria or Chills & Fever

Prescription No. 966 is prepared especially  
for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER.  
Five or six doses will break any case, and  
if taken then as a tonic the fever will not  
return. It acts on the liver better than  
Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days  
Your druggist will refund money if P. 220  
DIETARY fails to cure any case of Piles.  
First application gives ease and relief. 14 days  
the first application gives ease and relief. 14 days

## FOUR CROP CLUBS • THIS YEAR •

Advanced Work For Boy's  
Clubs For Which the Corn  
Club Paved the Way.

Percheron Mares, Shorthorn  
Bulls and Berkshire Pigs  
As Prizes.

Four Crop Clubs are being organized  
this year in the counties of Georgia and  
Alabama, interested by the Central of  
Georgia Railway. For the past three  
years this railway has given prizes to the  
winners of Boy's Corn Clubs. In  
1911 fine mules were given as State  
Prizes, and \$25 cash in each county. In  
1912 and 1913, the State Prizes were  
Percheron Mares, with pure-bred Berke-  
shire Boars as County Prizes. The man-  
agement of the road is so well pleased  
with the results of their efforts to en-  
courage the Corn Club work that they are  
offering still better prizes for the new  
Four Crop Clubs this year, believing that  
the boys should be given a chance to show  
that they can grow other crops as well as  
corn, and that similar methods to those  
that were so successful on their acres of  
corn will make large yields of cotton, oats,  
and cowpeas hay.

The members of the Four Crop Clubs  
will each cultivate three acres, one acre  
in cotton, one in corn, and one in cowpea  
hay. The original plan included a crop  
of oats preceding the cowpea hay (the oats  
being the fourth crop), but the oats will  
not be required this year because the  
Clubs could not be organized in time for  
all the boys to plant an acre of oats. The  
name of Four Crop Clubs will be re-  
tained, however, and Clubs again organ-  
ized next fall to carry out the complete  
Four Crop system in 1915.

Any boy between the ages of 10 and 21,  
who lives in a county of Alabama or Geo-  
ria, which is traversed by the Central of  
Georgia Railway, may enter the contest  
if he can get three acres of ground to  
cultivate in cotton, corn and cowpea hay.  
If three acres in a body are not avail-  
able, three separated acres may be used.  
The prizes will be awarded for the best  
total yield from these three crops at the  
greatest net profit, and a written account  
of how the crops were made will be re-  
quired. The acre in corn will also be  
entered for any local County or State  
Corn Contest.

The Central of Georgia Railway will  
give to the winner of the Four Crop Club  
Contest in each county traversed by its  
line a pure-bred Shorthorn Bull, provid-  
ed there are twenty-five or more entries  
in the County Contest. In case twenty-  
five entries can not be secured in a coun-  
ty, but five or more boys enter the Con-  
test, a pure-bred Berkshire Boar will be  
the prize.

The State Prizes will be high-grade  
Percheron Mares—one for the Georgia  
winner and one for the Alabama winner.  
The best showing in the State  
Contest for Four Crop Club Contests  
will show April 1.

Entries for the contest should be  
forwarded through the local school teacher  
to the County School Commissioner, who  
will send them to the District and State  
Organizers of the United States Depart-  
ment of Agriculture in cooperation with  
the Georgia State College of Agriculture  
and the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.  
Instructions in regard to preparation of  
soil, planting, cultivation, etc., will then  
be sent them.

The pure-bred bulls given as County  
Prizes should stimulate an interest in  
the raising of beef cattle, which is certain  
to be a very profitable industry for this  
section, particularly when the cattle tick  
has been eradicated. The improvement shown  
by the offspring of pure-bred bulls crossed  
with native cows will be a striking ob-  
jection of the advantages of raising a bet-  
ter grade of cattle.

It is very necessary to encourage the  
best methods of growing cotton, in view  
of the steady advance of the boll weevil  
toward this section, for cotton can not be  
successfully grown in the presence of the  
weevil unless the very best farming meth-  
ods are used. The Four Crop Contests  
will also demonstrate a more nearly com-  
plete crop system and lay the foundation  
for a good demonstration of a three-year  
crop rotation.

Will cure your Rheumatism  
Neuralgia, Headache, Cramps,  
Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts  
and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects  
Etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used inter-  
nally and externally. Price 25c.

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## Which Hotel?

For real good service, com-  
fortable rooms, splendid meals  
moderate prices, and conven-  
ient location, visit

THE NEW LANIER,  
MACON, GA.

## "Reliability"

== THAT'S WHY ==

OUR BUSINESS IS  
GROWING DAILY

Telephone 18

## YELLOW PINE LUMBER FOR SALE

The undersigned is prepared to furnish on short  
notice Yellow Pine Lumber, sawed to bill. We are  
located in the pine belt of timber and will give  
your order prompt attention and fill it with good  
lumber. For prices and further particulars ap-  
ply to

C. T. HODGES & CO.  
CLITO, GA.

## Savannah & Statesboro R'y.

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## Good Old Days

The "Good old days" you hear so much about,  
were no doubt good because people then didn't  
know any better.

But how would you like to go back to the  
days of the stage coach, the tallow dip, the flint-lock  
and the spinning wheel? It wouldn't do now.  
Neither would you care to use con skins for money.  
A check book is much more handy. In no way is the  
change greater from the good old days than in finan-  
cial affairs. You will find every modern conven-  
ience in this line at our bank.

## Bank of Statesboro

Executor's Sale

Death of W. A. Donehoo

Hog Worth More Than Cotton

Comparative Statement of the Condition of

The First National Bank,

October 31st, 1914.

Condensed From Report to Comptroller of the Currency

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts

Overdrafts

Real Estate

Furniture and Fixtures

U. S. Bonds

Cash on hand, in other Banks and with U. S.

Treasurer

TOTAL

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock

Surplus and Undivided Profits

National Bank Notes Outstanding

Deposits

Bills Payable

TOTAL

308 Congress St. W., Savannah, Ga.

## Opening of Fair

General Verdict That Fair is  
Most Creditable. More  
Exhibits Coming.

(Savannah News)  
Under the most auspicious cir-  
cumstances the District Fair was  
formally opened at 6 o'clock yes-  
terday afternoon.

The attendance on the first night  
exceeded the expectations of the  
management. Several thousand  
people passed through the gates,  
the neighboring counties being  
well represented in the opening  
crowd. The people started com-  
ing as soon as the gates were  
opened and there was a steady  
stream until after 11 o'clock.

It was the general verdict of the  
crowd that the fair is a most cred-  
itable one, although many of the  
exhibits are yet to arrive and ev-  
erything will not be in tip-top con-  
dition until Saturday. Every de-  
partment of the fair was praised  
and the management was congrat-  
ulated on getting up the best fair  
Savannah has ever had.

PINE AGRICULTURAL DISPLAY  
Most of the visitors found reason  
to interest them in the agricul-  
tural building. The exhibits in this  
building are not complete. J. R.  
Miller, president of the fair asso-  
ciation, announced that three car-  
loads of exhibits are on the way  
and will be in place to-day or to-  
morrow. Already there is an ex-  
cellent array of agricultural prod-  
ucts in the building, however.

Nearly everything Georgia soil  
can produce is on exhibition, from  
watermelons to peanuts. The  
North Georgia counties are repre-  
sented on the southern side of the  
building and the Southern Geo-  
ria counties on the northern side.  
Visitors will find many surprises  
in the agricultural exhibits, not  
only in the size of the products  
but in the diversity of them.

MANY FINE BIRDS  
Running down the center of the  
agricultural building is a double  
row of booths, taken by com-  
mercial concerns and other organ-<







# Will Farmers Stick Together

Everybody is giving the farmers advice, but will they take it and not be hoodwinked by politicians and speculators? If we judge the future by the past there is reason to doubt. Many years ago the farmers organized themselves into what they called the "Grange," but, unfortunately, they admitted anyone who had a patch planted in his back yard and he was called a farmer. In a few years the politicians and speculators got control of it and ran it in the ground, though it still exists in some of the western states by remodeling some of their rules.

A few years later the farmers organized what they called "Farmers' Alliances," excluding all politicians and speculators. This proved a power in the land, by opening the eyes of the farmers and they stuck together well for several years. But, Oh! what abuse they received from politicians and speculators! Many of its members became weak-kneed and afraid of the opposition, while some others began to want office, and the consequence was the thing "hushed."

And now comes the "Farmers Union," a fine thing for the agricultural classes, and it, too, has done a good work, but it seems to be on the down grade, and many seem to lose interest in it to their own harm. A very few years ago the Farmers Union of this county met in Statesboro and resolved to cart their cotton crop the next year and requested and urged every farmer to do the same. I saw this as published in the papers. During that year my business called me over most of the county, and I saw more cotton growing than I had ever seen growing any one year before. In the spring of that year I saw a man plowing in his field and I asked him what he was going to plant there, and he said cotton, as he understood that the cotton crop was going to be curtailed that year and now was his time to make it as he thought the price would be good. And so it is.

It seems hard to get farmers to stick together like other professions.

We are now facing a problem that is hard to solve. Some say that a law should be enacted to compel farmers to cart their cotton crop to a certain acreage, but it is doubtful if that would accomplish anything. Suppose I plant fifteen acres and claim that I had only ten; who would doubt it, or who would measure it to see if I had told the truth? It seems to me if we had such a law, it would be necessary to employ several surveyors in each county to find who had violated the law. If the cotton crop were curtailed throughout the entire cotton belt it certainly would be the right thing to do, but Georgia alone would be but a small drop in the bucket.

B. W. D.

# Going Back to His Life Work

Rev. G. Horace Whitaker, who gave up his work in the Salvation Army several years ago, and purchased a home on Route 1, on account of the ill health of his wife, will, by reason of his convictions of his call to this special work and the fact that Mrs. Whitaker has regained her health, set back and will, by reason of his longings at his home, on November 25th and return to his work with the Salvation Army.

# Money to Loan

We are in a position to negotiate loans on good security. Our offices open every day and on Sunday 10-22 MOORE & HERRINGTON.

# TRAMP "A-No. 1" IS NOW

# FATHER OF DAUGHTER

Man is Well Known in Savannah When He Was En Four.

A friend of "A-No. 1," the tramp who passed through Savannah many times while wandering about the country, has received a notice that the man is now the father of a daughter. He is well known in Savannah, having made many friends on his visits here. The following article from an Erie paper received concerning the birth of the child.

"The man who for thirty years lived the life of a tramp, not through necessity but because of the desire which he called 'wanderlust'—who finally settled in Erie, just before Perry County last year and who was married to an Erie girl in January has been a father. A daughter was born at St. Vincent's Hospital this (Wednesday) morning to Mr. and Mrs. Leon Kay Livingston, 248 East Sixth street.

"Since his marriage in January many Erie people have become acquainted with the man, who made a name for himself as a 'howl' and were surprised to find one of the expected traits in the man. Always a perfect gentleman and a most desirable citizen in every way, Mr. Livingston has made many friends here.

"Although he spent practically all of his life 'on the road' as he termed it, Mr. Livingston has never wished to leave his home since he met and married Miss Mary Aigal Trohski, of this city. His home on East Sixth street has always been a happy one, and the eccentric man cannot understand now how he happened to spend so many years roaming about the country without realizing what he was missing in not having a home.

"A-No. 1" has devoted all his time, since he became a resident of this city, to writing books, the fifth one is now off the press.

"I'm glad it was a girl," said the famous rambler. "Had it been a boy I would always have had the fear that he would run away and lead such a life as I led for so long."

—Savannah News.

# Don't Mistake the Cause.

Many Statesboro People Have Kidney Trouble and Do Not Know It. Do you have backache? Are you tired and worn out? Feel dizzy and depressed? Are the kidney secretions irregular? Highly colored? Contain sediment? Likely your kidneys are at fault.

Weak kidneys give warning of distress. Heed the warning; don't delay. Use a tested remedy. Read this Savannah testimony.

S. C. Gardner & Maupia Ave., Savannah, Ga., says: "I have given Doan's Kidney Pills a thorough trial and I believe they are the best kidney remedy to be had. I suffered from weakness of my kidneys and when I was almost down and out with the trouble, Doan's Kidney Pills came to my aid and fixed me up all right. Whenever I have felt in need of a kidney medicine since, I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills and they have always been very beneficial."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't slip. Ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Mock had. Foster-McMullen Co., Props.

# SHIP YOUR

Pork, Chickens, Eggs, Potatoes, Syrup, Etc., TO

**L. J. Nevill**

Successor to

**L. J. Nevill & Company**

Southwest Corner Congress and Jefferson Streets

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Groceries, Hay

Grain and Provisions

Consignments of Country Produce

Especially Solicited.

FAIR TREATMENT AND PROMPT RETURNS

Make Us Your Headquarters While in the City

# BESSIE TIFT GETS

# SUPPORT OF BAPTISTS

State Convention Will Allow Shorter College to Withdraw.

By Rev. Alex W. Beeler.

Carrollton, Ga., Nov. 17.—The Georgia Baptist convention met this morning in the Tabernacle Church. The war affected the attendance for it was smaller than usual.

Dr. John D. Moll, of Athens was re-elected president by acclamation. R. C. Norman, of Washington, C. W. Sherman of West Point, J. A. Wynn of Quitman, M. L. Dugan of Sparta were elected vice presidents. B. D. Ragsdale was re-elected secretary and he appointed A. M. Bennett of Norman Park as his assistant.

The Bessie Tift-Shorter matter was brought before the convention by Dr. J. E. White of Atlanta in the report called attention to the financial strain now upon Bessie Tift and stressed the thought that the debt should be lifted or the life of the college would be endangered.

Knowing the difficulty experienced in maintaining the two colleges, the board recommends that shorter legal steps shall be necessary to sever her connection with the Georgia Baptist convention. The board recommends that at the same time that the convention shall give its endorsement and official support to extend her field of usefulness to become a college for all the Southern Baptist convention.

The convention will adopt the report and thus a matter which threatened to cause a big fight in the body will be heaved. The great task of Georgia Baptist just now will be to wipe out the debt from Bessie Tift.

# Hold John Brown

# On Serious Charge

John Brown, alias "Sun" Brown, was taken yesterday morning by Deputy Sheriff J. H. Green to Statesboro, where he is wanted on a charge of assault with intent to murder a man Sunday afternoon by shooting him in the stomach by shooting him in the stomach with a revolver. Brown had been arrested by Officer Williams at Blitchton Sunday night and brought to Savannah and placed in the police station.

According to Officer Green, Brown became involved in an argument with another man in Statesboro and shot. He made his getaway. Officer Williams was visiting relatives at Blitchton. He was ready to return to Savannah when a conductor on the Savannah & Statesboro train pointed out Brown to him. The arrest was made. Police Chief Meldrum notified the authorities of the arrest and Officer Green came to Savannah for him.—Savannah News.

# We Pay Ten Cents Per Pound For Cotton

Basis good middling, in exchange for merchandise of the highest quality.

We are complete Outfitters for Men, Women and Children. Our House is the only store in this city in which you can obtain your full line of supplies, Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear, Millinery, Trunks, House Furnishings, etc. at one place.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

OUR DEPARTMENT OF LADIES' CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' FURNISHINGS, AND MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING IS THE PRIDE OF THIS SECTION.

Full Line of HOLIDAY GOODS now on display.

Call first and get first pick.

LOCATED OPPOSITE THE UNION STATION AND NEAR THE CENTRAL DEPOT, MAKES TRADING VERY CONVENIENT.

We are out of the high rent district.

A CALL WILL CONVINCE A VISIT FROM EVERY HOUSE IN THE DISTRICT IS SOLICITED.

REMEMBER: We are the only merchants accepting cotton for cash.

# MARCUS & COMPANY

DEPARTMENT STORE

408-10 W. Broad St. 1-1 Opposite Union Station

Savannah, Georgia

# 'Eventually'

WHY NOT

# NOW?

Statesboro Dry Cleaning Co.

PHONE 18

"Ask Your Neighbor"

# THE LEADERS TRAPNELL-MIKELL CO.

FOR QUALITY MERCHANDISE

And the Bargain Cash Sale continues indefinitely until stock is reduced to half, though the sale is a success in every detail, and at the speed we are going, it wont take long to half it. Our daily cash sales are double and triple our expectations at the beginning. Though, considering the financial conditions of the country, our business has been very good all the fall, and we owe this to the fact that the public knows we give dollar for dollar in honest merchandise at all times, and when we advertise bargains it means great values. This is what you may call a mutual benefit sale—we help you and you help us. We are going to make this bargain sale equal to 7c and 8c cotton. We know without the patronage of the public we can't exist, and with conditions like they are just now, we are going to show you our appreciation for the past by selling you good, clean merchandise at just about cost and some things less than cost until our stock is reduced to half. We will give you Savannah prices for your cotton in trade, or on accounts. This is just as plain as we know how to tell you that we are your friend, and are willing to share the losses with you. Now join the masses of satisfied shoppers that attend this sale daily. A hint to the wise is sufficient.

# TRAPNELL-MIKELL COMPANY

# G. A. ELLIS & CO.

NEAR BEER, TOBACCO AND CIGARS

To my friends in Statesboro and Bul-

lock county: I am no more with J.

G. Ellipoulos & Co. We will be at the

First Georgia District Fair Grounds,

On NOVEMBER 18 to the 28th, 1914,

we will have in stock the best brands

of all goods, don't fail to come to the

far, don't fail to do business with us.

We give all orders prompt attention.

Wednesday, Nov. 25—Metter,

7:30 to 10:00. Pulaski, 10:30 to

11:30. Register, 12:00 to 1:30

p. m. Berrian Cobb, 2:30 to 3:00.

1320 G. M. District, 3:30 to 4:00.

Monday, Nov. 30—Porter, 8:00

to 9:30. Aaron, 10:00 to 10:30.

T. J. Hart at dinner. 46 G. M.

District, 1:30 to 2:00. J. S. Mix-

on, 2:30 to 3:00. 1575 G. M. Dis-

trict, 4:00 to 4:30.

I will be in Statesboro from

Dec. 1 until Dec. 20.

M. R. AKINS, T. C. B. C.

# School Entertainment

Our school will give an entertainment at the Bragg Schoolhouse, near Mr. Horace Hagins, on November 27th. Oysters and other edibles will be served, the proceeds of the supper to be used for the benefit of the school and the grounds.

The public is cordially invited to come out and help in a worthy cause. MISS EMMIE WILLIAMS, Teacher.

# Milch Cow For Sale

Anyone wishing to buy a good, young, Jersey milch cow, with better calf, would do well to communicate with W. D. DEAL, 18-11 Statesboro, Ric. 1

If you have any clay plas or other kinds of peas for sale, write us, we want them.

The Simmons Produce Co., 236 St. Julian St., A. Savannah

A G. Mann Silver Vandy. One

given free with each 50c purchase

of REX ALLI remedies.—Franklin

Drug Co. Store.

We have a new shipment INITIAL

Correspondence Cards. Give us

an order and select your box. We

have all letters in GOLD.—Frank

lin Drug Co.

Mr. Jerome Follette, the experi-

enced man, is in Statesboro for a

few days. If you want him to

take your place, drop him a card

or write order at the Reunite

House.

# Tax Collector's Third

# and Last Round

Monday, Nov. 23.—Clito, 7:30

to 8:00. 43 G. M. District, 8:30

to 9:00. Brakley, 9:30 to 12:00

Stills in, 1:00 to 2:00 p. m. Ivan-

hoe, 2:30 to 3:00. P. H. Lanier,

4:00 to 4:30. J. D. McElveen at

night.

Tuesday, Nov. 24.—1340 G. M.

District, 7:30 to 8:00. Jan. C.

Denmark, 8:30 to 9:00. 1547 G.

M. District, 9:30 to 10:00. B. D.

Hodges, 10:30 to 11:00. Jims

Kennedy at dinner. 44 G. M.

District, 1:00 to 1:30 p. m. Si-

mon Berroughs, 2:30 to 3:00.

Joshua Everette, 3:30 to 4:00.

Geo. Trapnell at night.

Wednesday, Nov. 25.—Metter,

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few days. If you want him to

take your place, drop him a card

or write order at the Reunite

House.

# Mrs. E. B. Blackburn Injured

Mr. E. B. Blackburn, of Brook-

let, left here for Macon Friday

to bring Mrs. Blackburn home, who

was seriously injured several days

ago by jumping from a burning

street car. Mrs. Blackburn was

returning from the state fair

grounds when the car she was rid-

ing on, by some means, caught

fire and stopped on a trestle 12

feet high. The conductor immedi-

ately called for all to jump.

Mrs. Blackburn sustained severe

injuries on the head and other

parts of the body. She was car-

ried to her daughter's home, Mrs.

J. M. Pope, where she was cared

for.

# A Shining Improvement

Our county commissioners and

the Ordinary have added materi-

ally to the efficiency of the town

clock by having lights placed at

much of the dials, which is a great

convenience to those having to

travel at night. Heretofore the

clock has been of little use at night

as the hours could not be read.

# GEORGIA MINISTER FINDS TRUE

# DELIVERANCE FROM BOOILY ILLS



## Fire Place Fairy Tales

By J. WILLARD BOLTE

## THE ANT VILLAGE.

Johanne and Jessie had just finished their supper and they felt all nice and comfy and just a little sleepy. But sleepy, Johanne and Jessie were twins, almost five years old, and they loved each other very much.

They got down from their chairs at the little white dining-room table that was all their very own, and went into the big living room. Daddy had just built a wood fire in the big fireplace, and the pretty yellow and red and blue flames were leaping and jumping as if they meant to jump right up the chimney.

Mother Dearest was sitting in the big leather chair in front of the fire and she had her prettiest white dress on. The twins climbed up in her chair, one on each side, and snuggled up as close as could be, while she rocked them and sang a sweet, low song about the Sandman who was coming soon.

A spark caught upon the black bricks at the back of the fireplace and the twins watched the fire as it grew up and down in long, bright lines, and suddenly they saw the ashes under the blazing logs begin to move about, and out of them jumped the funniest, tiniest little man in all the world.

The little man jumped clear out of the ashes onto the bricks and began to dance and snap his fingers in the firelight.

"I'm the Sandman," he said, "and

Johnnie said that it looked just like the cow path in the pasture. They were very tired and hot so they went down to rest in the shade of a large clover leaf. Soon they heard a funny noise and around the corner of the path there came two big black ants, walking backward and pulling after them a dead caterpillar. The Ants looked as big as horses and the Twins were very much frightened but the Sandman followed them until they came to a large bare hill with lots of other Ants running about on top of it.

The Sandman ran up the hill and popped down a black hole, and the Twins ran right after him as fast as they could. It was nice and cool in there and the hole was a regular tunnel, running deep into the ground. As the twins came to a big round room with white eggs all over the floor, and in one corner of the room they saw the largest Ant they had ever seen in their lives. She had beautiful wings like a bee, and there were several other Ants gathered about her, feeding her with choice foods and stroking her with their long feelers.

"That's the Queen Ant," whispered the Sandman. "She lays all the eggs for the whole tribe and it keeps her so very busy that she hardly ever leaves the house. She is the mother of all these other Ants and they love her very much."

Just then a little Ant began to poke its head out of the end of one of the white eggs nearest to where they

## HUNTING THE SHOE

By H. M. EGBERT.

All the way over Nicholson had tried to make the acquaintance of the girl in brown, but, try as hard as he could, he failed to elicit anything more than a parting greeting from her. She was named Mary Martin, and he overheard her telling the steward that she was a school teacher and spending her vacation on a tour of the British cities.

Nicholson was making a pleasure tour. He was one of those fortunate young men who have sufficient income to make work unnecessary. Not that he was an idler. He meant to take up sociology seriously—was, in fact, on his way to England at the invitation of a friend, to attend some crowded political meetings in the Black Country, the industrial part of the Midlands.

The girl in brown would not say anything more than "good-morning" and "good-evening," she even seemed to resent Nicholson's attempts to force himself upon her, the young man thought. So, by the time the voyage was half ended he had left her severely alone.

It was one of the greatest disappointments that he had ever had. He was not an unduly impressionable young man, but the girl in brown had made a profound impression upon his heart. There is some inner sense that tells us whether these affairs have in them the possibility of permanence. Nicholson felt that he could love the girl in brown—given propriety for the development of his passion—until he died.

However, love must have responsiveness, and by the time he reached Oxford he had only a pitiful, mellowed memory of her. He put up at Queen's hotel. His room was on a long corridor, and as he entered it he heard light footsteps coming along

Nicholson was hardly articulate when he saw her. They had never stood face to face before. Now Mary Martin, with her face covered with blushes, which followed each other across it with remarkable rapidity.

"I am really very sorry," explained Nicholson, "it was that fool Boots' fault. He thought—"

He cursed himself for a donkey under his breath, for he could see that Miss Martin understood only too well what Boots had thought. But she only said: "Will you kindly give me my shoe?"

"Thank you kindly, sir," said Nicholson, and he took out the shoe, wrapped neatly in paper.

"I am very sorry to have caused you so much trouble," said Nicholson, "but it was not my fault, don't you?"

"I'll tell you in a minute," Miss Martin answered. "Happily wait. It is no matter, but the girl in brown, because you will be stopped by the doorkeeper. He knows."

"What do you mean?" Nicholson demanded.

"For answer Miss Martin carefully extracted the shoe from the parcel and, to Nicholson's surprise, began to pronounce the words: 'The heel came out and out of the hollow interior there fell one, two, three, four, five hundred-dollar bills.'"

"You mean 'thank heaven'!" she cried. "I was down to my last dollar. Oh-h-h!"

And suddenly Miss Martin went into something that very closely resembled hysterics. And she knew what he was doing he found himself bending over her and imploring her to be calm.

"Can you ever forgive me?" she pleaded.

"Why would you speak to me on the boat?" he asked.

"Because I was so afraid," she answered. "I knew your Europe was full of confidence men, and you—you looked at my shoes so hard. I put the shoes outside to bluff you, because I thought—"

"I thought you would never dream that I would put the shoe with the money in it outside the door. And, and—I thought you had followed me."

"I didn't," answered Nicholson boldly. "but, as a fellow-countryman, I'm going to now, to see that you get into any more trouble and—for other reasons."

And something in the girl's look encouraged him to believe that she was not wholly unwillful.

(Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.)

Unless All Signs Fail.

Mrs. Commuter, basely deserted by her maid at the eleventh hour, mobilized a Swedish servant in desperation for the dinner party. All the English the new domestic understood was to stand at the eleventh hour, but an hour's drill put her in some shape for service. The dinner went well until dessert. The Swedish foreigner-finger-bowls which Mrs. Commuter had already disappeared under the cover of the table illustrating the washing and drying of hands. The Swedish domestic, with a look of surprise, dashed frantically toward the station. Nicholson sank back against the cushions. Well, of course, Boots had rectified the blunder. No doubt he had

located the odd shoes, returned them to their places, and—but had he? Nicholson opened the bag and looked inside. There lay the dreadful old shoe, his Aunt's shoe, his Aunt's high-heeled shoe, beside his own! Nicholson gasped. Well, nothing could be done now. He resolved to send the shoe back that night with a letter of apology. He thrust his suitcase across the baggage counter, received his check, and dashed into his friend's waiting for him at the other end, but there was no suitcase.

"I checked it," said Nicholson. "I thought it would come on the same train."

"You what?" asked the other.

"I don't know what you mean by checking it," replied his friend. "If you had a guard put your bag into the baggage car, and then you would have it. Why—good heavens, man, don't you see that you let it at the parcels room? It's waiting for you there, no doubt, and it cost you two pence Country, the industrial part of the Midlands."

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"I thought you would never dream that I would put the shoe with the money in it outside the door. And, and—I thought you had followed me."

"I didn't," answered Nicholson boldly. "but, as a fellow-countryman, I'm going to now, to see that you get into any more trouble and—for other reasons."

And something in the girl's look encouraged him to believe that she was not wholly unwillful.

(Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.)

Unless All Signs Fail.

Mrs. Commuter, basely deserted by her maid at the eleventh hour, mobilized a Swedish servant in desperation for the dinner party. All the English the new domestic understood was to stand at the eleventh hour, but an hour's drill put her in some shape for service. The dinner went well until dessert. The Swedish foreigner-finger-bowls which Mrs. Commuter had already disappeared under the cover of the table illustrating the washing and drying of hands. The Swedish domestic, with a look of surprise, dashed frantically toward the station. Nicholson sank back against the cushions. Well, of course, Boots had rectified the blunder. No doubt he had

located the odd shoes, returned them to their places, and—but had he? Nicholson opened the bag and looked inside. There lay the dreadful old shoe, his Aunt's shoe, his Aunt's high-heeled shoe, beside his own! Nicholson gasped. Well, nothing could be done now. He resolved to send the shoe back that night with a letter of apology. He thrust his suitcase across the baggage counter, received his check, and dashed into his friend's waiting for him at the other end, but there was no suitcase.

"I checked it," said Nicholson. "I thought it would come on the same train."

"You what?" asked the other.

"I don't know what you mean by checking it," replied his friend. "If you had a guard put your bag into the baggage car, and then you would have it. Why—good heavens, man, don't you see that you let it at the parcels room? It's waiting for you there, no doubt, and it cost you two pence Country, the industrial part of the Midlands."

The girl in brown would not say anything more than "good-morning" and "good-evening," she even seemed to resent Nicholson's attempts to force himself upon her, the young man thought. So, by the time the voyage was half ended he had left her severely alone.

It was one of the greatest disappointments that he had ever had. He was not an unduly impressionable young man, but the girl in brown had made a profound impression upon his heart. There is some inner sense that tells us whether these affairs have in them the possibility of permanence. Nicholson felt that he could love the girl in brown—given propriety for the development of his passion—until he died.

However, love must have responsiveness, and by the time he reached Oxford he had only a pitiful, mellowed memory of her. He put up at Queen's hotel. His room was on a long corridor, and as he entered it he heard light footsteps coming along

Nicholson was hardly articulate when he saw her. They had never stood face to face before. Now Mary Martin, with her face covered with blushes, which followed each other across it with remarkable rapidity.

"I am really very sorry," explained Nicholson, "it was that fool Boots' fault. He thought—"

He cursed himself for a donkey under his breath, for he could see that Miss Martin understood only too well what Boots had thought. But she only said: "Will you kindly give me my shoe?"

"Thank you kindly, sir," said Nicholson, and he took out the shoe, wrapped neatly in paper.

"I am very sorry to have caused you so much trouble," said Nicholson, "but it was not my fault, don't you?"

"I'll tell you in a minute," Miss Martin answered. "Happily wait. It is no matter, but the girl in brown, because you will be stopped by the doorkeeper. He knows."

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## ASK WILSON AND DUTCH QUEEN TO MEDIATE

Now the Psychological Moment to Offer to Effect Peace, Says Editor.

Amsterdam, Nov. 17.—In an editorial under the caption "Is Intervention Possible?" The Handelsblad urges the co-operation of the Queen of the Netherlands and President Wilson of the United States in using "this psychological moment" to offer mediation by these two neutral nations. The editorial says:

"Since, in three and a half months the peoples of Europe and Asia have been drawn into a war of which the original issues now have been forgotten, future ideal results are impossible. The war is fast degenerating in a purposeless conflict, calling upon all the worst passions of all the nations.

"Winter is approaching and the misery everywhere is incredible. The number of dead on battlefields is being increased by numbers of innocent people who are perishing from illness and starvation. Has not the moment come to save what can be saved?

"Two countries are plainly indicated as the ones which should make the first attempt. They are the kingdom of the Netherlands and the United States—the Netherlands, because this country is without enemies and for centuries has been the center of the development of international law; the United States because, through its geographical situation and universally appreciated sentiments and principles, its much honored President can offer his services without arousing suspicion on the part of any of the warring nations.

"This is the moment to act. The possibility which is now offered may never return."

## Government Ownership Panacea is Suggested

Washington, Nov. 18.—Suggestions that government ownership of railroads might offer the most practicable solution of problems confronting the transportation industry in this country, were made in a speech by Laurence B. Finn, of Kentucky, president of the National Association of Railway Commissioners, in his annual address opening the association's twenty-sixth convention.

"Economy demands elimination of competition between public service enterprises, and by force of this economic condition a monopoly in transportation is necessary," said President Finn.

"If a private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable, should not a necessary monopoly be publicly owned?

"The surest way to destroy communism is to guarantee private property security from aggression. The surest way to make effective this guarantee is to prevent private ownership or control of necessary monopolies. If the protecting hand of this nation is necessary to husband the prodigious resources of nature's bounteous gifts to man in the icy lands of Alaska to prevent despoliation at the hands of privately-owned transportation companies, why is it not necessary to protect the meager product of man's labor from the selfsame fate in other parts of our own fair land?"

**BEN A DEAL,**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Office: Dr. Holland's Old Stand,  
So. Main St., STATESBORO, GA.

## MONEY TO LOAN

We make five year loans on improved Bulloch county farms at the lowest rates. Plenty of money all the time. Twenty years continuous business.

**MOORE & HERRINGTON,**  
8-6m Statesboro, Ga.

## Wood for Sale.

I have a good supply of stove wood on hand and will deliver on short notice. Phone 172 and 55.  
O. L. McLenore.

## Superintendent's Corner

Quite a number of Schools have opened the 1915 terms. The attendance in many cases is not very satisfactory. The book question seems to be very much in the way this fall, as we are forced by the state to make a change in several books which is a little hard for some of the patrons to do under existing circumstances. Let us send in and get the benefit of the term as time will pass and the money your child is entitled to will be gone. Too, your child will need all the free schooling he will be allowed. Teachers should do a little missionary work along this line and in this way get a good fall attendance.

All teachers are required to use a school register furnished by the county this term. The board requires this register neatly and completely kept and returned to this office for guide for the teacher who will follow you next year. Be sure to get one keep it from the beginning. It will be of importance to you. Too, your last month's salary will be withheld until this register is returned.

If any school is not supplied with a teacher, please let me know, and I will immediately furnish you, I have quite a number of applicants yet.

Teachers, begin to plan your school gardens and have the pupils plant out appropriate trees on the school grounds. Too, look after your wells or pumps. Do not allow water to stand around your wells or pumps. To do so may cause an epidemic of typhoid or other sickness. If possible, have cement spread around your wells or pumps, to prevent surface water from draining into your water supply.

The prizes to be given to the boys who won in the corn club contest this year are with held for a while longer, yet, satisfactory arrangements have not yet been made for this purpose.

Let every teacher try to make improvements in some way to show that he or she is doing some real good in the community in which he works. Work in such way that the community will speak of your merits after you have left. The state makes the demand this year that all the pupils in the last three grades be made to debate questions pertaining to sanitation and health. Teachers will look after this.

The state now has in each county a board-of-health. It is the duty of teachers to report any epidemic or cases of unsanitary conditions to this body which is composed of the Ordinary, Dr. A. Temple and the County School Superintendent of this county for Bulloch. Too, we want to have quite a number of health lectures given by our best medical talent this term. If you want one of these lectures, let me know and I will make a date and try to supply your demand.

Special notice to the school children of Bulloch county:

Miss Mildred Rutherford will lecture to the school children of Bulloch county next Tuesday evening, Nov. 24, at 8 o'clock. Her subject will be, "The Real Causes of the War Between the States." All school children in and above the seventh grade are specially invited to hear this talented historian make this address. This subject will be the basis for the essays in next years contest.

Miss Rutherford is Historian General of the U. D. C. It is unusual to have an opportunity to hear a person of so great ability in a city so small as Statesboro.

Teachers and pupils will be admitted free. Let every rural teacher come and bring as many of their pupils as possible to hear this lecture. At school auditorium.

Mrs. Julian C. Lane, Pres. U. D. C., Bulloch county.  
B. R. Olliff, C. S. S.

## LET IT BE WRIT MOST PLAINLY. THAT A LIFE FOR A LIFE WILL BE TAKEN

That is the Law of the Land Let it be Enforced—Do Away With it and You Invite and Foster Anarchy

The Augusta Chronicle has received from one of the best known Georgians the following on capital punishment for capital crimes.

## A Word in Favor of Capital Punishment.

Norwood, Ga., Nov. 10, '14  
Editor Chronicle:

In behalf of the people of this splendid old commonwealth, and in behalf of those departed old sages, who, in the glorious past, made our laws for the protection of society, and that liberty might live, I thank you for your able, eloquent and logical article, headed, "Our Judiciary and Capital Punishment."

Your article is timely. Crime was never so rampant. Even in your county a number of murder cases are now on trial. There are more murders, so statistics assert, in the United States than in the balance of Europe, and not one-tenth of the convictions. In England, France, Germany, Russia and even Italy, 85 per cent of the murderers are convicted, and whenever you see a state or nation that believes not in capital punishment, crime becomes more common.

I do not believe that a man lives with red blood in his veins who is not in favor of capital punishment. Let me give you an illustration: A number of years ago I read of a Christian gentleman of a certain county in Georgia, who was summoned as a juror to try a case of murder. He said he was opposed to capital punishment. He went off for cause. A jury commissioner stated to him that he was sorry to hear him so express himself, and asked him if he would not be in favor of capital punishment for a certain crime. He said he would not. In two months after that occurrence in his neighborhood, a black brute, and would have shot him had he overtaken him. But the sheriff caught him, placed him in jail and he was hanged. You see he was in favor of capital punishment at last.

Before the Christian era, Moses, the great law giver, wrote in imperishable letters, "An eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth," and the great Creator said, "He who sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed." These laws were for the protection of society, for the protection of the weak against the strong. Furthermore, if the murderer escaped to a city of refuge he was safe. So, if a murderer is tried here and convicted, his lawyer, like a city of refuge, can carry his case to the supreme court who will right an error.

I do not think a judge on the bench should say he is opposed to a law in sentencing a criminal. When he says he will support the constitution of his state and her laws, when he takes the oath of office, he must remember that a large proportion of our population do not fear a hanging sentence, and a very few ever serve out their sentence, the pardon board being so handy.

I again assert that crime is on the increase and a pseudo sentiment for the criminal is growing. Pistol toting is becoming more and more common and a law-abiding citizen, who regards the law, is liable to be shot down by a pistol bully on the slightest provocation. Do away with capital punishment and you invite and foster anarchy.

Yours truly,

FOR CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

## Cotton Insurance

See us for rates on your Cotton stored on your farm, you will find Insurance cheap.

B. B. Sorrier Ins & R. E. Agency, Statesboro, Ga.

## FOUR CROP CLUBS • THIS YEAR •

Advanced Work For Boy's Clubs For Which the Corn Club Paved the Way.

Percheron Mares, Shorthorn Bulls and Berkshire Pigs As Prizes.

Four Crop Clubs are being organized this year in the counties of Georgia and Alabama traversed by the Central of Georgia Railway. For the past three years this railway has given prizes to the winners of Boys' Corn Club Contests. In 1911 fine mules were given as State Prizes, and \$25 cash in each county. In 1912 and 1913, the State Prizes were Percheron Mares, with pure-bred Berkshire Boms as County Prizes. The management of the road is so well pleased with the results of their efforts to encourage the Corn Club work that they are offering still better prizes for the new Four Crop Clubs this year, believing that the boys should be given a chance to show that they can grow other crops as well as corn, and that similar methods to those that were so successful on their acres of corn will make large yields of cotton, oats, and cowpea hay.

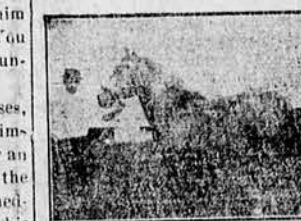


CENTRAL OF GEORGIA 1913 PRIZE, WON BY WALKER LEE DUNSON, ALEXANDER CITY, ALA., WORLD'S CHAMPION CORN GROWER, 212 BUSHELS ON ONE ACRE.

The members of the Four Crop Clubs will each cultivate three acres, one acre in cotton, one in corn, and one in cowpea hay. The original plan included a crop of oats preceding the cowpea hay (the oats being the fourth crop), but the oats will not be required this year because the Clubs could not be organized in time for all the boys to plant an acre of oats. The name of Four Crop Clubs will be retained, however, and Clubs again organized next fall to carry out the complete Four Crop system in 1915.

Any boy between the ages of 10 and 21, who lives in a county of Alabama or Georgia which is traversed by the Central of Georgia Railway, may enter the contest if he can get three acres of ground to cultivate in cotton, corn and cowpea hay. If three acres in a body are not available, three separated acres may be used. The prizes will be awarded for the best total yield from these three crops at the greatest net profit, and a written account of how the crops were made will be required. The acre in corn will also be entered for any local County or State Corn Contest.

The Central of Georgia Railway will give to the winner of the Four Crop Club Contest in each county traversed by its lines a pure-bred Shorthorn Bull, provided there are twenty-five or more entries for the County Contest. In case twenty-five entries can not be secured in a county, but five or more boys enter the Contest, a pure-bred Berkshire Boar will be the prize.



CENTRAL OF GEORGIA 1912 PRIZE, WON BY EDWARD J. WELLEDEN, MADISON, GA., 181 BUSHELS ON ONE ACRE.

The State Prizes will be high-grade Percheron Mares—one for the Georgia boy who makes the best showing of all Four Crop Club Contestants in Georgia; and one for the Alabama boy who makes the best showing in his State. Entries for Four Crop Club Contests will close April 1, 1914. Names of boys wishing to enter the Contest should be forwarded through the local school teacher to the County School Commissioner, who will send them to the District and State Organizers of the United States Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Georgia State College of Agriculture and the Alabama Polytechnic Institute. Instructions in regard to preparation of soil, planting, cultivation, etc., will then be sent them.

The pure-bred bulls given as County Prizes should stimulate an interest in the raising of beef cattle, which is certain to be a very profitable industry for this section, particularly when the cattle tick has been eradicated. The improvement shown by the offspring of pure-bred bulls crossed with native cows will be a striking object lesson of the advantages of raising a better grade of cattle.

It is very necessary to encourage the best methods of growing cotton, in view of the steady advance of the boll weevil towards this section, for cotton can not be successfully grown in the presence of the weevil unless the very best farming methods are used. The Four Crop Contests will also demonstrate a more nearly complete crop system, and lay the foundation for a good demonstration of a three-year crop rotation.

For wedding presents get CUT GLASS. We have it and will sell it to you at 10 per cent above cost. —Franklin Drug Co.

## MONEY TO LEND!

On improved farm lands, at 6 per cent interest.

S. L. MOORE, LAWYER.  
Office over Franklin's Drug Store

## Which Hotel?

For real good service, comfortable rooms, splendid meals moderate prices and convenient location, visit

**THE NEW LANIER,**  
MACON, GA.

## "Reliability"

== THAT'S WHY ==

OUR BUSINESS IS  
GROWING DAILY

**Telephone 18**

## YELLOW PINE LUMBER FOR SALE

The undersigned is prepared to furnish on short notice Yellow Pine Lumber, sawed to bill. We are located in the pine belt of timber and will give your order prompt attention and fill it with good lumber. For prices and further particulars apply to

**C. T. HODGES & CO.**  
CLITO, GA.

## Savannah & Statesboro R'y.

Stn.	Time	Stn.	Time	Stn.	Time	Stn.	Time
Statesboro	6:45 a.m.	Savannah	8:15 a.m.	Statesboro	6:45 a.m.	Savannah	8:15 a.m.
Statesboro	7:15 a.m.	Savannah	8:45 a.m.	Statesboro	7:15 a.m.	Savannah	8:45 a.m.
Statesboro	7:45 a.m.	Savannah	9:15 a.m.	Statesboro	7:45 a.m.	Savannah	9:15 a.m.
Statesboro	8:15 a.m.	Savannah	9:45 a.m.	Statesboro	8:15 a.m.	Savannah	9:45 a.m.
Statesboro	8:45 a.m.	Savannah	10:15 a.m.	Statesboro	8:45 a.m.	Savannah	10:15 a.m.
Statesboro	9:15 a.m.	Savannah	10:45 a.m.	Statesboro	9:15 a.m.	Savannah	10:45 a.m.
Statesboro	9:45 a.m.	Savannah	11:15 a.m.	Statesboro	9:45 a.m.	Savannah	11:15 a.m.
Statesboro	10:15 a.m.	Savannah	11:45 a.m.	Statesboro	10:15 a.m.	Savannah	11:45 a.m.
Statesboro	10:45 a.m.	Savannah	12:15 p.m.	Statesboro	10:45 a.m.	Savannah	12:15 p.m.
Statesboro	11:15 a.m.	Savannah	12:45 p.m.	Statesboro	11:15 a.m.	Savannah	12:45 p.m.
Statesboro	11:45 a.m.	Savannah	1:15 p.m.	Statesboro	11:45 a.m.	Savannah	1:15 p.m.
Statesboro	12:15 p.m.	Savannah	1:45 p.m.	Statesboro	12:15 p.m.	Savannah	1:45 p.m.
Statesboro	12:45 p.m.	Savannah	2:15 p.m.	Statesboro	12:45 p.m.	Savannah	2:15 p.m.
Statesboro	1:15 p.m.	Savannah	2:45 p.m.	Statesboro	1:15 p.m.	Savannah	2:45 p.m.
Statesboro	1:45 p.m.	Savannah	3:15 p.m.	Statesboro	1:45 p.m.	Savannah	3:15 p.m.
Statesboro	2:15 p.m.	Savannah	3:45 p.m.	Statesboro	2:15 p.m.	Savannah	3:45 p.m.
Statesboro	2:45 p.m.	Savannah	4:15 p.m.	Statesboro	2:45 p.m.	Savannah	4:15 p.m.
Statesboro	3:15 p.m.	Savannah	4:45 p.m.	Statesboro	3:15 p.m.	Savannah	4:45 p.m.
Statesboro	3:45 p.m.	Savannah	5:15 p.m.	Statesboro	3:45 p.m.	Savannah	5:15 p.m.
Statesboro	4:15 p.m.	Savannah	5:45 p.m.	Statesboro	4:15 p.m.	Savannah	5:45 p.m.
Statesboro	4:45 p.m.	Savannah	6:15 p.m.	Statesboro	4:45 p.m.	Savannah	6:15 p.m.
Statesboro	5:15 p.m.	Savannah	6:45 p.m.	Statesboro	5:15 p.m.	Savannah	6:45 p.m.
Statesboro	5:45 p.m.	Savannah	7:15 p.m.	Statesboro	5:45 p.m.	Savannah	7:15 p.m.
Statesboro	6:15 p.m.	Savannah	7:45 p.m.	Statesboro	6:15 p.m.	Savannah	7:45 p.m.
Statesboro	6:45 p.m.	Savannah	8:15 p.m.	Statesboro	6:45 p.m.	Savannah	8:15 p.m.
Statesboro	7:15 p.m.	Savannah	8:45 p.m.	Statesboro	7:15 p.m.	Savannah	8:45 p.m.
Statesboro	7:45 p.m.	Savannah	9:15 p.m.	Statesboro	7:45 p.m.	Savannah	9:15 p.m.
Statesboro	8:15 p.m.	Savannah	9:45 p.m.	Statesboro	8:15 p.m.	Savannah	9:45 p.m.
Statesboro	8:45 p.m.	Savannah	10:15 p.m.	Statesboro	8:45 p.m.	Savannah	10:15 p.m.
Statesboro	9:15 p.m.	Savannah	10:45 p.m.	Statesboro	9:15 p.m.	Savannah	10:45 p.m.
Statesboro	9:45 p.m.	Savannah	11:15 p.m.	Statesboro	9:45 p.m.	Savannah	11:15 p.m.
Statesboro	10:15 p.m.	Savannah	11:45 p.m.	Statesboro	10:15 p.m.	Savannah	11:45 p.m.
Statesboro	10:45 p.m.	Savannah	12:15 a.m.	Statesboro	10:45 p.m.	Savannah	12:15 a.m.
Statesboro	11:15 p.m.	Savannah	12:45 a.m.	Statesboro	11:15 p.m.	Savannah	12:45 a.m.
Statesboro	11:45 p.m.	Savannah	1:15 a.m.	Statesboro	11:45 p.m.	Savannah	1:15 a.m.
Statesboro	12:15 a.m.	Savannah	1:45 a.m.	Statesboro	12:15 a.m.	Savannah	1:45 a.m.
Statesboro	12:45 a.m.	Savannah	2:15 a.m.	Statesboro	12:45 a.m.	Savannah	2:15 a.m.
Statesboro	1:15 a.m.	Savannah	2:45 a.m.	Statesboro	1:15 a.m.	Savannah	2:45 a.m.
Statesboro	1:45 a.m.	Savannah	3:15 a.m.	Statesboro	1:45 a.m.	Savannah	3:15 a.m.
Statesboro	2:15 a.m.	Savannah	3:45 a.m.	Statesboro	2:15 a.m.	Savannah	3:45 a.m.
Statesboro	2:45 a.m.	Savannah	4:15 a.m.	Statesboro	2:45 a.m.	Savannah	4:15 a.m.
Statesboro	3:15 a.m.	Savannah	4:45 a.m.	Statesboro	3:15 a.m.	Savannah	4:45 a.m.
Statesboro	3:45 a.m.	Savannah	5:15 a.m.	Statesboro	3:45 a.m.	Savannah	5:15 a.m.
Statesboro	4:15 a.m.	Savannah	5:45 a.m.	Statesboro	4:15 a.m.	Savannah	5:45 a.m.
Statesboro	4:45 a.m.	Savannah	6:15 a.m.	Statesboro	4:45 a.m.	Savannah	6:15 a.m.
Statesboro	5:15 a.m.	Savannah	6:45 a.m.	Statesboro	5:15 a.m.	Savannah	6:45 a.m.
Statesboro	5:45 a.m.	Savannah	7:15 a.m.	Statesboro	5:45 a.m.	Savannah	7:15 a.m.
Statesboro	6:15 a.m.	Savannah	7:45 a.m.	Statesboro	6:15 a.m.	Savannah	7:45 a.m.
Statesboro	6:45 a.m.	Savannah	8:15 a.m.	Statesboro	6:45 a.m.	Savannah	8:15 a.m.
Statesboro	7:15 a.m.	Savannah	8:45 a.m.	Statesboro	7:15 a.m.	Savannah	8:45 a.m.
Statesboro	7:45 a.m.	Savannah	9:15 a.m.	Statesboro	7:45 a.m.	Savannah	9:15 a.m.
Statesboro	8:15 a.m.	Savannah	9:45 a.m.	Statesboro	8:15 a.m.	Savannah	9:45 a.m.
Statesboro	8:45 a.m.	Savannah	10:15 a.m.	Statesboro	8:45 a.m.	Savannah	10:15 a.m.
Statesboro	9:15 a.m.	Savannah	10:45 a.m.	Statesboro	9:15 a.m.	Savannah	10:45 a.m.
Statesboro	9:45 a.m.	Savannah	11:15 a.m.	Statesboro	9:45 a.m.	Savannah	11:15 a.m.
Statesboro	10:15 a.m.	Savannah	11:45 a.m.	Statesboro	10:15 a.m.	Savannah	11:45 a.m.
Statesboro	10:45 a.m.	Savannah	12:15 p.m.	Statesboro	10:45 a.m.	Savannah	12:15 p.m.
Statesboro	11:15 a.m.	Savannah	12:45 p.m.	Statesboro	11:15 a.m.	Savannah	12:45 p.m.
Statesboro	11:45 a.m.	Savannah	1:15 p.m.	Statesboro	11:45 a.m.	Savannah	1:15 p.m.
Statesboro	12:15 p.m.	Savannah	1:45 p.m.	Statesboro	12:15 p.m.	Savannah	1:45 p.m.
Statesboro	12:45 p.m.	Savannah	2:15 p.m.	Statesboro	12:45 p.m.	Savannah	2:15 p.m.
Statesboro	1:15 p.m.	Savannah	2:45 p.m.	Statesboro	1:15 p.m.	Savannah	2:45 p.m.
Statesboro	1:45 p.m.	Savannah	3:15 p.m.	Statesboro	1:45 p.m.	Savannah	3:15 p.m.
Statesboro	2:15 p.m.	Savannah	3:45 p.m.	Statesboro	2:15 p.m.	Savannah	3:45 p.m.
Statesboro	2:45 p.m.	Savannah	4:15 p.m.	Statesboro	2:45 p.m.	Savannah	4:15 p.m.
Statesboro	3:15 p.m.	Savannah	4:45 p.m.	Statesboro	3:15 p.m.	Savannah	4:45 p.m.
Statesboro	3:45 p.m.	Savannah	5:15 p.m.	Statesboro	3:45 p.m.	Savannah	5:15 p.m.
Statesboro	4:15 p.m.	Savannah	5:45 p.m.	Statesboro	4:15 p.m.	Savannah	5:45 p.m.
Statesboro	4:45 p.m.	Savannah	6:15 p.m.	Statesboro	4:45 p.m.	Savannah	6:15 p.m.
Statesboro	5:15 p.m.	Savannah	6:45 p.m.	Statesboro	5:15 p.m.	Savannah	6:45 p.m.
Statesboro	5:45 p.m.	Savannah	7:15 p.m.	Statesboro	5:45 p.m.	Savannah	7:15 p.m.
Statesboro	6:15 p.m.	Savannah	7:45 p.m.	Statesboro	6:15 p.m.	Savannah	7:45 p.m.
Statesboro	6:45 p.m.	Savannah	8:15 p.m.	Statesboro	6:45 p.m.	Savannah	8:15 p.m.
Statesboro	7:15 p.m.	Savannah	8:45 p.m.	Statesboro	7:15 p.m.	Savannah	8:45 p.m.
Statesboro	7:45 p.m.	Savannah	9:15 p.m.	Statesboro	7:45 p.m.	Savannah	9:15 p.m.
Statesboro	8:15 p.m.	Savannah	9:45 p.m.	Statesboro	8:15 p.m.	Savannah	9:45 p.m.
Statesboro	8:45 p.m.	Savannah	10:15 p.m.	Statesboro	8:45 p.m.	Savannah	10:15 p.m.
Statesboro	9:15 p.m.	Savannah	10:45 p.m.	Statesboro	9:15 p.m.	Savannah	10:45