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Statesboro News

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Parents Are Blamable for Boy Bandits

By C. G. Dixon, Pastor of Trinity Baptist Church, Chicago

That parents are blamable for the lawless character of the boy bandits is beyond question. But it is also the fact that the whole community is equally to blame because of the faulty and absurd notion that children can be allowed to grow up without any restraint or discipline, in fact, perfectly lawless, and then be expected to become law-abiding citizens.

We are face to face with a generation trained (if trained at all) to resent all forms of restraint or control.

The theory of child culture is that the child must be allowed to choose for himself as to what he shall or shall not do. His will must not be broken lest you interfere with the development of his individuality.

Any form of restraint or punishment for wrongdoing is held to be inhuman and degrading.

The practical working of these theories is now apparent in the conduct of a generation of self-willed, lawless boys and girls.

Police and divorce courts are the evidences of the utter failure of the prevalent theory that people are by nature good and that all the evil that exists is the result of bad environment.

If this theory were true, there never could have been any bad developed in the race, because, if naturally good, man never would have created bad environments.

The facts are that children, as well as men and women, need training, need discipline, need to be curbed, because of that natural selfishness which leads them to disregard the rights of others.

Restraint, physical, moral and religious, are all necessary in the development of the higher and better type of citizenship.

The great foundation principles of religious training are to show the difference between good and evil; to teach how to choose the good and shun the evil; that men should cease to do evil and learn to do well, and that well-doing means all that is implied in the golden rule.

If fathers and mothers were truly religious, in the best sense of the term, and children were taught, and, if need be, compelled to respect the rights of others for a generation, the criminal spirit of today would cease.

Should a Preacher Labor for Money?

By Rev. John T. Brinkner Smith, Editor of Veterans Preacher, Chicago

Every clergyman will find in the question, "Should a preacher labor for money?" a puzzling problem. The laymen will easily answer the query. It is partly answered by changing the question to "Should a money-maker preach?" The answer would be, "No!" That would be the general answer, but some rich men have been preachers and some preachers have made money. But money-making and preaching are clearly two different professions. Money-making may not be a profession and often preaching is far more than a profession and sometimes far less.

The average salary paid ministers in the United States is \$578. The average salary of the street sweepers is \$642. The Episcopal church, one of the strongest and wealthiest, pays its clergymen an average of \$700 a year. The last general assembly of the Northern Presbyterian church reported there are 2,000 churches in this country pastorless because of poor salaries.

Preachers with no salary and preachers with small salaries may be tempted to make money.

The trouble seems to be that preachers are primarily troubled with their vast needs and not with their salaries.

A preacher does not expect to make money; he is to make men and is not "called" to money-making but to "go preach the gospel."

But what of those responsible for the preacher's salary? From the age of thirty to thirty-three Christ, the Great Preacher, was cared for by those who believed the word. The preacher should have a living wage and should have a retiring competency when he retires; his widow and dependent orphans should be cared for and the preacher himself should be free from Hillman, and with the church should have more of the spirit of John Knox, John Wesley, Luther, Savonarola and Christ.

"Garden of God" in Life Pictured

By REV. DR. C. E. DRAPEL, Pastor of St. Stephen's Methodist Episcopal Church, Chicago

What you get out of the Bible depends largely on your viewpoint. When I read this story of the Garden of Eden and the rivers that flowed out of it, I come to view God as an agriculturist. I look upon him as a farmer; this world is his farm. In the great geologic ages of the past he was preparing it for man. He fertilized the soil after producing it, and he irrigated this old world with mighty rivers and rains.

Truth is eternal. God is still grinding away at this job of making this world all right. The commonplace things are, after all, the real things of life.

Things that are near and common we sometimes regard as ordinary, when really they are the things which are divine.

Too many people are like some kinds of soil. They are sour and need sweetening. Some are like dry soil that needs wetting. And some souls are like what we call a "stingy" soil. They need to be tilled and get the weeds out of them. Farmers had to appeal to the government to save them from the "scale." An imported bug drove out the bad bugs. That's what we need in this city and in this land. Good things to drive out the bad.

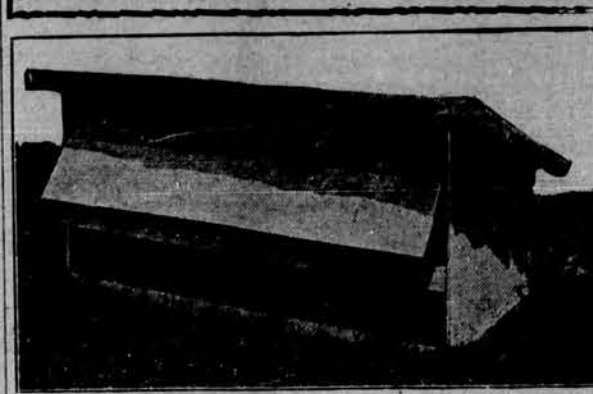
American Influence in the Philippines

By DR. H. A. HOFEWELL, Manila

The American influence in the Philippines is in no manner more widely felt than in the extension of educational facilities. There are about five hundred thousand children enrolled in the public schools of the Philippines. The children are unusually bright until they reach the age of fourteen, when they usually marry. Some of them continue to attend school regardless of the marital state. Many Filipinos now dress like Americans, whereas a decade ago the clothing of the men consisted of a pair of white trousers and a gaudy-colored shirt, usually worn outside the trousers.

One of the striking features of Filipino life is the home. Often three or four generations reside under the same roof. Family ties are very strong. The old, destitute and crippled are usually cared for by the younger and more prosperous members of the family. Christian Filipinos go to church every morning before breakfast, and in the afternoon they indulge in baseball games or in witnessing a cockfight. The fights are held under municipal supervision, but are allowed only on Sundays and holidays.

COMBINED HATCHING AND BROODING HOUSE



Front View of Combination Hatching and Brooding House.

(By PROF. H. L. KEMPTER, University of Missouri, College of Agriculture.) In selecting a location for a poultry house the farmer usually chooses the one which is nearest to his home in order that the housewife may conveniently care for the poultry flock. This accounts for the usual location of the poultry house half way between the house and the barn where it is convenient for the hens to overrun not only the farm buildings, but also the kitchen porch. This habit is also encouraged by the indiscriminate scattering of feed, often closer to the farm buildings than to the poultry house. If the farm poultry house is located so as to make it natural for the hens not to run in the yards, there will be very little trouble with them overrunning the farm buildings. In the care of poultry one should aim as far as possible to feed all the feed in and around the poultry house. Frequently poultry are fed by running into the orchard by a simple arrangement of the fences. Grain crops can often be grown upon the same ground upon which the poultry flock is running with very little injury to the crop. Corn is especially adapted to such a practice. This practice furnishes an abundance of shade during the summer when it is most needed. The yards are plowed occasionally, exposing the soil to the sun, destroying many disease germs and insect pests, and the droppings which are generally wanted are utilized. In addition to making conditions more healthful, this growing of crops on the poultry runs also reduces the liability of disease. While the location of the farm poultry house is generally determined by the convenience with which it can be reached from the house, a little forethought will enable the poultry keeper to make the above arrangements without sacrificing convenience.

Hatching and Brooding House. The combined hatching, brooding and housing coop shown below is large enough to accommodate four hens and is as good as a 60-egg incubator. Farmers who have used this coop have pronounced it a success. This coop does away with the little "A" shaped coops which are commonly given to hens after they have hatched their broods and which are soon overgrown by what chicks remain.

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The American influence in the Philippines is in no manner more widely felt than in the extension of educational facilities. There are about five hundred thousand children enrolled in the public schools of the Philippines. The children are unusually bright until they reach the age of fourteen, when they usually marry. Some of them continue to attend school regardless of the marital state. Many Filipinos now dress like Americans, whereas a decade ago the clothing of the men consisted of a pair of white trousers and a gaudy-colored shirt, usually worn outside the trousers.

One of the striking features of Filipino life is the home. Often three or four generations reside under the same roof. Family ties are very strong. The old, destitute and crippled are usually cared for by the younger and more prosperous members of the family. Christian Filipinos go to church every morning before breakfast, and in the afternoon they indulge in baseball games or in witnessing a cockfight. The fights are held under municipal supervision, but are allowed only on Sundays and holidays.

LAID HENS RELISH SILAGE

Best Result Secured in Test by Turning Five, Ten, Fifteen and Twenty Minute Periods.

Laying hens must have green feed and plenty of it. When growing green feed is not available, vegetables of the green kind should be supplied, or there will be a shortage in the egg basket.

When it has been tried, good silage has proved one of the best sources of green feed. It is especially good for laying hens. Sprinkle night and morning feed with the sprouts and two or three inches long. A block six inches square is enough for ten fowls.

Cheapest Green Food. The most economical form of green feed is sprouted oats. To provide these, have a number of shallow boxes. Soak the oats 24 hours and spread them in the boxes, which have been provided with drainage holes. Sprinkle night and morning feed with the sprouts and two or three inches long. A block six inches square is enough for ten fowls.

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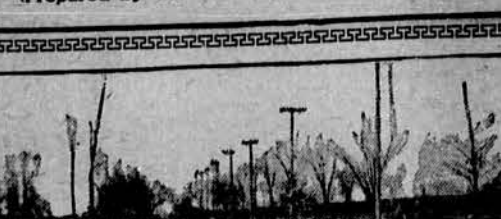
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RETIRING ROAD BONDS

Life of Highway, Not Economic Term of Bond, Should Determine Length of Loan

(Prepared by the U. S. Department of Agriculture)



Teams Destroying Lawns to Avoid Mud Roads, Bennington, Va.

The proper method of retiring rural highway bonds is one of the serious problems which must be worked out by county commissioners and others interested with the expenditure of road funds. The three methods usually followed for retiring bonds at maturity are known as the sinking fund, annuity, and serial bond plans.

The majority of highway bonds now outstanding have been issued as straight terminable bonds to be retired by sinking funds. The term of these bonds varies from 10 to 40 years, with an average of nearly 25 years. The fund to retire them is accumulated by annual installments paid by the taxpayers, and is supposed to draw interest continuously and to accumulate a sufficient amount to discharge the debt at maturity. The interest which the sinking fund draws is usually from one to two per cent less than the interest paid for the loan. Five per cent highway bonds are common with the sinking fund calculated to draw three and one-half per cent interest.

The following table shows the annual payments which, with interest at three, three and one-half and four per cent, compounded semi-annually, will amount to \$1,000 at the end of a term of years.

There are many objections to the sinking fund method of retiring highway bonds. It may not be possible to obtain continuously the required rate

of interest on the sinking fund to discharge the debt at maturity. The existence of the sinking fund is a constant temptation to municipal officers to use it for purposes other than the purpose originally intended. If a municipality has a surplus, it is easy to argue that the sinking fund already accumulated may be used to purchase the new bonds, thus saving the municipality the cost of the same bond issue made by either the annuity method or by the serial method.

By the annuity method of issuing bonds both the principal and interest are discharged by constant annual or semi-annual payments. The amount of each payment or installment is determined by the term of the bond. It is necessary to subdivide the total bond issue into individual bonds of \$100, \$500, or \$1,000 each. The resulting periodic payment of principal and interest must vary slightly because of the adjustment made by the annuity plan the amount of principal retired

is small at first and constantly increases while the interest charge decreases. The sum of interest and principal remain constant, and this is an advantage as the tax is then uniform.

The serial bond differs somewhat from the annuity bond, because, instead of keeping the annual payment of principal and interest constant, the amount of principal that is retired each year alone remains fixed. This type of bond has become more common for highway purposes in recent years, and during 1912 and 1913 the number of serial issues exceeded the number of issues for any other single form of bond. The office of public roads received reports from these two years for \$15,309,819 in the serial highway bonds, which is over 20 per cent of the total county and district bonds for that period or term of issue was reported. The first retirement of serial bonds is sometimes deferred for a number of years.

The continued success of highway bonds as a means of road improvement will depend largely on whether or not the county authorities follow these principles of sound road financing:

(a) A steady and well administered system of meeting interest and providing for the retirement of bonds on maturity, whether by means of a sinking fund, by the annuity method, or through serial payments.

(b) The limiting of expenditures for road improvements to sums which are warranted by the actual saving in cost of hauling that the road improvement will effect. In this item may also be considered increased tonnage which follows road improvement.

(c) Expanding bond money only on roads of such a character that a

satisfactory share of this money may be regarded as a permanent improvement. This means that the bond issue should not be spread so thin over an exorbitant mileage that the improvement will be largely superficial and practically disappear in a very short time.

It means, also, that a large percentage of about 25 cents per ton per mile, more than \$50,000,000 tons are hauled over these roads each year, and the average haul is about eight miles, from which it can be seen that the annual bill for hauling over the public roads is nearly \$850,000,000.

The prevailing cost of hauling over the public roads of the United States is about 25 cents per ton per mile. More than \$50,000,000 tons are hauled over these roads each year, and the average haul is about eight miles, from which it can be seen that the annual bill for hauling over the public roads is nearly \$850,000,000.

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A Conquest
In Ten Days

By ALAN HINSDALE

"Alice, I'm engaged."
"The deuce you are!"
"Yes, I became engaged the day before yesterday."
"And the reaction has set in?"
"What reaction?"
"Why, I was engaged once myself. For awhile I was in heaven. Then I began to think of what I'd done, and I was in the other place."
"That's me exactly."
"Can't you get out of it?"
"How?"
"I made the girl mad, and she shook me."
"Good plan. I'll try it on."
Alice Broadhead didn't see his friend, Lady Pelham, for a week. When they met again Pelham wore a shamefaced look.

"Well?" queried Alice.
"I tried your plan and succeeded admirably, but I couldn't stand the racket. I went back to her and told her that if she wouldn't forgive me I'd jump in the river."

"More fool you."
"Oh, you'd have done the same thing if you'd have been really in love."

"Not on your life."
Not long after Alice had been married. She received a note from him saying that he must spend some time away from home on business and would Alice look out for his wife's evening dress his absence. She would be lonely between 8 and 10 P. M. Alice replied that he supposed he would have to accommodate him.

When Mr. Broadhead called on Mrs. Pelham he found her sitting in a cozy room beside a light with a pink shade doing some fancy work. She was a pretty woman and really with a pleasant smile. It occurred to him that perhaps his friend in marriage had not been such a fool after all. He passed a very pleasant evening and at 10 o'clock, back the lady called and went to his club.

"Mrs. Pelham had told him to come every evening he chose during her husband's absence, but on no account to feel compelled to come. He had intended to remain away the second evening and after dining at his club tried to compose himself to spending the evening there. The effort was a failure. At ten minutes after 8 he rang the Pelham doorbell. There sat the lady beside the pink light playing her needle, and the scene was even more attractive than the evening before."

"How good of you," said the hostess. "In despite yourself of all your husband's promises to come to this little home to oblige your friend? You men stand by one another splendidly. Women won't sacrifice themselves for a chum."

"That" was the laconic reply.

It is quite likely that Alice Broadhead could have visited Mrs. Pelham possibly for years without discovering him by falling in love with his friend's wife had she behaved with the circumspection required of a married woman. But she did not. And to a great extent succeeded in cutting out the third evening, remaining away from her. When he called on the fourth she pointed. It isn't much to say she pointed, but it expressed a great deal to Alice. At any rate it influenced him when he left her at 11 o'clock, she giving him her hand at parting to hold it just a little longer than was advisable under the circumstances.

He called the very next evening and found her on a lounge covered with a silver quilt, evidently asleep. "This is glad you have come," she said, pressing the hand he gave her and looking up at him tenderly. "I'm not feeling well and would not like to be alone."

Alice's countenance was full of sympathy, and his eyes reflected the tenderness with which she had favored him. He smoothed her pillow half a dozen times during the evening, took her hand for the purpose of feeling her pulse and otherwise played the attentive nurse. Though it would seem that, in view of the good landing down over the lady in the languishing fashion of a lover when the door was suddenly thrown open, and Alice Pelham, followed by a lady, stepped into the room.

"Well, I like that," he said to Alice. "I leave my chum to keep my wife from being lonely, and what does he do?"

"Now, Andy," said the lady who had entered with him, "this has gone far enough. Mr. Broadhead, I'm Mrs. Pelham. This young lady is my friend Miss."

"Madge Meriwether," interrupted Andy, "the worst girl in America. We've put up a job on you, old man. I told these ladies how you felt about women, and she bet she could bring you down within ten days. I haven't been away at all, but up to the evening that you've been here spooning with Madge."

The expression on Alice's face was a study. There was shame, relief and the darts of happiness.

"All I have to say," he finally remarked, "is that Miss Meriwether has won the bet."

This was Miss Meriwether's last conquest. She married Alice Broadhead.

Ask Your Grocer
For
CHEEK-NEAL'S
COFFEES
Best By Every Test

Antiquity of Cricket.

By the middle of the seventeenth century cricket, whose age seems cast in the shade of the unknown, had achieved for itself a recognized place. It was one of the sports which a writer of the times indignantly declared he had witnessed "openly and publicly on the Lord's day." However, the real rise of cricket did not begin until the sixteenth century. Then men of quality began to favor the game. They organized teams and matches, and even royalty took note of it and became its patrons. The Marylebone club, which was formed in 1787, remains to this day the final court of appeal on all matters relating to cricket—London Spectator.

Safe Medicine for Children

"Is it safe?" is the first question to be considered when buying a medicine for children. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has long been a favorite with mothers of young children as it contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given to a child as confidently as to an adult. It is pleasant to take, too, which is of great importance, when a medicine must be given to young children. This remedy is most effective in relieving coughs, colds and croup. Obtainable everywhere.

Brilliant Bits.

Here are some choice cuttings from recent novels:

"Her eyes fell on dumb ears."

"Their eyes clung together. 'His arms round her like callipers.'"

"He became aware of a thick, muddy pain."

"Beautiful women had turned to gall on his tongue."

"The moon fell. He saw it crash silently into the lake."

"Dorsey hung on her words as if dangle over a chasm."

"He stood in a litter of shavings and bits of board with a kindling eye."—Boston Transcript.

Never can tell when you'll mash a finger or suffer a cut, bruise, burn or scald. Be prepared. Thousands rely on Dr. Thomas' Eucletic Oil. Your druggist sells it. 25c and 50c.

Commencing Saturday March 25, and every Saturday thereafter or 26 weeks at 3 P. M. We are going to give away absolutely FREE of charge at our store one gold band dinner set of forty two pieces—The Blitch-Temples Co. 1-23-indf

Catarh Cannot Be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy.

As the tourist walked along a quiet highland road he saw a cottager chopping wood with a very ancient looking ax.

"That's surely an old hatchet you have there," he began.

"Ay, it be," replied the cottager, pausing in his labors. "Abe it belonged to the great Sir William Wallace himself."

"Indeed!" exclaimed the tourist in surprise. "I should not have thought it was as old as that."

"Aweel," came the cautious reply, "ye ken it's had two new heads and fower new handles sin' then!"—London Globe.

Farm Loans
If you need money on improved farm land see us. On first class property we can negotiate loans from \$1,000.00 up for a life insurance company at 6 per cent interest with privilege of paying in yearly installments.

BRANNEN & BROTHER,
9-23 4-m. Statesboro, Ga.

Be sure to get your coupons when you trade at our store. One coupon with every 25c cash purchase entitles you to a chance for the dinner set.—The Blitch-Temples Co.

Home For Rent.
Desirable home on North Main St. for rent. Immediate possession. See A. J. Franklin. 3-9-16 Indf.

Uniformed Newsies.
The newsboys of Moscow must wear uniforms, in order that they may be identified.

When baby suffers with eczema or something skin trouble, use Doan's Ointment. A little of it goes along way and it is safe for children. 50c a box at all stores.

His Age is Against Him.
"I am 52 years old and art I have been troubled with kidneys and bladder for a good many years," writes Arthur Jones, Allen, Kan. "My age is against me to ever get cured, but Foley Kidney Pills do me more good than anything I ever tried." Many people suffer from kidney trouble who need not suffer when they can get Foley Kidney Pills. Mr. Jones in a later letter says if it was not for them he would never be able to work in the hay field. Rheumatism, aching back, shooting pains, stiff joints, all have been relieved.—Bullock Drug Company.

Could Hardly Do Her Work.

Housework is trying on health and strength. Women are as much inclined to kidney and bladder trouble as men. Symptoms of aching back, stiff and such pains and muscles, blurred vision, puffiness under eyes, should be given prompt attention before they lead to chronic or more serious ailment. Mrs. George Hauck, 955 Pearl St., Benton Harbor, Mich., writes: "I was awful bad, with such pains and could hardly do my work, and I am very thankful for Foley Kidney Pills.—Bullock Drug Company."

EVILS OF WORRY.
Most worries are by anticipation. It is a sin because it means a waste of life. It is just as controllable as the drink and drug habit. It has the same effect on life and character that dissipation has. It is no more sinful to drink yourself into the gutter than to worry yourself into the grave. You won't be asked how you wasted your life, but why you wasted your life.—Bishop Woodcock.

Spring
Spring is looked upon by many as the most delightful season of the year, but this cannot be said of the rheumatism. The cold and damp weather brings on rheumatism which is anything but pleasant. They can be relieved, however, by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Obtainable everywhere.

Produce.
Ship us your country produce and buy from us genuine Seed Oats and Seed Potatoes.

THE CASSELL COMPANY,
Savannah, Ga.

Famous John Deer Farm Machinery at Statesboro Buggy & Wagon Co.

Then Silence.
"Told me about some of your moonlit adventures," said the little girl.

"What do you mean, my child?"

"My mother said you were a climber."

Insomnia
Indigestion nearly always disturbs the sleep more or less, and is often the cause of insomnia. Eat a light supper with little if any meat, and no milk; also take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper, and see if you do not rest much better. Obtainable everywhere.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.
To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Harbo Compound, and 4 oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Harbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair and remove dandruff. First class accommodation at moderate prices.

Rooms 50c PER DAY AND UP
JONES & EDMONDSON, Prop.

STOP IN ATLANTA AT HOTEL EMPIRE
Atlanta's Elton Depot on Pryor St. Renovated and refurnished throughout. Elevators made on application. Hot and cold water, private bath, electric lights and elevator. First class accommodation at moderate prices.

Trade at Blitch-Temples Co's
store and get one of those forty 2c piece dinner sets free.

STATSBORO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Grocery Bills Smaller; coffee better and more of it

—that's what comes of using Luzianne Coffee famous for its flavor and economy all over the South. Try the entire contents of a one-pound can according to directions. If you are not satisfied with it in every way, if it does not go as far as two pounds of any cheaper coffee you have ever used—tell your grocer you want your money back and he'll come straight across with it. Write for premium catalog.

LUZIANNE COFFEE
The Reily-Taylor Co. New Orleans

RUB OUT PAIN
with good oil liniment. That's the surest way to stop them. The best rubbing liniment is

MUSTANG LINIMENT

Good for the Ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Etc.

Good for your own Aches, Pains, Rheumatism, Sprains, Cuts, Burns, Etc.

25c, 50c, \$1. At All Dealers.

Not "How Much?"

but "how good" is the question that every one should ask in buying candy.

The old saying that "a man is judged by the candy he gives" is as true today as it was always. Buy the best—don't take the "just as good" kind. Nothing quite equals

Shuglers

famous Bon-Bons and Chocolates. They are in a distinctive exclusive class to themselves.

Orders received with care and attention. Just give us the name and address and Uncle Sam does the rest.

LIVELY'S Drug Store

Write For Booklet
FLORID SOFT PHOSPHATE & LIME CO.

Box 412 Ocala, Florida

SEND US YOUR Job Printin

GEORGIA DIVISION SPECIAL

U. C. V. Reunion
Birmingham
May 16-17-18 1916
SPECIAL TRAIN Macon to Birmingham, May 15.
Round trip fares
Ly Macon 9:35 am \$5.35
Fort Valley 10:30 am 4.85
Columbus 1:00 pm 3.40
Ar. Birmingham 6:00 pm

The train will stop at other Agency stations between Macon and Columbus on flag.

Low round trip fares from other stations.

For further information ask the Ticket Agent.

Central of Georgia Railway

"The Right Way"

4-27-31.

Chas. Pigue
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
Will Practice in all the Courts both State and Federal
Collections a Specialty
Offices over Frannell-Miscell
STATSBORO, GA.

MONEY TO LOAN
Long term loans on farm lands at 6% Cash secured on short notice and easy terms.

FRED T. LANHER.

Trade at Blitch-Temples Co's store and get one of those forty 2c piece dinner sets free.

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SEND US YOUR Job Printin

Long Distance Telephone
Service to Savanna

AT
Reduced Rates

Under the new two-number method for long distance telephone service, which we have inaugurated, telephone calls can be made quicker and at lower rates between Statesboro and Savannah.

Calls under this method of operating are made like local calls; you give the number to the operator who answers your signal. For instance: Savannah 9000. After giving the call you hold the line until the telephone answers or the operator makes report. Connection is made between the two stations and no particular party is secured. Charge is made if the called station answered, and calls will not be reversed.

Upon request the Manager's office will furnish you a list of telephone numbers of subscribers in Savannah whom you call frequently. To obtain telephone numbers of subscribers not on your list, call the Information operator.

The new service does not cancel the present rate for particular party service. You always have your option as to which class of service you will use on any toll call.

The rates for the new service and for the regular particular party service to Savannah are as follows:

Two-number Rate	Particular Party Rate
30 Cents	40 Cents

These rates are for three (3) minutes or less. When the call is made by number under the new method, there is a charge of 10 cents for each minute, or fraction, in excess of the initial three (3) minute period.

Try this service on your calls to Savannah. Ask Manager's office for details.

STATSBORO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Grocery Bills Smaller; coffee better and more of it

—that's what comes of using Luzianne Coffee famous for its flavor and economy all over the South. Try the entire contents of a one-pound can according to directions. If you are not satisfied with it in every way, if it does not go as far as two pounds of any cheaper coffee you have ever used—tell your grocer you want your money back and he'll come straight across with it. Write for premium catalog.

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Box 412 Ocala, Florida

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Social

Edited by MISS IRENE ARDEN
Telephone No. 7.

Mrs. Neta Keowan is visiting in Columbia, S. C.

Mrs. W. E. McDougald has gone to Valdosta where she will be the guest of Mrs. Wynn.

Miss Lucy Ditch has returned from a week-end visit at Statesboro.

Mrs. S. F. O'Hill gave a birthday party Tuesday in honor of the anniversary of her husband's birthday.

Miss Lizzie Mae Scarborough delightfully entertained a large party of friends Thursday afternoon.

Miss Louise Patterson has returned from a visit with relatives in Milledgeville.

Miss Earl Wood left Thursday morning for Macon where she will be for several days.

Mr. W. F. Whately spent several days in Helena last week the guest of his parents.

Mrs. Wolf and Miss Myrtle Odum spent Thursday and Friday in Savannah.

Mrs. Griswald, Misses Edith Taylor and Ann Johnston have returned from several weeks visit in Lanark, Florida.

Mrs. Will Groover and son, Ivanhoe, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cone for several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Folk, of DeMark, S. C., were the guests of their son, Mr. C. S. Folk, Jr., last week.

Miss Pearl Parrish is at home again after several weeks in the sanitarium recovering from an operation.

Miss Bertha Hollingsworth, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Lane, returned to her home in Coopersville Thursday.

Mrs. Charlie Blitch and children, of Blitchton, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bedford Everett.

Mr. and Mrs. Coleman and daughter, Miss Neta Bell, are at Grove Park for the summer. They have been spending the winter in Atlanta.

Madames J. J. E. Anderson, A. B. Corey, M. G. Brannen, and Misses Anna Brannen and Florie Mixon attended the Brannen school closing last Friday.

Little Miss Georgia Mixon was hostess to a large gathering of chums last Friday with an Easter entertainment. Refreshments were served and games played.

Miss Edith Scarborough, who has been spending several days with Miss Irene Arden, returned to her home in Gorton Monday.

About thirty couples of the younger society set were entertained with a surprise party last Friday evening at the home of Mrs. Sallie Woodcock.

Mrs. L. W. Williams and daughter, Margaret, of Savannah, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McDougald. They will be here for about a month, while Dr. Williams is in New York on business.

Miss Selma McDougald, Monday Evening at the home of Mrs. Bedford Everett. After several hours spent in discussing some of the operas and delightful music rendered by the members, they were served with a delicious ice course.

The Kappa Kappa Gamma club was entertained by Miss Irene Arden Wednesday with a picture theatre party at the American. Those who were guests were Ruth Lester, Anna Bell and Pearl Holland, Wilbur and Agnes Parker, Robert Hunter, Bess Lee, Nae Edith O'Hill, Louise Hughes, Gussie Lee and Edith Scarborough, of Gorton.

Mrs. Lucy Ditch entertained on Tuesday afternoon in the delightful manner which characterizes her sociability with the North Side Glory Box Club members as guest of honor. Enjoying the afternoon with Miss Blitch were the Misses Elma Wimberly, Ouida Brannen, Nan Simmons, Kathleen McCran, Ruth Parrish, Cora Blitch, Mary Beth Smith, and Annie Olliff.

The W. M. Society of the Methodist church will entertain the ladies of the church at the home of Mrs. W. T. Smith, on North Main street Monday afternoon at 3:30. This is a social meeting and every woman of the church is cordially invited to attend.

Brooklet Items
(REPORTED BY MISS LULA WARNOCK)

Mr. and Mrs. "Bud" Lee of Brooklet spent last Thursday in Savannah visiting their father Mr. J. S. Lee.

Mrs. Fred Lanier of Statesboro visited relatives here last Thursday.

Miss Sammie Robinson of Spring City Tenn. spent several days last week with Mrs. Paul B. Lewis.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Warnock spent last Thursday in Savannah.

Mrs. Chester King of Kingsland is spending a few days in Brooklet with relatives.

Miss Segel Lee is visiting relatives and friends in Savannah this week.

Miss Ruth Parrish of Statesboro was the guest of Miss Martha Johnson last week end.

Rev. and Mrs. H. Judson Grover are visiting friends in Doran this week.

Miss Ruth Elizabeth Parrish of Statesboro and Miss Edith Scarborough of Gorton were guest of honor at a reception given by Miss Martha Johnson last Saturday morning.

Several interesting progressive games were played after which a delicious salad course and ices served.

Miss Lucy Fox spent last Sunday in Gorton.

Miss Gladys Robinson of Spring City Tenn. has returned to her home after spending the winter with her sister Mrs. Paul B. Lewis.

