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## Statesboro News

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EDITORIALS

If marriage had been a failure this civilization would not have been here, declares the American Magazine.

Many a man, says the Ram's Horn, thinks he has done his duty for the world because he has taken a course in sociology.

One good thing about English elections is that you can walk over the other side for two whole weeks, thus giving plenty of time for celebrating, concludes the Syracuse Herald.

The movement to convert the Kentucky farm where Lincoln was born into a national park is one that should appeal to popular sympathy, thinks the New York World. It is a strong sentimental interest for all Americans. It means the perpetuation of a memorial of Lincoln that must continue to grow in significance with every year of the Union's growth.

According to Agricultural Commissioner Vines there are 20,000 farms for sale in the State of New York and 50,000 more laborers could easily find work upon them. It would therefore appear that when means are discussed for getting farm-laborers immigrants to go further West we ignore chances for their gaining an independent living within a few hours of the city.

On farms where women cook and milk and take care of the chickens, their work is calculated on the basis of what it would cost if done by servants, and in a great many cases show greater earnings than the men. Farmers should show greater appreciation of the work their wives and daughters do by providing every possible convenience. Now is the time of year to commence.

In the fiscal year 1905, reported the Hartford Courant, we exported to the Balkan countries—Turkey in Europe, Bulgaria, Roumania, Serbia and Greece—goods valued at \$1,613,554. The list included iron and steel manufactures, farm implements, mineral oil, provisions, leather and cotton goods. We imported from the Balkan countries in that fiscal year goods valued at \$4,526,529—from Turkey \$1,270,792, from Serbia \$542,551 and from Roumania \$2,241. Among the things we brought from them were carpets, raw wool, Turkish tobacco, Bulgarian raw oil, hides and skins, sausage casings, India rubber, gums, opium, fruit, currants, raisins, etc. and cheese.

The Critic on the Hearst.

It may be argued from a story in Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice's recent "Life" of the second Earl of Granville that a wife with a seeing eye can size up her husband quite as accurately as an astute politician. When Sydney Herbert, the first Lord Herbert of Lea, resigned the War Office in 1861, Palmerston, then in a club, fixed upon the scholarly Sir George Cornwall Lewis to succeed him.

Lady Theresa Lewis immediately expressed her doubt of her husband's fitness for the office, but Palmerston's messenger argued the point, saying the duties would not be military, but civil.

"He would have to look after the accounts," declared Lady Theresa.

"He will look after the commissariat," continued Palmerston's mouthpiece, with assurance.

"He cannot order his own dinner," declared Lady Theresa.

"He will control the commissariat," with mild hopefulness.

"If my daughters did not give the orders to his tailors he would be without a coat!"

Palmerston carried the day, however, and Cornwall reluctantly accepted the office. Not long after the under secretary found him in a club, trying, presumably, to inform himself upon his military duties. He was reading a work on the military tactics of the Lyonesians.

FRISCO IS IN RUINS

Appalling Disaster Befalls the Golden Gate by Earthquake and Demon of Fire.

WHOLE CITY GONE

OVER TWO THOUSAND LIVES LOST AND HUNDREDS INJURED.

Two Hundred Thousand People Homeless—Calamity Most Frightful on Record in American History.

San Francisco, erstwhile great metropolis and Golden Gate of the west, is a mass of ruins and the scene of utter desolation as the result of a terrific earthquake shock and appalling conflagration which swept the city from center to circumference.

It was 5:15 o'clock Wednesday morning when a terrific earthquake shook the whole city and surrounding country. One shock apparently lasted two minutes, and there was almost immediate collapse of structures all over the city. The water supply was cut off, and when the fires broke out in various sections there was nothing to do but to let the buildings burn. Telephone and telegraph communication was shut off. After the shock had been over for some time, the city was a mass of ruins and the scene of utter desolation.

The destruction of the city lying along Van Ness Avenue from Golden Gate Avenue to Pacific Avenue, six city blocks in all, containing the homes of many millionaires and apartment houses were leveled by gunpowder, by the order of the authorities.

All of San Francisco's best business houses, hotels and theaters are a mass of ruins. The earthquake demolished them for all practical purposes, and the fire completed the work of demolition. The fire swept on so rapidly that it was practically impossible to save anything in its way.

Big buildings are crumbled into heaps. Factories and business houses are smoldering on their former sites. All of the newspaper plants have been rendered useless. It is estimated that the loss in San Francisco will reach \$400,000,000. These figures are in the rough, and nothing can be told until partial accounting is taken.

From the business section the fire raged down to the residential portion of the city, sweeping every thing clear in its path. Thousands upon thousands of people fled from the fire-entranced city, seeking to the ferries, to the parks, to the military reservations and to the suburbs. But there was no panic. The people are calm, stunned. They seem not to realize the extent of the calamity.

At 9:15 o'clock Thursday morning all hope of saving any portion of the city from destruction was abandoned, and the people set about trying to escape what might be a worse fate.

"He can never make up his own," declared Lady Theresa.

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death from starvation and thirst. The situation could not be worse. General Johnston, in command of the troops stationed in the city, sent the following telegram to Washington:

"At this time (9:15 a. m.) nothing new. The city is still burning, and could not be worse. Food has been exhausted and the drinking water supply is cut off. Troops have been aiding police, patrolling and maintaining order, working in conjunction with many tens of thousands of other civil authorities. You cannot send too many troops or rations. About 200,000 people homeless. Food very scarce. Provision houses all destroyed. All government buildings in city zone."

Prompt action was taken by the war department. Two hundred thousand rations have been directed to San Francisco, and a large number of tents from Vancouver barracks to the city. The supplies will be forwarded with all the expedition possible so that they may be at the disposal of the authorities at the earliest date practicable.

The Western Union office in New York received a dispatch timed 5 p. m. Thursday, Pacific coast time, stating the area destroyed by fire in San Francisco has been burned or was burned. Everything out Market street to Twenty-third was burning fiercely. Everything is gone except the mint. Every building in the city up to Van Ness pertains, including the entire business section and all the hotels, has been entirely destroyed and the district running north from Golden Gate Avenue and Octavia street also has been burned. Chinatown is gone.

At midnight Thursday night, forty-two hours after the conflagration, the flames were slowly but steadily spreading on portions of San Francisco still untouched. The sky presented a lurid picture. The strongest fire seemed to be in the western end of the city. The destruction of this section practically completes the work of the ravaging flames and marks the devastation of the entire city.

The Postal Telegraph company, in New York, at 10:30 Thursday night, received the following from the city chief of the San Francisco fire department: "Fire heading for residential district. Efforts to fight flames futile. Three hundred thousand people homeless. San Francisco will be an ash heap."

Reports from the interior of California are most alarming. Santa Fe, one of the prettiest cities of the state, in the prosperous county of Sonoma, is a total wreck. There are 10,000 homeless men, women and children huddled together. The loss of life is not yet estimated. It will probably reach the thousands. At the last great seismic tremor spent its force in the earth the whole basin portion tumbled into ruins. The main street sank many feet deep with the fallen buildings.

The destruction includes all of the county buildings. A four-story courthouse is merely a pile of broken bricks. Nothing is left. What was not destroyed by the earthquake was swept away by fire. Until the flames started there was hope of saving the residence district. It was so near that any such thing that might have been entertained was to be abandoned, and the citizens deserted their homes. Not even their household goods were taken. They made for the fields and hills to watch the destruction of one of the most beautiful cities of the west.

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SEVEN REASONS WHY FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

is a Household Favorite Everywhere for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Grippe and all other Throat and Lung Troubles

- 1 It quickly stops coughing, tickling in throat, difficult breathing and pain in the chest and lungs.
- 2 It immediately relieves the spasms of Croup and Whooping Cough and effects a speedy cure.
- 3 It contains no opiates or other poisons and can be given with safety to children and delicate persons.
- 4 It contains no harsh expectorants to strain the lungs or astrin-gents to dry the secretions and cause constipation.
- 5 It prevents Pneumonia and Consumption, strengthens the lungs and cures LaGrippe and its after effects.
- 6 It will cure Consumption and Asthma in the early stages and give comfort and relief in the most hopeless cases.
- 7 It is pleasant to take and at once produces a soothing and strengthening effect on the lungs.

A Severe Cold For Three Months. A Chattanooga Druggist's Statement. Robert J. Miller, proprietor of the Read House Drug Store, of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "There is more merit in FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR than in any other cough syrup. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR, and eight doses cured me."

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT THE WORLD'S BEST BABY MEDICINE 25c.-50c. ALL DRUGGISTS

BABY EASE PLEASANT-HARMLESS-EFFECTIVE All Bowel Complaints-TEETHING TROUBLES-Write for Free Booklet "BABY EASE CO., MACON, GA."

FALL and WINTER Clothing Dont take any old thing masquerading as Clothing. Before supplying yourself for FALL call and see the superb Suits and Overcoats we have in stock.

PRICES REASONABLE Your money will bring big values here. You'll be satisfied with anything you buy of us.

M. DRYFUS, "The Clothier," 111 BROUGHTON ST., W., SAVANNAH, GA. Agent WALK OVER SHOES, \$2.50 and \$3.00; also BANISTERS \$5.00, \$3.50 and \$6

SPRING and SUMMER. READY-TO-WEAR APPAREL FOR Men, Women and Children. SEND US YOUR ORDERS BY MAIL

And Get Your Selections From the Largest and Finest Stock of Clothing, Furnishings AND Hats IN THE SOUTH

WRITE FOR OUR SPRING AND SUMMER CATALOGUE.

B. H. LEVY, BRO. & CO. SAVANNAH, GA.

Perfect Laxative. Is one which is palatable, pleasant to take, and can be relied upon to act gently, but thoroughly, clearing the entire system of all impurities. Such a remedy is Mozley's Lemon Elixir. It is a pleasant lemon tonic, acceptable to the most delicate stomach, and acts thoroughly upon the bowels, liver and kidneys without the slightest unpleasantness. Sold by all druggists at 50c a bottle. Mozley's Lemon Hot Drops, without an equal for coughs, colds, sore throat and bronchitis. 25c a bottle.

The Commercial Bank OF SAVANNAH, GA. Offers its service to the banking public of Bulloch county to open accounts and promises in return all courtesies and accommodations consistent with safe banking. In the Savings Department the Commercial Bank pays 4 per cent. on deposits and makes a special feature of "Banking by mail." All communications will be promptly and courteously answered if addressed to BARRON CARTER, Cashier, SAVANNAH, GA.

Unexcelled. SILVER KING } \$1.00 per qt. Pure Old Rye Whiskey } JOCKEY CLUB } 75c. per qt. 6 Year Old Rye Whiskey } Louisville Distilling Co. (INCORPORATED) 416 Liberty St. West, SAVANNAH, GA.

The Zettler House 855 4th St. MACON, GA. Mrs. A. L. Zettler, Proprietress. Best \$1.00 per day House in the city. Good rooms and good table board. When in Macon give us a call

We Do Job Printing Of All Kinds. We Can Please You.

WORLD'S SYMPATHY ON TRIAL FOR HERESY. Rev. Dr. Crapsey of Episcopal Church Called to Account for Alleged Public Denial of Doctrines.

Expressed for the People of 'Frisco in their Misfortune. MESSAGES FROM RULERS. Four in Upon President Roosevelt from All Quarters of the Globe. Congress Appropriates Million Dollars for Sufferers.

A Washington special says: Soon after the senate was called to order on Thursday Mr. Perkins introduced a joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war to use rations and quartermasters' supplies for the relief of destitute persons in the region devastated by earthquake and fire in California, and making an appropriation of \$500,000 to relieve the sufferers. The resolution was unanimously adopted and transmitted to the house, where it was amended by the war committee on appropriations, the amount being increased to \$1,000,000.

President Roosevelt is in receipt of cablegrams expressing sympathy with this country of foreign rulers and foreign countries on account of the appalling disaster at San Francisco. Following is the text of the messages thus far received: President Fallieres of France: "The overpowering disaster at San Francisco causes France great sorrow and we join with all our heart in the sorrow of the great republic of the United States. I extend to you, Mr. President, my most sincere condolences and convey to the sorrowing families of the victims my sympathy."

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From King Frederick of Denmark: "I feel impelled to express my most heartfelt sympathy in the terrible disaster which has befallen San Francisco. The American people by the catastrophe of San Francisco."

From Emperor Nicholas of Russia: "Deeply impressed by the terrible disaster in San Francisco, I express to you and the American people my warmest sympathy and condolences."

From the King of Italy: "I convey to you and your countrymen the profound sympathy which the terrible disaster which has befallen San Francisco has evoked in Italy and my condolences with those who have suffered."

TOWN WIPED FROM MAP. Little Village of Brawley Obliterated by California Earthquake. Reports from Brawley, a town fourteen miles south of Los Angeles, Cal., state that the town was practically wiped out by earthquake. The following buildings there, all brick structures, were destroyed:

Brawley bank building, Paulin building and the principal merchandise buildings of the town. In addition, dozens of adobe houses were razed. So far as known there were no fatalities. Brawley is about two miles from the coast and has a population of about 500.

DOVIE REMAINS DEFIANT. Rejects Proposition to Settle Wrangle Over Zion City Affairs. All negotiations looking toward a peaceful settlement of the question as to who shall control Zion City and its vast resources were broken off at Chicago Tuesday.

John Alexander Dowie, through his attorneys, threw down the gauntlet to Voliva and his followers when a proposition advanced by the Volivas to the effect that the \$120,000,000 estate be turned over to a board of control was rejected by Dowie.

A Garden Properly Cared For is Half Ones Living.

The Sea Islands of South Carolina on account of being surrounded by salt water, have demonstrated that they can raise plants for the vegetable gardens earlier and harder than they can in the interior. We are going to make a special business this year of raising all kinds of plants for shipments. We have the best express rates in the south, will adopt a good substantial package for shipping, and a careful man in charge of this department and guarantee satisfaction. As for count, we make good all Bona Fide shortages.

Cabbage Plants \$1.00 to \$1.50 per Thousand. Celery Plants, \$1.50 per Thousand. Beet Plants, \$1.50 per Thousand. Lettuce plants, \$1.50 per Thousand.

Cheapest Express Rates in the South. Cabbage Plants (the following varieties will be kept in stock: The extra early Wakefield, the regular Jersey Wakefield, Large Types of Charleston Wakefield, Early Tucker, Henderson's Succession, Large Flat Dutch. Also the Garden Self Blanching Celery and White Plume Celery. Flank's Blood Red Beet Plants, Onion plants, (to take the place of sets) Tomato plants, Cauliflower Plants, and all first class plants for garden use. Prices are low. Will give you prices on application. Special prices large farm orders.

N. H. Blich Company, MEGGETT, S. C.

CABBAGE PLANTS FOR SALE. I have had several years experience in growing Cabbage plants for the trade and am again prepared to fill any and all orders for the very best early and late varieties best known to experienced truck farmers. These plants are grown out in the open air and will stand severe cold without injury. Prices, i. e. b. here, packed in small, light boxes, so as to make express charges lighter.

\$1.50 per thousand. In lots of 5,000, \$1.25 per thousand; in lots of 10,000, \$1.00 per thousand. Special prices made on large orders. All orders shipped C.O.D. when money is not remitted with order. I guarantee satisfaction. Your orders will have my personal attention. Address all orders to B. J. DONALDSON, MEGGETT, S. C.

Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Hay, Grain and Provisions. I am better prepared than ever before to serve my customers with the BEST of everything in the way of Fine Groceries Grain and Liquors. We carry in stock not only a full line of all kinds of Groceries, both wholesale and retail, but we also carry the best there is going in the way of Fine Liquors, Wines, Etc. We are located near the two depots, and are in a position to serve your wants promptly and satisfactorily. We are also in a position to handle your produce to the best advantage. We have an established city trade among the best people in Savannah, who are always looking for something good in the way of country produce, and we can place your produce to the best advantage if consigned to us. Red Rust Proof Seed Oats. Give Us a Trial. J. C. SLATER, 228-232 West Broad St., Savannah, Ga.

CABBAGE PLANTS FOR SALE. We are again prepared to fill all orders for Early and Late varieties of Cabbage plants at same old price. \$1.50 per thousand. We meet all competitive prices on large lots and make special inducements to dealers. If you handle Cabbage Plants it will be to your interest to get our prices on large lots before ordering elsewhere. Address all orders to W. N. S. SONS & SON, Meggett, S. C.



# HOPE RISES FROM ASH HEAP

## People of Frisco Turn Their Eyes From the Terrible Scene of Wreckage and Plan for the Future

### Fire Is at Last Under Control and One-fourth of City Is Saved—Millions of Money Given.

The worst is past. It is announced now that one-fourth of the city of San Francisco has been saved, and the fire which raged for four or five days is now under control. The loss of life has been estimated at five thousand, and though it is probable that the exact number will never be known.

The insurance companies estimate their losses in the city at five hundred million dollars. They at first preferred to pay losses on all buildings on which they held policies, whether caused by fire or earthquake, but the fire losses ran up so high that it is now announced they will pay the fire losses only. It is thought that a number of the smaller insurance companies will be forced to suspend on account of the losses sustained in San Francisco.

The United States congress appropriated one million dollars for the benefit of the sufferers next day after the great calamity, and on Saturday supplemented this with another one million—making two million dollars in all. From every city and hamlet in the land comes money to aid the stricken city. Up to Sunday it was stated that at least ten million dollars had been given. John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Carnegie gave one hundred thousand dollars each; New York city gave nearly three millions. The south has done its share toward aiding the sufferers. Atlanta gave \$15,000; Savannah \$7,000, and Augusta, Macon and other cities gave liberally.

Every bank in the stricken city was destroyed, but it is announced that they will open in a few days and be able to meet the demands of their depositors. Their safety vaults are thought to be intact.

The extent of the loss of life and property can hardly be estimated. Before it sank into insignificance all the floods and fires in the United States combined. It was worse than the Galveston flood, the Charleston earthquake, the Johnstown flood and the Chicago and Baltimore fires combined.

### Shot Him Dead.

San Francisco, April 21.—A son of T. P. Riordan, a real estate dealer, was shot and killed today a few feet from his residence. Young Riordan was on his way home and had a bottle of whiskey in his coat pocket. The soldier on duty ordered him to stop and throw it away, and when he refused the soldier immediately shot him dead.

A workman employed at the Gerson tannery was on his way home this morning when halted by a sentry. The workman explained that his wife was dying and tried to pass. The sentry shot at him, but missed, and the workman ran back to the tannery.

### Pestilence Adds Horror.

Pestilence and cold add to the horrors in San Francisco. "It is impossible to establish proper sanitary conditions," says General Funston.

Thirty-five ghasts have been shot by the soldiers. One case is reported where citizens hanged a robber to a telegraph pole.

### Stricken persons already plan to erect a greater San Francisco.

Bankers declare that they will open their institutions Monday, "even if we have to occupy tents."

### Scores of Babies Are Dead.

Scores of babies have died of exposure in the camps of the refugees and half a dozen have been born there.

Rolla V. Wall, manager of the Royal and Queen insurance company, said the property loss would reach \$200,000,000, but admits it may go as high as \$600,000,000. It is reported that sickness is breaking out among the refugees and extraordinary military strictness is being enforced.

### Dead Women Robbed of Rings by Ghouls

Sacramento, Cal., April 21.—A. J. Neve, who, at the time of the earthquake, was manager of a drug store in San Francisco, is in Sacramento. Mr. Neve said:

"The work of the villain and the ghoul was the thing that added rage to discouragement and despair. Hundreds of women were crowded into the St. Francisco hotel, it being believed it could withstand the flames. The building burned on all sides of it. The dead women were carried out and the villains cut off their fingers and put them in their pockets to secure the diamond rings."

"There was only one consolation. The men caught at this were not without question. Many of them were killed. Wherever men were found robbing dead bodies they were shot down. In the pockets of one who paid the penalty with his life were five diamond rings that had been stripped from the fingers of the dead."

The soldiers, worn down and thirsty, broke into saloons to get water or liquor to brace them up. Many of them got drunk and the result was that they shot many innocent people. That is a simple truth."

### Much Sickness Feared.

Washington, April 21.—The following dispatch from Gen. Funston regarding conditions at San Francisco came to the war department at 5:40 this morning. It was sent from the naval training station:

"Fire is making no progress to the west from Van Ness avenue. West wind of considerable force now beginning. Indications now that all of the city south of Van Ness avenue and north of the bay will be destroyed. Some considerable apprehension is felt for the post of Fort Mason, but it is believed we can save it. Weather continues fine and warm; practically no suffering from cold. It will be impossible to at once establish proper sanitary conditions. Much sickness must necessarily be expected. If the city the west now standing remains intact there are many good buildings that can be used as hospitals. The water supply is encouraging. The Spring Valley water people believe they can deliver from ten to twelve million gallons daily. This with other sources not mentioned will prevent the water famine."

### Many Minds Gone.

San Francisco, April 21.—The terrible strain of the last few days is beginning to tell on the people. The reaction has come and suspense over missing relatives and friends is causing illness and in some cases insanity.

At Central avenue and Oak street a man today became insane and attempted to kill his wife with a cleaver. He had to be arrested to prevent him from injuring himself or family.

Episcopal clergymen today decided to hold religious services at the different camps tomorrow.

### MERCHANTS TRAINS OF RELIEF

Oakland, Cal., April 21.—The merchants of this city started two car loads of flour for San Francisco last night and two more will follow tonight.

### TOMALAKS UTTERLY DESTROYED

Oakland, Cal., April 21.—A dispatch from San Rafael says: The town of Tomalake is a pile of ruins. All of the large stores are flat. The Catholic church, a new stone structure is also ruined. Many ranch houses and barns are down. Two children, Anita and Peter Couzars, were killed in a falling house.

### Give Half of All

San Francisco, April 21.—Mrs. Hugh Crum, a wealthy property owner of San Francisco reported to the relief committee that all her income-bearing property had been destroyed but that she had a little money in the bank which she proposed to divide equally with the relief committee; she therefore subscribed \$10,000 to the relief fund.

### Corpses Being Burned

Fifteen to Trench

New York, April 21.—The Western Union received the following from its offices in the Ferry building at the foot of Market street, in San Francisco, early today:

"It is still difficult to estimate the dead, as bodies are scattered all over the city. They are burying them in trenches, and putting fifteen bodies in a ditch."

### Forty Bodies in One Pile

San Francisco, April 21.—Forty bodies were taken from a building at 119 Fifth street today by the Red Cross service. The structure which was four story wooden building containing three flats of ten rooms each, collapsed during the earthquake.

At the time several persons were taken out alive from the upper stories, but it was thought that all the inmates had escaped. The ruins took fire shortly after and though efforts were made to extinguish the flames, the entire building was consumed.

The bodies of the unfortunate imprisoned within the ruins were numbered only the skulls and a few bones being left.

### Meals Prepared in Streets

San Francisco, April 21.—The headquarters of General Funston, commanding the military located at Fort Mason, on the north beach and those of Mayor Schmitz in Franklin hall at Fillmore and Bush streets, are so widely separated that there is sometimes a conflict of orders. Every effort at cooperation between the military and local authorities is being made and it is hoped that closer headquarters will be established today.

It was stated this morning that a number of men were shot on the water front last night for refusing to help fight the fire. Two men were shot in Golden Gate park last night for insulting women refugees.

### Supply Depots Besieged.

San Francisco, April 21.—The situation among the people camped out was the worst this morning at Golden Gate Park, where during the early hours the hungry people besieged every place where it was thought food was stored.

In some places there was a disposition to overrun the guards. In the meantime every sort of vehicle was pressed into service by authorities, and food supplies sent to every part of the city where people were camped. Bread, milk, coffee, and even more substantial articles were dealt out in quantities amply sufficient to satisfy the hungry for the time being. Thousands of tons of provisions were brought over the bay during last night and sent to the various distributing stations in drays and automobiles.

This latter vehicle has played an important part in the history of the past few days in San Francisco.

### Worst Done by Flames.

San Francisco, April 21.—There is no fire within three blocks of the ferry.

This morning at 8-90 o'clock the fire on the water front north of the ferry was under control. It had burned as far south as the Lombard street dock, where it was checked and smoldering. The ferry depot and some of the docks in that vicinity at this writing are safe.

The fire this morning at 7 o'clock was burning grain sheds on water front about one-half mile north of the ferry station, but

was confined to a comparatively small area, and with the work of fireboats on the bay and the firemen on shore who are using salt water pumped from the bay.

It is believed it will be prevented from reaching the ferry building and the docks in that immediate vicinity. On North Beach the fire did not reach that part of the water front lying west of the foot of Powell street.

The fire on the water front is the only one now burning. No fires are left in the houses standing, owing to the chimneys. Forty car loads of supplies, which had been run upon the built line tracks near Meigs wharf, were reported destroyed this morning.

### Roosevelt Gives \$1,000

Washington April 20.—President Roosevelt this morning contributed one thousand dollars to the relief of the San Francisco sufferers. His donation was made through the Cross Society. He is deeply moved by the great catastrophe which befell the city of San Francisco, and in addition to his check of \$1,000 has issued an appeal to the entire country for aid for the devastated city. The President himself has received many telegrams offering assistance and many of the rulers of foreign nations have wired him expressing great sympathy for the people of California on the great disaster.

### Grand City Will Rise.

New York, April 21.—In spite of the staggering property losses involved in the destruction of San Francisco by earthquake, the New Yorkers who have large interests at stake in that city and California residents here said without hesitation yesterday that San Francisco would be rebuilt as speedily as possible; that the city would rise from its ashes on grander lines than those of its past, and that it would be a safer and healthier city.

D. O. Mills said: "In spite of the misfortune, one thing is sure—the city will be rebuilt. We will go ahead and build the city and build it so that an earthquake will not shake it down and we will have a water system which will enable us to draw water from the sea for fire and other municipal purposes."

### Wouldn't Fight Fire and Were Shot Down

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The fire this morning at 7 o'clock was burning grain sheds on water front about one-half mile north of the ferry station, but

was confined to a comparatively small area, and with the work of fireboats on the bay and the firemen on shore who are using salt water pumped from the bay.

It is believed it will be prevented from reaching the ferry building and the docks in that immediate vicinity. On North Beach the fire did not reach that part of the water front lying west of the foot of Powell street.

The fire on the water front is the only one now burning. No fires are left in the houses standing, owing to the chimneys. Forty car loads of supplies, which had been run upon the built line tracks near Meigs wharf, were reported destroyed this morning.

### Roosevelt Gives \$1,000

Washington April 20.—President Roosevelt this morning contributed one thousand dollars to the relief of the San Francisco sufferers. His donation was made through the Cross Society. He is deeply moved by the great catastrophe which befell the city of San Francisco, and in addition to his check of \$1,000 has issued an appeal to the entire country for aid for the devastated city. The President himself has received many telegrams offering assistance and many of the rulers of foreign nations have wired him expressing great sympathy for the people of California on the great disaster.

### Grand City Will Rise.

New York, April 21.—In spite of the staggering property losses involved in the destruction of San Francisco by earthquake, the New Yorkers who have large interests at stake in that city and California residents here said without hesitation yesterday that San Francisco would be rebuilt as speedily as possible; that the city would rise from its ashes on grander lines than those of its past, and that it would be a safer and healthier city.

D. O. Mills said: "In spite of the misfortune, one thing is sure—the city will be rebuilt. We will go ahead and build the city and build it so that an earthquake will not shake it down and we will have a water system which will enable us to draw water from the sea for fire and other municipal purposes."

### Wouldn't Fight Fire and Were Shot Down

San Francisco, April 21.—The headquarters of General Funston, commanding the military located at Fort Mason, on the north beach and those of Mayor Schmitz in Franklin hall at Fillmore and Bush streets, are so widely separated that there is sometimes a conflict of orders. Every effort at cooperation between the military and local authorities is being made and it is hoped that closer headquarters will be established today.

It was stated this morning that a number of men were shot on the water front last night for refusing to help fight the fire. Two men were shot in Golden Gate park last night for insulting women refugees.

### Supply Depots Besieged.

San Francisco, April 21.—The situation among the people camped out was the worst this morning at Golden Gate Park, where during the early hours the hungry people besieged every place where it was thought food was stored.

In some places there was a disposition to overrun the guards. In the meantime every sort of vehicle was pressed into service by authorities, and food supplies sent to every part of the city where people were camped. Bread, milk, coffee, and even more substantial articles were dealt out in quantities amply sufficient to satisfy the hungry for the time being. Thousands of tons of provisions were brought over the bay during last night and sent to the various distributing stations in drays and automobiles.

This latter vehicle has played an important part in the history of the past few days in San Francisco.

### Worst Done by Flames.

San Francisco, April 21.—There is no fire within three blocks of the ferry.

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### Hon. Clark Howell Speaks At Swainsboro.

Swainsboro, Ga., April 17.—The new court house here could not accommodate the vast crowd of Emanuel voters who gathered at Swainsboro yesterday to hear Clark Howell discuss the campaign issues. They came from every direction and with them were many from neighboring counties. Burke, Tattall, Toombs and others. They filled the building to overflowing, packed and jammed, with men standing wherever they could find standing room, refused to accommodate more, and had to remain outside.

Mr. Howell was given an ovation from the moment of his arrival. He was met at the train this morning by a crowd of between 200 and 300 citizens of Emanuel county's leading farmers and business men. They surrounded the depot and stood upon wagons and platforms to greet him, and welcome him as he came from the train.

The big crowd at the depot was accompanied by a brass band brought here from Savannah by citizens of Swainsboro for the occasion, and some lively music added to the already overflowing enthusiasm.

### Hon. J. H. Estill Talks to People of Lumpkin

Lumpkin, Ga., April 17.—To a very large audience Colonel J. H. Estill spoke yesterday for about forty minutes during the noon recess of the superior court. He was introduced by G. W. Pugh, who is one of the solid business men of Lumpkin. In his introduction Mr. Pugh said the people no doubt had assembled to hear a political speech, they would hear a sensible business address. Colonel Estill was warmly applauded during his entire speech.

His speech was on the same general lines of those at other places but he especially called attention to one of the charges thrown at him by Hon. Hoke Smith at Homerville last Thursday.

Mr. Smith said at Homerville that I had never said it was wrong to run for office on my check book. In answer to this insinuation, I would say that, as I shall not be permitted to appoint offices of the state for the purpose of getting active political workers, and as I have no corporation or others to pay the legitimate campaign expenses, I necessarily have to use my check book. I therefore dismiss his insinuation as one of the little things said to injure me with unthinking people."

### FARM FOR SALE.

225 Acres of land in the best farming section of Toombs county, about 100 acres in cultivation. A bargain on good terms. Apply to Collins & Grey, Attorneys-at-law, Reidsville, Ga.

### FISH!

We have Shad and Mullet every day when we can get them. We are getting some large roshad from Ogeechee river. We have Oysters when the weather is cold enough to keep them.

What is better than a good mess of FISH?

W. B. MARTIN

### May Divide District.

We understand that there is a move on foot to divide the 45th district and make two out of it. This is one of the largest districts in the county, and the people of a large portion of it believe that it will be a source of convenience to the majority of the residents of the district to divide it. At present the court ground is located at Parish. Now it is proposed to have one court ground at Metter and the other at Palaski or Register. The commercial importance of these towns, as well as the general interest of the district at large, seems to demand the change.

### Devil's Island Torture

Is no worse than the terrible case of Piles that afflicted me 10 years. Then I was advised to apply Bucken's Arnica Salve, and less than a box permanently cured me, writes L. R. Napier, of Rogers, Ky. Heals all wounds, Burns and Sores like magic. 25c at W. H. Ellis druggist.

### Children Bitten by Mad Dog.

On Tuesday Mr. Woods came to town and brought his little girl who had been bitten by a mad dog. The dog which was a pointer puppy, had gone mad in the yard and bit three of Mr. Woods' children and two of Mrs. Laura Jackson's children before it was killed. In the effort to kill the dog Mr. Woods also was bitten but the skin was not broken in the bite that he sustained and he is hopeful that he may escape. A petition was circulated raising a fund to send the children to the institute in Atlanta for the treatment of Hydrophobia. An appeal was also made before the grand jury, then in session, to recommend that the county commissioners appropriate a sufficient sum to supplement the popular subscription sufficient to send the children on to the institute. This the grand jury recommended and the commissioners will act accordingly.

### An Insidious Danger.

One of the worst features of kidney trouble is that it is an insidious disease and before the victim realizes his danger he may have a fatal malady. Take Foley's Kidney Cure at the first sign of trouble as it corrects irregularities and prevents Bright's disease and diabetes. Sold by W. H. Ellis.

### Church Notice.

On account of the union meeting at Clito, there will be no service at the Baptist church in Statesboro on Sunday morning.

### Grow Strong Again.

Nothing will relieve indigestion that is not a thorough digestant. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, and allows the stomach to rest—re-converts grow strong again. A few doses of Kodol after meals will soon restore the stomach and digestive organs to a full performance of their functions naturally, and bring health and strength. Sold by W. H. Ellis.

### Mrs. Mattie Jones is reported dangerously sick at her home in south Statesboro.

\$1.00 A YEAR.

STATESBORO, GA., FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1906

VOL. 6, NO. 8

# ESTILL AND MORGAN MET BIG RECEPTION

## The South Georgia Candidate Made to Feel That Bulloch County Would Again Stand True to Him In the Race for the Governorship.

When "Plain Dick Russell" finished his speech Monday afternoon it was conceded that he got just such a reception as was never before accorded to a candidate for political office in Bulloch county, and it was predicted that no other man would get such a one again soon, but these men were shown only two days later that even a greater one was in store for Col. J. H. Estill and Hon. Thos. S. Morgan, of Savannah.

Col. Estill addressed the voters of Bulloch county at the noon hour of court. He was introduced by Hon. R. Lee Moore, mayor of the city, in one of the prettiest little speeches that has been heard here in some time. Col. Moore, being an enthusiastic supporter of the south Georgia candidate made, in a few words, an eloquent appeal for Col. Estill.

Dr. I. S. L. Miller, another enthusiastic Estill man, acted as chairman of the meeting.

Col. Estill made a plain business talk for about thirty minutes. While he makes no pretensions of being an orator, yet his speech was a happy surprise to his friends here. Col. Estill is a plain, unpretentious, modest and successful business man. He brought to bear on the large crowd, who packed the court house to suffocation almost, that what the great State of Georgia needed was a man who would look after its varied interests in a plain business-like manner. The government of a state of such importance as ours is a purely business matter, and not the place to be dominated by the hot air speller and the demagogue. Col. Estill favored a better roads movement. He congratulated our county on the rapid strides she has made along this line and predicted that in the near future, whether we get better roads or not, the trolley lines will interpenetrate this section from one end of the state to the other. He thought that this, with equitable freight rates, would largely solve the railroad question.

At the conclusion of Col. Estill's address Col. J. A. Brannen, introduced Col. Thomas S. Morgan, Jr., who spoke for about one hour. While the people were prepared to hear a good speech, yet they were surprised at the genuine eloquence that marked every utterance of his appeal for south Georgia and home. He pointed out the fact that the end of the state had not been represented in the gubernatorial chair in the past 80 years, and he hoped for the time to come when there would no longer be a Mason and Dixon line extending across the state of Georgia.

He hoped to see the day when a man living south of Macon could have some hope of filling the highest office in the gift of the people of his native state. He saw in the present situation, with five candidates in the race from north Georgia, and only one from south Georgia, a ray of hope, and if we were not successful in capturing that which we have not enjoyed in eighty years, it would be the fault of our own people. He paid a high tribute to the ability and integrity of Col. Estill, and hoped that our own people would not desert their own candidate and run off after demagogues who come down here every two and four years and slap the people on the back and tell them to come up to Atlanta and find the latch string on the outside of the door. Col. Morgan said that the latch string only staid on the outside while the campaign was in progress. As soon as the election was over and the suckers had been caught the latch string would be pulled on the inside, and the average south Georgia cracker, if he should ever get up to Atlanta, would have lots of trouble finding the latch string.

Col. Morgan's address was the most eloquent appeal that we have ever heard delivered to a Bulloch county crowd. His eloquence and logic awayed the great crowd who faced him, and in a manner that showed that the Estill movement was something to deal with in Bulloch. At the conclusion of his address there was such cheering and enthusiasm as has never marked such an occasion before. Men rushed over each other to shake the hands of Col. Estill and Col. Morgan and assured him that old Bulloch would again be found true to him as in the past.

The hour for opening court having already arrived, Judge Rawlings was in the stand vainly rapping for order, but for fifteen minutes the demonstration continued and the Judge, failing in bringing the house to order, sat and smiled at the scene being enacted before him. It looked like a pity to break it up—even if he could.

One noticeable feature of the meeting was the presence of such a large number of prosperous and well-to-do farmers from every section of the county who had not been here at any other time during the week, came here to meet the south Georgia candidate and were for him all the time. They recognize the fact that they have in Col. Estill that which they find in no other candidate: not only a representative of their own section and pure statesman and business man of ability and integrity, but a representative of that band of brave and honored few who are fast disappearing from the pages of action; a follower of the illustrious Lee and Jackson and a man who was true to his country in its darkest hour of peril and distress. Col. Estill is an ex-Confederate soldier who was as brave as any who went to the front and shouldered his musket to protect our homes and section from an invading foe, and these men feel that perhaps he will be the last of the few brave men who went through the four bloody years of the civil war who will ask for our ballots for this high office, and they are going to rally round him in one campaign and fought him in another. He, in common with others, might have made some mistakes, but it stands to his credit after he is gone to his reward that he made a splendid governor and was always a faithful and efficient public officer.

Mr. Rucker, we believe, while supporting Hoke Smith and defending that gentleman, does not intend to vote for him. He is placed in the unenviable and ridiculous position of defending a man he cannot swallow himself.

As stated above, we will close our part of this controversy. Mr. Rucker's article calls for no reply at our hands. We have neither disposition, time or space to reply to an article which stands in its own rebuke.

### Superior Court In Session

The Spring term of the superior court has been in session during the week. Judge B. T. Rawlings, presiding, and Col. Alf Harrington, solicitor general, on hand to protect the interest of the state. The Grand Jury was organized by the election of Hon. Madison Warren as foreman and W. H. Blitch as secretary, and W. J. Wilson, bailiff. The Court got down to business and the first two days were given up to the civil docket.

The criminal docket was taken up on Wednesday.

Don't drug the stomach to cure a cough. One Minute Cough Cure out the mucus, draws the inflammation out of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes, heals sores and cures. A quick cure for cough and whooping cough. Its constantly increasing use for many years tells of the fact of its absolute usefulness. Sold by W. H. Ellis.

### Does It Do Any Good?

What good does it do you to eat if your stomach fails to digest the food? None. It does you harm—causes belching, sour stomach flatulence, etc. When the stomach fails a little Kodol Digestant will cure. A quick meal will digest what you eat and make the stomach sweet. Kodol is a thorough digestant and will afford relief from any disorder due to imperfect digestion or mal-assimilation. Sold by W. H. Ellis.

### Annual Meeting

To the sister churches and pastors of the Lower Canoochee and Lotts Creek associations: Dear brethren and sisters, our annual eight-days meeting will commence next Sunday at 11 o'clock and close on the 1st Sunday night in May. We cordially invite you to meet with us in our devotion to God. Elders Barwick, Lamb and Whitley will be present and preach for us during the meeting. We expect, of course, the people of Statesboro, and invite them to attend. Our only desire as a church is to worship and praise God. M. F. STUBBS, Pastor.

### Post Master's Salary Raised.

Post Master D. B. Rigdon received notice a few days ago that his salary would be increased from \$1,500, as now, to \$1,700 per annum commencing July 1st. He has also received notice that his daughter, Miss Sallie, has been appointed money order and registry clerk, on a salary of \$40 per month. The salary is based on the receipts of the post office for the quarter ending March 31st, which was the largest ever known in the history of the Statesboro post office. With the salary raised to \$1,700, we believe that the Statesboro post office pays a bigger salary than any other post office in the First congressional district outside of the city of Savannah.

### Mr. Mattie Jones is reported dangerously sick at her home in south Statesboro.

## SAFETY FIRST OF ALL

OUR BANK is equipped with the best patent screw door, burglar proof safe, that money can buy, and in addition to this precaution we carry burglar insurance, which amply protects us in case of daylight hold-ups. These two safeguards, coupled with the individual liability of our stockholders, is absolute protection to our depositors.

## SEA ISLAND BANK.

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## Mr. Rucker Again "The Confederate Veterans Reorganized."

In this issue will be seen a two column article from the pen of Mr. Jacob Rucker. Mr. Rucker thinks he is replying to some of our articles, but in this connection we believe that the public who have read both sides of it will bear us out in saying that he is mistaken. We print this article of his simply to show the line of attack that is being made on Mr. Howell. This is a fair sample of it all over Georgia, and as fair and ably written as any of it.

Inasmuch as Mr. Rucker has failed to answer a single question put to him some time ago, we see no further excuse in continuing