

Georgia Southern University

## Georgia Southern Commons

---

Bulloch County Newspapers (Single Issues)

Bulloch County Historical Newspapers

---

2-9-1900

### Bulloch Herald

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digitalcommons.georgiasouthern.edu/bulloch-news-issues>

#### Notes

Condition varies. Some pages missing or in poor condition.

Originals provided for filming by the publisher.

Gift of Statesboro Herald and the Bulloch County Historical Society.

---

#### Recommended Citation

"Bulloch Herald" (1900). *Bulloch County Newspapers (Single Issues)*. 4313.

<https://digitalcommons.georgiasouthern.edu/bulloch-news-issues/4313>

This newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Bulloch County Historical Newspapers at Georgia Southern Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Bulloch County Newspapers (Single Issues) by an authorized administrator of Georgia Southern Commons. For more information, please contact [digitalcommons@georgiasouthern.edu](mailto:digitalcommons@georgiasouthern.edu).

*C. J. Martin*

# THE BULLOCH HERALD.

Vol. II. Statesboro, Ga., Friday, Feb. 9, 1900. No. 2

HON. HIRAM FRANKLIN.

That Popular Gentleman is Suffering With Mental Affliction.

The many friends of Hon. Hiram Franklin throughout Bulloch county are pained to learn that he is suffering with a slight derangement of the mind. For several days his mind has appeared to be slightly unbalanced, the cause of which the doctors are hardly able to understand. It is said that his physical health seems to be good, and though he occupies his bed all the time, there is no fever or other apparent cause for the affliction.

The physicians express the hope that the trouble is only temporary, and that the patient will come around all right in a few days.

Mr. Franklin is one of the best known men of our county, and is popular with the people. He is at present Bulloch's representative in the lower house of the state legislature, his term expiring next October.

He was constantly at his post during the past two sessions of that body, and discharged his duty with credit to himself and satisfaction to his constituents. The legislature adjourned in December, and Mr. Franklin had therefore only been home a few weeks when his present affliction befell him.

**COTTON FACTORY MEETING.**  
Secretary Wilson Calls a Meeting for First Monday in February.

The Herald takes pleasure in publishing the following call:

**COTTON FACTORY.**  
We wish to have a meeting of all the citizens of Bulloch county on the first Monday in February. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss plans for the building of a cotton factory in Statesboro. We desire the presence of each citizen who feels an interest in the upbuilding of the county, regardless of what their religious or political views may be; we wish to come together on equal grounds and work for the betterment of all. Come one, come all, and offer your opinions freely in the meeting.  
J. W. Wilson,  
Corresponding Secretary.

It is to be hoped that all the people in every section who are interested in the material building up of the county, will heed this call. The initial steps were taken some weeks ago when a meeting was held in the court house and a committee elected to push the matter to a successful end. These committeemen are successful business men and have the interest of the town and county at heart in the broadest sense. They realize that a factory located at this place means great good to the town in the way of furnishing labor for the unemployed, thereby making better customers for the merchants; and that it means much for the farmer and trucker who will find a better and readier market here by reason of their being more consumption for what the trucker raises, and a local market for cotton that will give the grower the benefit of the saving of freight.

Statesboro is already one of the best markets for its size in the state. A gentleman who returned from Savannah a few days ago said to us that Sea Island cotton sold there for 15¢ per pound, while pork was a drug at 4¢. In Statesboro the same day the ruling price for cotton was 16 1/2¢, while some sold at 15 1/2¢; and pork was readily sold at 5¢. On this latter article the demand is limited by the size of the town and the cash in the consumer's pocket. With an enlarged factory town, cash would be more plentiful and the demand consequently much greater.

This business is of importance to the entire county, so let all the people take hold of it.

CONDUCTOR COOLED HIM OFF.

Negro Thought He'd Ride Free, But Punctured His Mind.

Conductor Petty, of the Savannah & Statesboro railroad, had an exciting experience with a negro passenger on his train from Woodburn to Stilton last Saturday night, and but for the timely interference of passengers might have "put out the light" of the impudent ruffian.

While the train's crew were engaged at Woodburn in throwing wood into the tender, an unknown negro came up and voluntarily assisted in the work; then as the train pulled out he jumped aboard for a ride. When the conductor went around and called on him for his fare, the negro replied that he had paid by throwing in wood. This was not satisfactory to Mr. Petty, who told him that he must "fork over" the cash or get off the train.

At this the negro became very abusive, and the conductor struck him. Other passengers took a hand in the interest of peace, and quiet was apparently restored, when, as Mr. Petty turned to walk away, the negro grabbed him in the back. At this the conductor drew his pistol and fired at the negro, striking him in the thigh, inflicting a flesh wound. The shot would have been more serious had not one of the bystanders knocked the pistol from its aim at the negro's abdomen. The train was at this time drawing up at Stilton, and amid the great confusion, the negro jumped from the train and "burnt the wind."

The several negro passengers aboard exonerated Mr. Petty from all blame.

**ARE MAN AND WIFE ONE?**  
A Delinquent Road-Worker so Declares to the Ordinary.

There are some people scattered throughout this county who have missed their callings—they ought to be in the Georgia legislature or the United States congress instead of stuck down on little one-horse farms in rural districts of this county, which said farms are going backward every year. Such people ought to make good legislators—if they are not fit for that nobody can imagine what they are intended for.

And no better opportunities could be found for displaying inborn smartness than is afforded by the present road law of our county. The average man of the county who has the public good at heart, goes along willingly and does his two days' work or pays his fifty cents a day commutation tax; but occasionally you find smart men who are not to be hoodwinked into anything of that sort. They prefer to display their smartness of brain rather than industry of muscle. Of such the batch of defaulters that constantly find their way into the Ordinary's court is largely composed.

A reporter happened to be present at a defaulters' trial a few days ago when some of these smart men were up for trial. One man had ignored his summons to work and gave as his excuse that his wife was sick. The Ordinary explained that sickness was an excuse only when the party summoned to work was the afflicted one. "Well," replied the defaulter, "the law regards me and my wife as one, if I'm sick it's the same as her; and when she's sick it's the same as me!" The Ordinary thought that as long as the man and his wife were not the Siamese twins, and the man was not compelled to take his bed on account of the wife's sickness, a

fine would be the proper thing—and it was paid amid mutterings, "if that's law, it aint just."

The delinquent never stopped to reason that if he carried his theory to its last analysis, it would require him to go under the doctor's care when his wife was ill, and physic himself with all sorts of bitter drugs; nor that the same theory would require his burial provided his wife happened to die from her illness. These little things can probably be arranged, though, when he gets to the legislature and begins to make "laws that are just."

Another defaulter gave as his excuse that the road on which he was summoned to work was less than twenty feet wide in one certain place (according to his measurement being only sixteen feet and four inches), therefore he could not be compelled to work.

He paid his fine unwillingly, and will assist the other man in revising the laws when they go to Atlanta next time.

**To Guano Buyers.**  
Having arranged for the sale of J. W. Wilson's well-known brands of Guano—"Our Own," "Wilson's Fertilizer" and "Chilian Standard"—we make the announcement that we will have the exclusive sale of these goods this year. In addition to these we will sell "Cumberland Bone Phosphate," all of which have been tried and found well adapted to the soil of Bulloch county. See us for prices before buying elsewhere.

J. W. OLIFF & Co.

**NOTES FROM THE ACADEMY.**  
Twenty new names were enrolled at the Academy this week.

We have a vague presentiment that all of the pupils will be regular during this term.

We must have a school building here. If you think more of your own child than you do of your money, now is the time to prove it.

The county school commissioner will make this a school district the very moment we provide room. All names that have been enrolled at the Academy will, according to the school law, be considered pupils of this school. They cannot draw from the public fund elsewhere. Parents will do well to investigate this matter.

We are to begin the study of French this week.

Miss Bertha Hart, from Clito, entered school Monday.

Musie For Fish Bait.

An eccentric hermit named William Schuller, who lives at Franklin, Mich., is said to be one of the most successful fishermen in his part of the country, and he claims to call the fish to him by singing "Old Hundred." He goes out in his boat and takes a station in fairly deep water. Then he sings, at the same time keeping his eyes on the water in search of fish. Gradually the fish crowd about his boat, and when enough are gathered together the wily fisherman casts a net and catches dozens at a single haul. The old gentleman has a famous voice, and his neighbors are inclined to believe his strange story.—Chicago Record.

**Sothorn's Recitation.**

Mr. Edward Russell knew E. A. Sothorn, the actor, intimately and in his book "That Reminds Me," tells many stories of him.

He was dining at Portsmouth, or somewhere at a regimental mess to which the officers had asked him with every show of the highest admiration and with no appearance of social superiority. After dinner the party sat at wine, one of the officers asked Sothorn to give them a recitation. Now, Sothorn abominated that kind of thing. He wouldn't tolerate being treated as an entertainer when he was by way of being treated as a gentleman. He coldly declined. They pressed him. He hotly declined. Still they pressed him. He expressed his feelings. Perhaps the officers were a little affected by wine. At all events they persisted. They would take no denial.

At last he said in a manner which showed that he was nettled, but yet yielding: "Well, if you won't let me off I must." "I'll give you the dinner scene from 'David Garrick'."

He did. He had never acted it better. They were delighted until, springing to his feet, he made his wild, tipsy exit, just as he did on the stage, and dragged the cloth off the table and with it all the regiment's prized dessert china and decanters and glasses, etc. Great was the smash. The actor did not wait to be applauded or to improve the occasion. The lesson was, indeed, a rough one, and probably only a man with some roughness in his darning humor would have given it, but it was quite deserved.

The Byzantine princes played a game which differed very little from our modern polo.

**DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, PAINTS, OILS,**

Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Builders' Supplies, Railroad and Mill Supplies, Packing, Fire, Steam and Garden Hose, Felt Roofing, Etc.

Wholesale and Retail.

Get our prices on Doors, Sash, Blinds, Paints, Oils, before buying. Estimates Furnished. Correspondence Solicited.

**Savannah & Statesboro Railway**  
TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DEC. 24, 1899.

No.	No.	Days run by Central Standard Time	No.	No.
1	1	Leave Statesboro	1	1
2	2	Arrive Savannah	2	2
3	3	Leave Savannah	3	3
4	4	Arrive Statesboro	4	4

**Dover & Statesboro R. E.**  
Schedule in effect September 11th, 1899.

Going North	No. 5	No. 1	No. 3	No. 7
Leave Statesboro	10:00	10:00	10:00	10:00
Arrive Dover	11:00	11:00	11:00	11:00
Leave Dover	12:00	12:00	12:00	12:00
Arrive Statesboro	1:00	1:00	1:00	1:00

**F. C. CORSETS**  
MAKE  
American Beauties.




Latest Models.  
KALAMAZOO CORSET CO.  
SOLE MANUFACTURERS.  
R. SIMMONS.

**Doors, Sash, Blinds, Paints, Oils,**  
Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Builders' Supplies, Railroad and Mill Supplies, Packing, Fire, Steam and Garden Hose, Felt Roofing, Etc.

**Adams Paint Company,**  
104 Congress Street West, and 103 St. Julian Street West, Savannah, Georgia.

**Wright and Company,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Savannah, Georgia.

**SUCCESSFUL SHOOTERS SHOOT WINCHESTER**  
Rifles, Repeating Shotguns, Ammunition and Loaded Shotgun Shells. Winchester guns and ammunition are the standard of the world, but they do not cost any more than poorer makes. All reliable dealers sell Winchester goods.



WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

**LIFE IN NICARAGUA.**

The Family is Broken, the Wife Dies a Little Fool.

Each average human being has about 15,000 square feet of skin to look after and nearly 3,000,000 oil and sweat glands. The outer layer of skin is constantly wearing off and must be constantly renewed to allow the new skin beneath to form fresh, white and beautiful.

**THE BARBER SHOP BOY.**  
"You're next, sir," said the barber, indicating a fat man who was tucked behind a newspaper. "I'll wait for a while," replied the fat man. "I'm no hurry." As another man climbed into the vacant chair the barber knelt over to another customer and was waiting his turn and confided in him.

**PROPERTY ESCAPES.**  
The average reader will be amazed to learn that 10,000 square miles, with less than 400 lakes and ponds, 154 brooks, 58 rivers and 294 mountains. This makes Iowa look small. Colorado, a big state, has 500 creeks. Texas has comparatively few rivers, lakes and creeks. Alabama has 903 creeks and 87 rivers. Iowa cannot approach that record. Minnesota has 222 lakes and 140 rivers.—New York Press.

**His Vacation.**  
Hicks-it is a shame the way Buster is bringing up that boy of his. The lad doesn't know how to read or write, and there is no indication of his ever being sent to school.

**Successive Waves.**  
The following wave is going the rounds of the state press: We are told of a young lady in a neighboring town who had her hand at a stranger, and in three days the young lady waved a flag at her husband, and the next evening he came home waving a divorce.—Nashville Banner.

**Spanish Are Christian.**  
The Spanish are among the most charitable people on earth. Without a poor tax, Spanish communities of 50,000 self-supporters feed a pauper population of 5,000 or more.

**THOSE BOER LADIES.**

By Middle Life They Are Almost Too Fat to Walk.

Each European woman would replace the molars that nature has deprived her of with well mounted works of art, but the Boer woman does not do this. She thinks it would be impious thus to try to duplicate the work of the Creator. Her figures are small and set close together, and her features are irregular. Her cheeks are broad and flat, and her hair is naturally light brown, but she uses the very straw soap bleach it from its early straw color. At a very early age she loses all her teeth, for she is constantly chewing sweet cakes and confectionery.

**Sanson's Talking Man.**  
Sanson's talking man, or "talking," is a character which the people of the village in which he lives are carried upon his shoulders. In ordinary he is the chief adviser, confidant, conciler and restrainer of the leading chiefs.

**Slow Steeds.**  
A source of great evil among all workers is the widespread habit of eating a hearty meal hurriedly when the body is in a state of exhaustion. Too often, alas, the evil is enhanced by the fact that the food is unnutritious, badly cooked and clogging in itself. This is one species of slow suicide, causing a long train of evils which are usually attributed to overwork. Now, it were better to go without food than to take it under these conditions. Your dog knows better than to eat when he is tired, and if you will watch him you will notice that he is always reluctant to be enticed into play after eating. Left to himself he will take a nap, or at least drop care for awhile, and rest. Humanity might raise its standard of health by following the example set by the instincts of the brute creatures.—Health Culture.

**Queen Cards of Several Professions.**  
Not all men of the best profession are content with the severe inscription on their cards to which etiquette and custom usually confine them. An Ohio lawyer who maintains a large collection calls attention to this fact by a novel device printed on his cards and letter heads. On a great red splotch intended to represent a drop of blood are the initials "C. H. S." for the cold blood." The cardinals are the three first letters of those words being of sufficient size to encircle the other words.

**In Maryville, Mo.,** a lawyer presents his portrait on his card, with the suggestive motto: "He that is not with you is against you. See me early."

**Henris** may be attracted by assumed qualities, but the affections can only be fixed and retained by those that are real.—De Moy.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

I have arranged to lend money in Bulloch, Edgewood and Screven counties on improved farm lands on five (5) years' time at eight (8) per cent interest. Can pay back any amount of principal at any time. No money made on less than 100 acres; no amounts less than \$200. Address  
H. T. Mathews, Sylviana, Ga.

**FARM LANDS For Sale Cheap.**

185 acres in the 46th District of Bulloch County, Ga., eight miles from Statesboro, on Banks Creek, being part of what is commonly known as the Walker lands. For further particulars address:  
Howard M. Smith, Macon, Georgia.

**Notice to Farmers:**

I am prepared to furnish my patrons and the public generally with guano again this season. I handle only first-class goods, at reasonable prices, and respectfully request you to call on me before making your purchases in this line.  
Messrs. S. C. Allen and L. H. Kingery are associated with me, and will take pleasure in serving you.  
W. S. PRETORIUS, Statesboro, Ga.

**Short Poem on Shoes.**

A few words said  
Are quickly read.  
Therefore we say:  
**WE SELL SHOES!**  
And that's good news.

The above, though quite creditable as such, is not intended so much for poetry as a simple statement of fact. That fact we would keep ever before you—that **WE SELL SHOES!** Try us once.

**GROCERIES! GROCERIES!**

This is the season of the year when a little Grocery talk ought to be engaged in, for every well-regulated family is more or less interested in something good to eat—we have Groceries for sale also. Some people become wedded to a grocer, and will buy inferior goods from him rather than trade elsewhere; but that is an imposition upon one's palate. The best is the cheapest in Groceries, and  
The best is what we sell, always at right prices. Try us once!

**FARM LOANS.**

Brannen & Moore, Statesboro, Ga., negotiate loans at the lowest rates.

**The Johnson House.**

Permanent and transient Boarders can get good accommodations at reasonable rates at the Johnson House, on the Court House square.  
By the Month, \$10 and \$12.  
Single Meals, 25 Cents.  
A share of the public patronage is solicited.  
... Mrs. A. M. JOHNSON, ...  
... Proprietress.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

I have arranged to lend money in Bulloch, Edgewood and Screven counties on improved farm lands on five (5) years' time at eight (8) per cent interest. Can pay back any amount of principal at any time. No money made on less than 100 acres; no amounts less than \$200. Address  
H. T. Mathews, Sylviana, Ga.

**FARM LANDS For Sale Cheap.**

185 acres in the 46th District of Bulloch County, Ga., eight miles from Statesboro, on Banks Creek, being part of what is commonly known as the Walker lands. For further particulars address:  
Howard M. Smith, Macon, Georgia.

**Notice to Farmers:**

I am prepared to furnish my patrons and the public generally with guano again this season. I handle only first-class goods, at reasonable prices, and respectfully request you to call on me before making your purchases in this line.  
Messrs. S. C. Allen and L. H. Kingery are associated with me, and will take pleasure in serving you.  
W. S. PRETORIUS, Statesboro, Ga.

**Short Poem on Shoes.**

A few words said  
Are quickly read.  
Therefore we say:  
**WE SELL SHOES!**  
And that's good news.

The above, though quite creditable as such, is not intended so much for poetry as a simple statement of fact. That fact we would keep ever before you—that **WE SELL SHOES!** Try us once.

**GROCERIES! GROCERIES!**

This is the season of the year when a little Grocery talk ought to be engaged in, for every well-regulated family is more or less interested in something good to eat—we have Groceries for sale also. Some people become wedded to a grocer, and will buy inferior goods from him rather than trade elsewhere; but that is an imposition upon one's palate. The best is the cheapest in Groceries, and  
The best is what we sell, always at right prices. Try us once!

Highest Prices Paid for all Kinds of Country Produce—Hides, Tallow, Wax, Syrup, Eggs, Chickens—100 Bushels Shelled Corn Wanted, for which highest Market Price will be Paid.

**MRS. A. MOORE.**

The Bulloch Herald.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE COUNTY.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR. PUBLISHED THURSDAYS.

Entered at the postoffice at Statesboro, Ga., as second-class mail matter. Statesboro, Ga., Feb. 9, 1900.

Modern armies can worry along with incompetent generals, but an able press censor is an absolute necessity.

The lack of information and the negligence in scouting which the British generals have exhibited have been almost criminal, and the loss of several thousands of brave men is entirely due to the general's incapacity.

The encouraging feature of the growing popularity of Indian corn abroad is that the United States need fear no rival in the production of that grain. The lands which are our most formidable rivals in wheat culture can not produce corn.

The news of Washington's death was not received in New York city until Dec. 22, 1799, eight days after he expired. What tremendous strides in means of communication have been made since the Father of His Country departed this mortal life.

Now comes forward an expert to declare that white bread is a scourge of humanity. When it looks back on the number and variety of the scourges it has been for so many years prior to this enlightened period unconsciously enduring, humanity must be staggered at its own staying power.

A tidal wave on one of the Molucca Islands has killed its thousands, and the news occupies a paragraph in the papers. The east is prodigal of life; its thousands die and hardly a ripple marks their engulfment. If ever the development of the individual comes in China what a power it will be. But the very superabundance of life seems assurance that the unit there will always keep its place of unimportant atom.

Trained men for the diplomatic, consular and colonial service are certainly to be desired. Perhaps our interests have not greatly advanced in the past for the want of such men, but our broadening relations will make an imperative demand for representatives and administrators thoroughly qualified for the duties of the Omaha Bee. These schools will supply as far as needed instruction is concerned, though they cannot give men the character and tact which are as essential as education. However, the new impulse is in the right direction and therefore to be encouraged.

The automatic voting machine was used in Buffalo and Utica in the late election. As showing its efficiency, as compared with ordinary ballot counting, the Utica Observer, within 14 minutes after closing the polls, printed and put upon the street an accurate and complete return of an election in a city of over 60,000 inhabitants. The machine cannot be tampered with, or made to "beat itself," without showing indisputably the attempt at fraud; and if it breaks down, the record remains to the point of collapse and a new machine can be substituted. The voter has only to touch the appropriate keys to cast his vote.

Speaking of our export of horses to Russia, the Philadelphia Inquirer says: "These animals are not to be used for military or other working purposes, but they are to serve as the basis to improve the stock of the Russian Empire. Just as in the past we imported stock from Arabia to bring our own breeds up to a higher point of excellence, so now the Russians are coming to us for like purposes." American breeders of the horse, who have for years expended enormous sums to obtain stock of the finest quality, must feel gratified by the ever increasing demand from Europe for the product of our great farms. Our export of horses of all kinds—for pleasure or business purposes—is the result of long patient, scientific breeding, until at last the excellence of the American horse is acknowledged in all countries.

TREKKING.

(SONG OF THE BOER WOMAN.)
Trekking! trekking! trekking! I will never the trek be done?
The midnight hour will never be won, and forever won?
Are we only as beasts of the jungle foot for the forest?

Trekking! trekking! trekking! I think you we love not our home?
Think you my father prize not the farm of the yellow loam?
And mother—see her weeping beside my brother's fall,
Turning and gazing northward beyond the mountain wall.

Trekking! trekking! trekking! I have sworn an oath by our father's God, we shall never trek again!
The doors of the northward valley are closed—the doors of our heart are strong—
They shall open their locks to a brother's knock—but not to the threat of wrong!

John Jerome Downey, in New York Sun.

A Heroine at Lydenburg.

AN EPISODE IN THE TRANSVAAL WAR OF 1899-1901.

BY W. WILMOTT DIXON.

One forgets many things in 18 years, and probably the story which I purpose retelling here is forgotten by all except the surviving actors in it and their immediate friends. But the singular instance of a woman's heroic pluck should not be allowed to die. On Sunday, the 5th of December, 1899, the little town of Lydenburg, in the Transvaal, was in a state of ungodly excitement. The whole population was out in its Sunday best to give a hearty send-off to the Ninety-fourth regiment, which had been quartered there for many months and was now ordered to Pretoria. Both officers and men had made themselves extremely popular with all classes, and the expressions of regret at their departure were universal.

On the 4th of January the Boers appeared in force, some 700 of them, and formally demanded the surrender of the fort, to which summons the young lieutenant, who was in command, refused. "It is inconsistent with my duty as a soldier to surrender my trust." An urgent appeal was once more made by Mrs. Long's friends in the town to induce her to quit the post and take up her residence in one of the many houses placed at her disposal. But she stoutly refused.

Two days afterwards the attack commenced. For three hours and a half 700 Boer troops on a continuous rifle fire upon the little fort of a range of 500 yards. In her own charmingly modest and simple narrative, Mrs. Long thus describes her feelings when she first found herself under fire.

"The Boers, having entered the fort at the moment when I was in my hand, to look for me and not finding me, as he expected, called me. I lifted the table cover and poked my head out, saying, 'Here I am, father!' My position struck me as so ludicrous that I burst into a hearty fit of laughter. Not till 4 p. m. was I able to ascertain that, notwithstanding the terrible fire of the last four hours, not a man had been wounded. My husband, knowing how anxious I should be as to his safety, looked in as often as he could to cheer me."

But she very soon overcame these natural terrors, and so used to the firing, even when the Boers brought a couple of cannon to bear on the fort, that she frequently slept right through the cannonade.

What with tending the sick and wounded, and making sandbags, sometimes making up as many as four dozen of these in a day, Mrs. Long's time was fully occupied. Think of her there, one woman, little more than a girl, alone among 60 men fighting for their lives against ten times their number! She admitted that at first she fought like heroes with this daintily bred English lady sharing all the dangers and setting them an example of patience and courage and cheerfulness. She admitted that at first she felt the absence of any of her own sex keenly. But the soldiers were so devoted to her, so delicate in their solicitude and consideration for her, that she soon lost the sense of loneliness.

Nothing daunted, the men came to me to inquire if I possessed such a thing as a bit of dark blue for the new flag, and to their delight, I gave them a serge dress of the desired color. A beautiful union-jack was very soon made and hoisted, in the first place, on the flagpole, and the high-water mark was not discarded, for under its shelter shod our brave fellows were carried to their graves."

The Boers had nothing in the shape of a gun with which to meet the fire of the gun-ponders that the Boers had. But one day Mrs. Long suggested to one of the army service men that the "monkey" of an Abyssinian pump which they had might perhaps be utilized. The idea was promptly seized upon by the Boers, and the Boers were very much amazed when a cylindrical shot weighing two pounds six ounces, formed of round copper iron cases in lead, came crashing in among them. "The Boers were very much amazed when a cylindrical shot weighing two pounds six ounces, formed of round copper iron cases in lead, came crashing in among them."

The butts were riddled through and through with round-shot and rifle-bullets, and the escapes from death were so miraculously few that Lieutenant Long twice had the men assembled for a special thanksgiving service conducted by Father Walsh. On one occasion a cannon-shot struck the wall within an inch of Mrs. Long's head and covered her with a shower of iron shavings. Another time the butts in which she lived came down about her ears, and her escape from being crushed in the ruins was marvellous. But she needs, woman-like, go back to recollect her "things" and her truly feminine sorrow to find her best button smashed as flat as a pancake, and only one cup, two saucers and a couple of plates left of all her cherished crockery.

Meanwhile, the men kept up their spirits with music and dancing. "Hold the Fort," with a strictly local application, was a favorite chorus, and the men invented a version of the famous jingo song: "We don't want to fight; by jingo, if we do. We've got the Zulu, we've got the mee, we've got the Zulu, and we've got the mee, and the Boers shall never get into Fort Mary."

And they never did, though they tried their utmost to drive out the gallant defenders with cannon and rifles, and what was worse, "Greek fire" shot in from the Egyptian service and the roofs. Perhaps if the Boers could only have summed up courage to make a determined assault while the butts were blazing and half the garrison was in the fort, they might have done so. But they did not care to meet the stubborn defenders of Fort Mary hand to hand. So they contented themselves with potting at the gallant defenders from the safety of their trenches in their efforts to extinguish the fire. Those efforts were successful, though they cost the lives of two brave men who could ill be spared.

But the Boers did not content themselves in their efforts to extinguish the fire. They made plucky little night-sorties, which scared the Boers considerably and caused them some loss. Two Conductor Parsons of the Army Service Corps sallied out alone in the dark and pitched hand grenades in among the enemy, which produced a great panic among them. There was a vigorous scuffling and mising, too, on the part of the Royal Engineers, who made it lively for the Boers.

Then the water ran short. A pint a day for each man was all that could be spared, and this was terribly short ration of drink in the hottest month of the African summer. When the old Khalfia died on his sheepskin tent straight to the gardens of everlasting spring. "New Orleans Times-Democrat."

A Trick of the Plumber's Trade. Foreman Paris of the gas company, while boring a hole under the pavement at Oak and Fourth streets, so as to get in a service pipe for gas without breaking up the pavement, ran his auger through a lead service pipe connected with a water main. Water was flying in all directions, and as the lead pipe had been laid some thirty years ago, and there was no record to show what main it was connected, the water could not be shut off. Finally Mr. Paris broke open the pavement and jammed the end of the lead pipe, and stopped the water from flowing through the pipe.

The conundrum then was how to get the pipe repaired. A plumber was found who was equal to the occasion. He procured a lot of ice and some salt, and packed the mixture around the 'live' end of the pipe, and so froze the water solid in it. He then cut off the jammed end, inserted a piece of the broken length, made two joints, and then, removing the ice, the pipe soon thawed and the water flowed through it all right. The spectators who saw how it was done voted the plumber a genius, but he claimed no extraordinary credit for his skill, stopping such leaks being only a part of his business.—Morning Oregonian.

A Prospect Eliminated. "Our new clergyman is a bachelor, but he looks so melancholy." "What is the shame?" "It's clear he's engaged already."—Chicago Record.

THE OLD AND THE NEW.

He galloped away on his fiery steed, And his horse who was not tripped his speed; On through the villa at Lookout Post, Away to the beach of the lady's fairs; Arriving within her marble door, And waving his blade when he went to kneel; He placed his love in that spacious hall— The old-fashioned love that was best of all.

He stepped away on his oh-so-quiet wheel, An arabian steed who was not tripped his speed; Outward he flew, "Thou moonless night, A breakless youth, and a merry girl, A thoughtless wheel and an oilless light, And kneeling to her on a rugless floor, And placing his love in a hall— A heartless girl, and a heartless girl."

HER HAIR.

A SOCIAL COMEDY.

"Yes," said Claudia Wallace, with soft liquid eyes uplifted to coral lips apart, "I know it is a worthy object—I always did sympathize with widows and orphans. I'm an orphan myself, you know, Miss Rivers, and I would cheerfully subscribe something, if I only could." But Uncle Peter keeps me so close for pocket money and I sent my last \$5 bill down this morning to buy tickets for the opera matinee on Saturday. If I can possibly get any more I will send them to you tomorrow morning. I'm so sorry, dear Miss Rivers! Please let me know if there's anything else I can do at any future time."

Miss Rivers swept her silken tresses from the room, carrying her brother in her train—metaphorically, not literally. And the instant they were seated in the little coffee-colored brougham she burst out: "I've no patience with that Claudia Wallace! Close for pocket money, indeed! Did you see the rings on her hand, the bracelets around her wrists? I had a mind to say I would take any one of those gaudy ornaments in lieu of a subscription."

"I am glad you did not, Hester," said her brother, severely. "Why?" "You judge Miss Wallace too harshly. She is all sweetness, gentleness and compassion. I saw the tears in her eyes when she spoke of the destitution of Mrs. O'Hare—and you may depend upon it, those jewels are all gifts from her uncle, with which she is not at liberty to part."

"Fidelity to one's word," said Miss Rivers, "is not for Claudia's straight nose and blue doll-like eyes, and the two little dimples on her cheeks, you wouldn't be so eager to trumpet up excess for her?" "Now you are talking nonsense, Hester!" "Am I? I think not. But you'll just please remember, Everard, that I told you before we stopped here I wouldn't give much for all the cash we should get from Claudia Wallace."

"Believe me," persisted Mr. Rivers, "you misinterpret her sadly." "Here we are at Kitty Griggs'—Kitty is cross-eyed and red-haired, but she will give me a \$5 bill—see if she doesn't!" And Hester jumped out of the carriage and ran up the Griggs' doorstep, leaving her brother to his own meditations.

Presently his sister returned with a face of triumphant gloe. "Didn't I tell you so?" she cried, holding up a United States bank note. "And now we'll go home to lunch."

Mr. Rivers was indulging himself in a quiet afternoon cigar, just about dusk, when Hester popped her head into the library. "Oh, Everard, are you there? Don't you want to do me a favor—a very great favor?" "Do please go around to Santarelli's, and see if my yellow wig is ready for the masquerade tonight! I can't see why they haven't sent it home." The idea of my playing "Lady Andrey" without a yellow wig!

"Hester, said he, 'don't laugh at me. I've been a donkey.'" "You often are," said Hester, sagely. "That's nothing new." "Oh, but this is a little worse than the common." And he valiantly told her the true story of Claudia Wallace's hair. To his surprise, instead of laughing she went to him and threw both arms around his neck.

"Twenty dollars is a cheap price for me for being un deceived. I told you before that she was shallow, selfish and coldhearted. Now you will be convinced. You see that she can pay \$50 for a mass of tumbled hair, even while she complains of having no money to spare for the poor."

And Claudia Wallace never could comprehend how she lost the devoted loyalty of Everard Rivers.

Seeking Information. "The indications are," remarked the man who was looking at the sky with an expression of great wisdom, "that it will be cold and raw." "The man who has trouble with the servant," said the problem-meski inquired, "which are you talking about—the weather or dinner?"—Washington Star.

BAYONETS SHOVED IN THEIR FACES.

Legislature of Kentucky Again Barred From Capitol Building.

TAYLOR WIRES M'KINLEY Appeals to President to Restore Peace at Frankfort.

President McKinley received a long message Thursday from Governor W. S. Taylor, of Kentucky, asserting that the condition of affairs at the present time is most critical, that a riot may occur at any time which will cause bloodshed, and appealing to the president to end the matter and secure peace in the state by recognizing him as governor of Kentucky.

Governor Taylor declares that he considers himself the legally elected executive of the state and says that a riot may occur at any time which will cause much bloodshed. The communication is in its nature a memorial. It goes at great length into the situation in Kentucky, making an explanation of the conditions there. While definite and absolute information on this point is not obtainable, there is reason to believe that a specific request for the immediate presence of Federal troops is not made.

STOPPED BY BAYONETS. A dozen members of the house of representatives went to the capitol grounds again at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, headed by Representative Charlton, of Louisville. Two bayonets were crossed over the front of Charlton's nose as he entered the gates, and he was asked for a pass.

"I have no pass," was the reply. "I am a member of the legislature, as are these gentlemen with me, and we wish to enter the hall to hold a session." "Nobody can enter without a pass," was the reply, and Mr. Charlton returned to the capitol hill with his companions. They announced when they left the capitol grounds that they would get the members of the house and senate together, return in a body and demand admission.

A large crowd gathered at the depot during the morning to greet the train from the capitol. It has been currently reported that General Castleman would come in and many of the enthusiastic Democrats expected to see him walk up to the state house and take command of the troops, but Adjutant General Collier, who is first thing and then scatter the Republican officials to all points of the compass.

General Castleman failed to appear, however, and there was a sorely disappointed crowd of partisans around the capitol grounds. It was reported that the appearance of Governor Goebel to place an adjutant general in office leaves the troops entirely at the disposal of the Republicans, and for the time being at least has lessened all hope of a change of government.

The soldiers will continue to obey the orders of General Collier, and there will be no conflicting orders to confuse the Boer lines.

Governor Taylor remains in his office in the executive building, and practically denies himself to all callers. He will not, however, discuss for publication any action which he has taken or may take hereafter.

The records of the house of representatives which were taken from the house, Edward Leigh, Wednesday, by the militia while the legislature was racing around the streets in the vain endeavor to find a hall in which they could hold a joint session and elect a Governor, were returned to him by Governor Taylor.

Boxes of ammunition are being delivered to Adjutant General Collier. The hall of his office is packed ceiling high with cartridges. The greatest activity prevails on the capitol grounds. Blankets for the soldiers are arriving and every evidence of a protracted stay is apparent.

New Capitol For Mississippi. The Kiger bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the erection of a new state-house for Mississippi, at Jackson, passed the senate Thursday afternoon by a vote of 27 to 15. Several minor amendments governing the state-house commissioners were adopted.

WRECK ON PLANT SYSTEM. Fast Train Files Switch and Results In Death of Three Men. The fast train on the Plant system was wrecked 20 miles north of Tampa, Fla., Wednesday night. Engineer Kennedy was instantly killed. Two passengers were killed and a number injured.

The mail, express cars and two day coaches were thrown from the track and turned over. The Pullman cars were not derailed. The accident was caused by the train running into an open switch and colliding with a freight car. It is believed that the wreck was caused by a person with the intention of wrecking the train.

FILES BEYOND MORTGAGE. Standard Telephone Company of Atlanta Pledges Its Property. The Atlanta Standard Telephone Company has filed a mortgage for \$600,000 on all its property, franchises, privileges of every description. The mortgage was made to the City Trust, Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Philadelphia. The mortgage was issued to secure bonds and to take up another mortgage of \$600,000 in favor of the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company.

The company will issue bonds of \$100,000 denominated in five-year bonds, with a sinking fund of 2 percent interest and are payable in gold.

LARGEST ARMY ON RECORD.

To Be Sent to South Africa Against the Boers.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED GUNS.

A London special says: Mr. Wyndham's remarkable declaration in the house of commons that Great Britain will have within a fortnight 180,000 regulars in South Africa, 7,000 Canadian and Australian and 26,000 South African volunteers is received with wonderment. Of this total of 218,000 troops, with 452 guns, all are now there, with the exception of about 18,000 that are absent. Beyond comparison this is the largest force Great Britain has ever put into the field.

At the end of the Crimean war she had scraped together 80,000 men. Wellington at Waterloo had 26,000. Mr. Wyndham's speech was the strongest declaration in the house of commons that another demand will be made for the body of Alonso Walker, and if it is refused, a sufficient number of men will be given to Sheriff Suter from Franklin county and adjoining counties, as well as to enable him to take possession of the capitol grounds and carry out the purpose of the writ.

This civil and military authority in Kentucky came face to face last year unless the ministers of one or the other should recede from the position they occupied there could be but one outcome, and that was civil war.

Such a crisis, however, was averted when Governor Taylor, Sunday morning, ordered the release of Walker.

While not recognizing in his action the existence of the writ of habeas corpus, which had been sworn out in behalf of Walker, Governor Taylor, by releasing the man, removed the most threatening sign of trouble. The commanding officers of the troops which guard the capitol grounds are engaged in explaining by the lack of land transports and the organization of supplies, to which Lord Lord Roberts is devoting his experience and Lord Kitchener his genius for details, it seems as though the weight of these masses must destroy the equilibrium which now holds the British forces stationary wherever they are in contact with the Boer army.

Lack of transports or organization will not explain adequately why the generals at the front request reinforcements, they get them in small numbers. Knowledge is slowly penetrating to London that large garrisons must be kept in Cape Colony to hold down the Cape Dutch who, at every one knows, outnumber the British residents three to one.

Cable scraps received during the last twelve hours do not further illuminate the military operations. It is seen that independent correspondents from that General Buller told his troops on January 28th that he hoped to relieve Ladysmith within a week. It is believed in some rather trustworthy quarters that he is again assailing the Boer lines.

The appalling consequences which would follow such an effort on the part of the sheriff were too much for the more conservative members of the Democratic party, and it was decided Sunday that no matter what Judge Moore should say as an individual, there would be no attempt to take possession of the capitol grounds by force of arms.

When Walker was released notice was served upon him that the charge against him was still pending, and could be pushed at any time if the military authorities should so desire. Various rumors were circulated in regard to the reasons for the sudden release of Mr. Walker, among them being a report that his release, by order of Governor Taylor, was in deference to a telegram from Washington advising his discharge.

Governor Taylor was too busy to be seen in regard to the matter, but Adjutant General Collier emphatically denied that any such reason existed for Walker's release.

WATKINSON ROASTS RAILWAY.

Says the L. & N. Caused the Present Troubles in Kentucky.

Henry Watkinson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, has given out a statement which in part says: "The head and front of our present troubles in Kentucky, at once the source and the resource of the revolutionary proceeding by which Republican government has been restored to this state, is the military dictatorship set up in its place, in the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company."

"In the recent state campaign it supplied material resources and such abundance as to draw out all the dangerous elements of society and to put into activity all the forces of political adventure. The two leading parties of the contest were as nothing by comparison with the gigantic machinery for corrupting the election."

The senate committee on Porto Rico has concluded its consideration of the bill providing a form of government for the island. The rate of duty provided on articles brought from Porto Rico to the United States and for articles taken from the United States to Porto Rico is 25 percent of the duty free list.

The Porto Rican Tariff.

TAYLOR IGNORES HABEAS CORPUS.

Clash Between Civil and Military Authorities Narrowly Averted.

WALKER WAS RELEASED.

Governor Acted of His Own Volition In the Matter.

A Frankfort special says: Governor Taylor Saturday afternoon refused to acknowledge the existence or permit the service of a writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Moore, a stenographer, who was arrested and put into confinement after pinning a notice of writ of injunction on Governor Taylor's chambers in the executive building. Something which, under the position of the capitol grounds, a situation of the state of Kentucky, cannot be done legally except in cases of rebellion or invasion. When Sheriff Suter returned his writ unexecuted to Judge Moore, the latter announced that he would see that the sheriff was given power sufficient to enforce the mandate of his court. In so declaring he used the following words:

"No attempt will be made to enforce the writ until Monday. At that time another demand will be made for the body of Alonso Walker, and if it is refused, a sufficient number of men will be given to Sheriff Suter from Franklin county and adjoining counties, as well as to enable him to take possession of the capitol grounds and carry out the purpose of the writ."

This civil and military authority in Kentucky came face to face last year unless the ministers of one or the other should recede from the position they occupied there could be but one outcome, and that was civil war.

Such a crisis, however, was averted when Governor Taylor, Sunday morning, ordered the release of Walker.

While not recognizing in his action the existence of the writ of habeas corpus, which had been sworn out in behalf of Walker, Governor Taylor, by releasing the man, removed the most threatening sign of trouble. The commanding officers of the troops which guard the capitol grounds are engaged in explaining by the lack of land transports and the organization of supplies, to which Lord Lord Roberts is devoting his experience and Lord Kitchener his genius for details, it seems as though the weight of these masses must destroy the equilibrium which now holds the British forces stationary wherever they are in contact with the Boer army.

Lack of transports or organization will not explain adequately why the generals at the front request reinforcements, they get them in small numbers. Knowledge is slowly penetrating to London that large garrisons must be kept in Cape Colony to hold down the Cape Dutch who, at every one knows, outnumber the British residents three to one.

Cable scraps received during the last twelve hours do not further illuminate the military operations. It is seen that independent correspondents from that General Buller told his troops on January 28th that he hoped to relieve Ladysmith within a week. It is believed in some rather trustworthy quarters that he is again assailing the Boer lines.

The appalling consequences which would follow such an effort on the part of the sheriff were too much for the more conservative members of the Democratic party, and it was decided Sunday that no matter what Judge Moore should say as an individual, there would be no attempt to take possession of the capitol grounds by force of arms.

When Walker was released notice was served upon him that the charge against him was still pending, and could be pushed at any time if the military authorities should so desire. Various rumors were circulated in regard to the reasons for the sudden release of Mr. Walker, among them being a report that his release, by order of Governor Taylor, was in deference to a telegram from Washington advising his discharge.

Governor Taylor was too busy to be seen in regard to the matter, but Adjutant General Collier emphatically denied that any such reason existed for Walker's release.

BULLER RESUMES FIGHT.

Reports Say He Has Again Crossed the Tugela.

The St. James Gazette (London) says it is reported on good authority that General Buller has again crossed the Tugela river at three places and that fighting has been renewed. The war office has no news of General Buller's movements, but as reported by The St. James Gazette, the paper says it has no reason to doubt the correctness of its information, although it has not yet learned the exact positions Buller seized.

FILES BEYOND MORTGAGE.

Standard Telephone Company of Atlanta Pledges Its Property. The Atlanta Standard Telephone Company has filed a mortgage for \$600,000 on all its property, franchises, privileges of every description. The mortgage was made to the City Trust, Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Philadelphia. The mortgage was issued to secure bonds and to take up another mortgage of \$600,000 in favor of the Atlanta Trust and Banking Company.

The company will issue bonds of \$100,000 denominated in five-year bonds, with a sinking fund of 2 percent interest and are payable in gold.

# The Bulloch Herald.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE COUNTY.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

PUBLISHED FRIDAYS.

DAVID B. TURNER.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Entered at the postoffice at Statesboro, Ga., as second-class mail matter.

Statesboro, Ga., February 9, 1900.

It is stated that depression hangs over England like a pall. "Oom Paul," somebody suggests.

A Chicago paper asserts that "Mr. Altgeld has more brains than Mr. Bryan." But Mr. Bryan has more influence.

Propriety has evidently struck the Maryland legislature—a bill has been introduced to prohibit saloon keepers from giving free lunches.

The report that Mrs. Aguinaldo is dead has been corrected. Next thing it will be denied that the Colonel's mother-in-law has lost her clothing.

The Kansas editor who is running a daily paper on the plan of "What would Jesus do," has advanced the subscription price fifty per cent, it is said.

There is a slight difference between the president and congress. The president spells it "Puerto Rico," and congress says it's "Porto Rico." Hope there'll be no trouble about it.

Democratic workmen are said to get consolation out of the fact that while the republicans have the biggest fortunes on their side, they will have the biggest families, and will soon be in the majority.

British and Boer officers are both making complaint against the kind of bullets the others are using. Somebody suggests that each wants the other to fire sponges instead of bullets.

The dog law is now the subject of much talk, and three-fourths of the people agree that the policy of "the greatest good to the greatest number," demands that they go untaxed in Bulloch county.

Elite society in Germany uses iron visiting cards of about one four-hundredths of an inch in thickness, the name being printed in silver. That, however, is not in it with the cannon ball messenger said to be in vogue in South Africa.

A statistically inclined lady missionary estimates that there are ten thousand more heathen in New York city than there are in Tokyo, Japan. And now Chicago and Brooklyn are already claiming that they can beat that. Atlanta hasn't been heard from yet.

Since the war, Spain is said to be enjoying a wave of prosperity second only to that with which our country is blessed. If it can be established that this a result of the conflict, it will not be surprising if warring will hereafter be engaged in between nations purely as a business enterprise.

Affairs in Kentucky have assumed a somewhat more peaceable aspect during the past two or three days, democratic and republican leaders having agreed on terms of a settlement. The republican governor, however, continues to retard the progress toward settlement by his obstinacy.

Teddy Roosevelt did not get enough glory in the Cuban war, and he is now trying to mix himself up in the Kentucky row. He declares that if he were in Tay-

lor's place he would hold the governorship of Kentucky in spite of the legislature, the law, the courts, the world, the flesh and the devil. Roosevelt is "shore a terror" to hear him talk.

**He "Dropped His Candy."**  
No man has ever shown himself more unworthy of the confidence and sympathy of the public than has Gov. Taylor, of Kentucky, in the bribe which is just now about to be brought to a peaceable settlement. To use a common slang expression he has simply "dropped his candy."

That he was probably elected need not be denied. The election board, composed of a majority politically opposed to him, had given him a certificate of election, in contesting which Mr. Goebel was doing no more than he had a right to do. It was a matter that could properly be carried before the legislature for adjustment, and no action on Taylor's part to prevent the legislature from investigating it was excusable. While it cannot be charged that it was at his instigation that the armed body of mountaineers swarmed the capitol city at the time the legislature was engaged in the investigation, they were there without his objection so far as has been made public.

That they were there for the purpose of intimidating the democratic legislature from proceeding as it might select to do, was openly announced. Whether the action about to be taken in the installation of Goebel as governor, was just, is not the point; it was legal—the legislature had the right to do it; and it was a small thing for the governor of a great state to undertake to hold himself in office by military power, ignoring every legal civil proceeding in his efforts to do so.

He made a palpable and infamous effort to prevent the investigation of the crime by which his opponent was assassinated. It is admitted that the fatal shot was fired from the building of which Gov. Taylor was not only in charge, but in which he had his political headquarters. When the police officers of Kentucky's capitol made an effort to enter and search the building from which the murderous assault came, the military forces under Taylor's command stood in their way and threatened to shoot them if they persisted in an effort to perform their plain duty. He has thus placed himself in the attitude of harboring a creature who had deliberately planned the assassination of a citizen and the alleged rightful governor of Kentucky.

Then by an unprecedented exercise of his arbitrary executive will he has adjourned the legislature for a week and ordered it to meet in the very hot bed of his most irate, unprincipled and unscrupulous political tools.

The best legal opinion of his own state, even of his own partisans, condemns and disgraces him. Many of those who honestly believe that he was elected governor of Kentucky have by his own acts been driven to the conclusion that he is utterly unfit to perform the functions of that high office.

The legislative power, the highest form and source of the expression of the popular will of Kentucky, has been assaulted by Taylor and the law has by him been defied as boldly as he should have upheld it had he been an honest man.

We do not presume to prognosticate what the outcome of this unhappy complication in Kentucky will be, but we have no hesitation in saying that Taylor has proved himself utterly unworthy of the office in which he is now held by bayonet power.

## No Amusement Needed.

Mention was recently made that Dr. Broughton, of Atlanta, had sarcastically recommended glove contests and cocktails between prayers as an inducement for people to attend church. The Herald remarked at the time that the reverend gentlemen needed no such side-attractions when he went up against the devil—his original and sensational style insure him a congregation. As a late specimen of his drawing style, the following is from a sermon delivered a few days ago:

"Every day right here in Atlanta virtue is deliberately offered upon the altar of dire necessity. More than 40 per cent of the inmates of the houses of prostitution here, by the best statistics are there today from this cause. It is an awful social condition we are coming to. A through passport to hell is better in the hands of many a girl today than a stenographer's diploma. All honor to the girl who passes through unsoiled; but how many succumb, God only knows."

Now, while such an insinuation coming from a public man of any other profession would very properly be resented as too strong, it is highly entertaining when it emanates from the pulpit, and will insure a bigger crowd next Sunday. This it tends to injure the character of numbers of virtuous lady stenographers, makes no difference—people at church must be entertained and induced to come again and bring their friends. That is why the Doctor preaches as he does, and not that he expects such talk to cause one sinner to perse in his way.

But the business men of Atlanta do not appreciate such charges, and the interviews published in the papers term them "an outrage upon civilization," "full of contemptible insinuations," etc., and the reporter states that "in almost every instance the interviews had to be toned down to parliamentary language" before they were published. One reason for so much discussion is the fact that the insinuation hurts the employer as well as the stenographer, and this the business men resent.

One of those interviewed who takes issue with Dr. Broughton, is Dr. Holderby, another minister of the city, who says: "Dr. Broughton's statement was too broad. I have been here ten years and have watched the girls of Atlanta very closely. I have never seen anything to lead me to believe that at least a large majority of them are not working hard to make an honest living. The business men that I know, and I know nearly all of them, are not men who would take advantage of a working girl. Such a statement as was made by Dr. Broughton is apt to damage the reputation of these girls as a class, and is unfair. I am sorry he made it."

**To Voters of the Middle Circuit:**  
Under an act of the General Assembly of this state, approved December 21, 1897, and ratified by the people at the polls in October, 1898, the solicitors general of Georgia will hereafter be elected by a direct vote of the people. The term of the present incumbent, B. T. Rawlings, Esq., expires on the first day of January, 1901, and his successor will be elected at the general election to be held in October next. I shall be a candidate for the office of solicitor general of the Middle Circuit of this state at this election, subject to whatever rules or regulations that may be adopted by the democratic party governing the nominations for the same. If elected it shall be my endeavor to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of the office according to law.

**Application for New Road.**  
Whereas, certain petitioners have made their application to this court, praying for an order granting the establishment of a public road commencing at W. T. Morgan's place in the 122nd District, and running in a north-easterly direction by the residence of J. T. Mink, thence down the Middle Grand road about one mile, leaving said road at T. L. Sharpe's place, and from thence to the residence of A. M. Himes. This is therefore to cite and admonish all persons that on and after the first Monday in March, 1900, said road will be granted as marked out, if no good cause is shown to the contrary. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**Application for Minor.**  
John H. Sizemore, being a minor residing in said county whose father does not reside in the county and whose mother is dead, and E. W. DeLoach having made application to me to have said minor bound to him as provided by law, notice is hereby given that I will pass upon said application at my office in Statesboro on the first Monday in March next. And all persons interested are hereby called upon to show cause at that time why the prayer of said applicant should not be granted. This Feb. 6, 1900.

## Ordinary's Notices.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, Henry Bacon, administrator of George Wilkinson, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered George Wilkinson's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration, and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in May 1900. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, J. B. Brannen, administrator of C. C. Brannen, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered C. C. Brannen's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in May 1900. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, H. J. Proctor, administrator of W. M. Proctor, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered W. M. Proctor's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in April next. This Jan. 11th, 1900.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, H. J. Proctor, administrator of W. M. Proctor, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered W. M. Proctor's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in April next. This Jan. 11th, 1900.

**Leave to Sell Lands.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
To all whom it may concern:  
Mrs. Kate Bland, administratrix of estate of Ambury Bland, has in due form applied to me to sell her reversionary interest in a certain tract of land and estate, and I will pass upon said application on the first Monday in March next at my office in Statesboro. This Feb. 6, 1900.

**For Year's Support.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
To all whom it may concern:  
Leola Anderson having in due form applied to the undersigned for appraisals and set apart a twelve month's support for herself and nine minor children, out of the estate of I. E. Anderson, being deceased, and the appraisals having been appointed for that purpose and having made their report, notice is hereby given that said return will be made the judgment of the court on the first Monday in March next unless cause is shown to the contrary. This February 4, 1900.

**Leave to Lease Timber.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
To all whom it may concern:  
A. G. Brown, guardian of the minor heirs of W. F. Brown, applies to me for leave to lease the timber for timbering purposes on about 300 acres of land in 44th district of said county, bounded by lands of G. T. Brewton, W. R. Wilkinson and others, for the maintenance and education of said minor—notice is hereby given that the order for said order for the sale will be granted on the first Monday in March next unless objections are filed. This February 7, 1900.

**Application for New Road.**  
Whereas, certain petitioners have made their application to this court, praying for an order granting the establishment of a public road commencing at W. T. Morgan's place in the 122nd District, and running in a north-easterly direction by the residence of J. T. Mink, thence down the Middle Grand road about one mile, leaving said road at T. L. Sharpe's place, and from thence to the residence of A. M. Himes. This is therefore to cite and admonish all persons that on and after the first Monday in March, 1900, said road will be granted as marked out, if no good cause is shown to the contrary. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**Application for Minor.**  
John H. Sizemore, being a minor residing in said county whose father does not reside in the county and whose mother is dead, and E. W. DeLoach having made application to me to have said minor bound to him as provided by law, notice is hereby given that I will pass upon said application at my office in Statesboro on the first Monday in March next. And all persons interested are hereby called upon to show cause at that time why the prayer of said applicant should not be granted. This Feb. 6, 1900.

**Notice to Debtors and Creditors.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
All persons indebted to the estate of S. W. Wallace are hereby notified to make immediate settlement to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said estate are also notified to present same as required by law. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**Sheriff's Sales.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the  
FIRST TUESDAY IN MARCH,  
1900, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit:  
All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the state and county aforesaid, and in the 48th District, G. M. thereof, containing Thirty-five (35) acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of C. H. Bostwick, on the east by lands of C. W. Williams, on the south by lands of L. W. Lee, and on the west by lands of C. H. Bostwick.  
Said land levied on as the property of R. E. Aullman to satisfy a tax execution issued by P. B. McElreath, T. C. B. C. for the state and county taxes of the said O. W. Shuman for the year 1898. This February 8, 1900.

## Sheriff's Sales.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, W. S. Proctor, administrator of Eva Sorrier, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered Eva Sorrier's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else he will be discharged from his guardianship as applied for. This Jan. 1st, 1900.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, H. J. Proctor, administrator of W. M. Proctor, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered W. M. Proctor's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned, kindred and creditors, to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration and receive letters of dismission on the first Monday in April next. This Jan. 11th, 1900.

**Leave to Sell Lands.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
To all whom it may concern:  
Mrs. Kate Bland, administratrix of estate of Ambury Bland, has in due form applied to me to sell her reversionary interest in a certain tract of land and estate, and I will pass upon said application on the first Monday in March next at my office in Statesboro. This Feb. 6, 1900.

**For Year's Support.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
To all whom it may concern:  
Leola Anderson having in due form applied to the undersigned for appraisals and set apart a twelve month's support for herself and nine minor children, out of the estate of I. E. Anderson, being deceased, and the appraisals having been appointed for that purpose and having made their report, notice is hereby given that said return will be made the judgment of the court on the first Monday in March next unless cause is shown to the contrary. This February 4, 1900.

**Leave to Lease Timber.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
To all whom it may concern:  
A. G. Brown, guardian of the minor heirs of W. F. Brown, applies to me for leave to lease the timber for timbering purposes on about 300 acres of land in 44th district of said county, bounded by lands of G. T. Brewton, W. R. Wilkinson and others, for the maintenance and education of said minor—notice is hereby given that the order for said order for the sale will be granted on the first Monday in March next unless objections are filed. This February 7, 1900.

**Application for New Road.**  
Whereas, certain petitioners have made their application to this court, praying for an order granting the establishment of a public road commencing at W. T. Morgan's place in the 122nd District, and running in a north-easterly direction by the residence of J. T. Mink, thence down the Middle Grand road about one mile, leaving said road at T. L. Sharpe's place, and from thence to the residence of A. M. Himes. This is therefore to cite and admonish all persons that on and after the first Monday in March, 1900, said road will be granted as marked out, if no good cause is shown to the contrary. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**Application for Minor.**  
John H. Sizemore, being a minor residing in said county whose father does not reside in the county and whose mother is dead, and E. W. DeLoach having made application to me to have said minor bound to him as provided by law, notice is hereby given that I will pass upon said application at my office in Statesboro on the first Monday in March next. And all persons interested are hereby called upon to show cause at that time why the prayer of said applicant should not be granted. This Feb. 6, 1900.

**Notice to Debtors and Creditors.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
All persons indebted to the estate of S. W. Wallace are hereby notified to make immediate settlement to the undersigned, and all persons holding claims against said estate are also notified to present same as required by law. This Feb. 8, 1900.

**Sheriff's Sales.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the  
FIRST TUESDAY IN MARCH,  
1900, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit:  
All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the state and county aforesaid, and in the 48th District, G. M. thereof, containing Thirty-five (35) acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of C. H. Bostwick, on the east by lands of C. W. Williams, on the south by lands of L. W. Lee, and on the west by lands of C. H. Bostwick.  
Said land levied on as the property of R. E. Aullman to satisfy a tax execution issued by P. B. McElreath, T. C. B. C. for the state and county taxes of the said O. W. Shuman for the year 1898. This February 8, 1900.

**For Letters of Dismission.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Whereas, W. S. Proctor, administrator of Eva Sorrier, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered Eva Sorrier's estate. This is therefore to cite all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in March next, else he will be discharged from his guardianship as applied for. This Jan. 1st, 1900.

**Sheriff's Sales.**  
GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.  
Will be sold before the court house door of said county on the  
FIRST TUESDAY IN MARCH,  
1900, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property to-wit:  
All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the state and county aforesaid, and in the 48th District, G. M. thereof, containing Thirty-five (35) acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of C. H. Bostwick, on the east by lands of C. W. Williams, on the south by lands of L. W. Lee, and on the west by lands of C. H. Bostwick.  
Said land levied on as the property of R. E. Aullman to satisfy a tax execution issued by P. B. McElreath, T. C. B. C. for the state and county taxes of the said O. W. Shuman for the year 1898. This February 8, 1900.

## All Over the County.

Local Items Condensed for The Herald Readers.  
**READ 'EM IF YOU CARE TO.**  
Chances are 'Tisn't True.  
Virgil Moore is delighted with a new boy at his house.  
Mr. R. Simmons is off on a business trip to Augusta for a few days.  
Mr. Bussey, of the Savannah Telephone was a pleasant visitor at our office.  
Mrs. H. C. Cone returned yesterday from a few days' visit with relatives in Savannah.  
Dr. R. L. Sample left yesterday for Philadelphia to take his regular annual course in medicine.  
Messrs. J. O. and S. H. Franklin, of Parrish, were visitors to Statesboro Tuesday on business.  
Get your garden seeds from E. D. Holland & Co.  
This season's record for high prices in Sea Island cotton seems not yet to have been made, it having climbed to eighteen and a half cents in Statesboro today.  
The members of the Primitive Baptist congregation are taking steps to paint their church building, which will add very much to its already neat appearance.  
The still property of R. M. Williams & Co. sold at public auction before the court house Tuesday, and was bought in by Mr. R. M. Williams, the price paid being \$18,500.  
The Edenfield property advertised for sale here Tuesday, was not disposed of for want of a sufficiently high bid. It will be re-advertised and sold on the first Tuesday in March.  
Deputy Sheriff DeLoach has been engaged throughout the county for the past two weeks in levying tax executions. The number issued this year is about the same as in former years.  
Full line fresh garden seeds at E. D. Holland & Co's.  
Rev. McMillan, of South Carolina, preached at the Baptist church here Thursday, and will occupy the pulpit again Sunday. The church will probably extend him a call to the pastorate.  
The Statesboro market is being well supplied for the past few days with splendid shad from the Savannah river. It is reported that they are being caught in large numbers from the Ogeechee also.  
Mrs. Nancy DeLoach died at her home in the lower part of the county last Saturday, and was buried at DeLoach's church Sunday. She was the mother of J. Morgan DeLoach, the turpentine operator at Pembroke.  
Mr. J. G. Blich has the material on the ground for the elevation of his store building to two stories. His is already one of the prettiest stores in town, and the proposed improvements will add much to its beauty and convenience.  
Attend the Closing Out Sale at the Savannah Bargain Store.  
Messrs. Adams and sons, who have been conducting a blacksmith and repair shop at Woodburn for the past several years, have recently moved their business to the thriving town of Brooklet, ten miles below town on the S. & S.  
Arrangements have been made whereby there will be preaching at the presbyterian church twice a month after this—on the first and third Sundays. Rev. McMeen

## All Over the County.

who preached here last Sunday, will continue to serve the church for the present.  
Mr. J. F. Lee, Jr., died at Pembroke last Wednesday after an illness of only a few hours with some affection of the lung. He was one of the best known young men of the county, having been a candidate twice for the position of tax collector.  
The election for a county school commissioner for the ensuing term of four years will be held by the board of education tomorrow, Capt. Hagin and Maj. Cone have announced as candidates, and it is understood that the friends of Prof. Brannen are insisting on his making a race for the office.  
The entire stock of the Savannah Bargain Store must be closed out during this month, as the store must be vacated on March 1.  
Quite a little political gossip was heard among the large crowd here last Monday, and it will not be surprising if some announcements are made before many days. For the present prospective candidates are "feeling around" but it will not be long before they make up their minds what to do.  
Mr. S. J. Couch has bought the lot from J. W. Franklin near Blich's store, and will shortly commence the erection of a store building and residence thereon. The price paid for the lot, which is 25x100 feet, was \$300, which shows something of the value of Statesboro real estate.  
THE HERALD regrets to have to apologize to its readers for the lack of reading matter in this issue, but a couple of days spent in moving in type and printing machinery, have detained our entire force until there was no time to write local news nor put it in type. We'll do better next week.  
When you buy pickles, get the best; Heinz's are known to be the best. One keg of sour and one of sweet pickles of Heinz's make just opened at W. B. Martin's.  
Rev. J. A. Scarborough this week sold his handsome residence in East Statesboro to Mr. W. T. Daniels, of Savannah, who will occupy it as a summer home for his family. Rev. Scarborough expects build at some point on the D. & S. railroad beyond Clito, in order to be convenient to his sawmill business at Dover.  
Col. D. R. Groover and Messrs. J. W. Clifton and J. G. Blich visited Augusta last week in the interest of the cotton factory and spent a day inspecting the big mills of that city. They may be expected to have something of interest to report, therefore, at the factory meeting to be held here on the first Monday in March.  
Mr. Jas. Denmark, at Harville, had the misfortune to lose his gin house last Wednesday with all its contents, consisting of a sawmill, set of mill rocks, 700 bushels cotton seed and some lint, besides three bales of cotton belonging to other parties. The total loss is about \$1,200, uninsured. The fire originated from a match in some cotton being ginned.  
R. Simmons' force of clerks have been busy this week opening up their stock in the Blich building, preparatory to beginning the work of rebuilding Simmons' store on the corner. A change has recently been made in that thriving business, Messrs. Brooks and Homer Simmons going in as partners. The style of the firm will probably be "The Simmons Mercantile Co."  
Mrs. A. Moore wishes it understood that she pays highest prices for country produce—chickens, eggs, hides, was, lard, tallow—in exchange for best goods at lowest prices.

**Local Items Condensed for The Herald Readers.**  
**READ 'EM IF YOU CARE TO.**  
Chances are 'Tisn't True.  
Virgil Moore is delighted with a new boy at his house.  
Mr. R. Simmons is off on a business trip to Augusta for a few days.  
Mr. Bussey, of the Savannah Telephone was a pleasant visitor at our office.  
Mrs. H. C. Cone returned yesterday from a few days' visit with relatives in Savannah.  
Dr. R. L. Sample left yesterday for Philadelphia to take his regular annual course in medicine.  
Messrs. J. O. and S. H. Franklin, of Parrish, were visitors to Statesboro Tuesday on business.  
Get your garden seeds from E. D. Holland & Co.  
This season's record for high prices in Sea Island cotton seems not yet to have been made, it having climbed to eighteen and a half cents in Statesboro today.  
The members of the Primitive Baptist congregation are taking steps to paint their church building, which will add very much to its already neat appearance.  
The still property of R. M. Williams & Co. sold at public auction before the court house Tuesday, and was bought in by Mr. R. M. Williams, the price paid being \$18,500.  
The Edenfield property advertised for sale here Tuesday, was not disposed of for want of a sufficiently high bid. It will be re-advertised and sold on the first Tuesday in March.  
Deputy Sheriff DeLoach has been engaged throughout the county for the past two weeks in levying tax executions. The number issued this year is about the same as in former years.  
Full line fresh garden seeds at E. D. Holland & Co's.  
Rev. McMillan, of South Carolina, preached at the Baptist church here Thursday, and will occupy the pulpit again Sunday. The church will probably extend him a call to the pastorate.  
The Statesboro market is being well supplied for the past few days with splendid shad from the Savannah river. It is reported that they are being caught in large numbers from the Ogeechee also.  
Mrs. Nancy DeLoach died at her home in the lower part of the county last Saturday, and was buried at DeLoach's church Sunday. She was the mother of J. Morgan DeLoach, the turpentine operator at Pembroke.  
Mr. J. G. Blich has the material on the ground for the elevation of his store building to two stories. His is already one of the prettiest stores in town, and the proposed improvements will add much to its beauty and convenience.  
Attend the Closing Out Sale at the Savannah Bargain Store.  
Messrs. Adams and sons, who have been conducting a blacksmith and repair shop at Woodburn for the past several years, have recently moved their business to the thriving town of Brooklet, ten miles below town on the S. & S.  
Arrangements have been made whereby there will be preaching at the presbyterian church twice a month after this—on the first and third Sundays. Rev. McMeen

**Local Items Condensed for The Herald Readers.**  
**READ 'EM IF YOU CARE TO.**  
Chances are 'Tisn't True.  
Virgil Moore is delighted with a new boy at his house.  
Mr. R. Simmons is off on a business trip to Augusta for a few days.  
Mr. Bussey, of the Savannah Telephone was a pleasant visitor at our office.  
Mrs. H. C. Cone returned yesterday from a few days' visit with relatives in Savannah.  
Dr. R. L. Sample left yesterday for Philadelphia to take his regular annual course in medicine.  
Messrs. J. O. and S. H. Franklin, of Parrish, were visitors to Statesboro Tuesday on business.  
Get your garden seeds from E. D. Holland & Co.  
This season's record for high prices in Sea Island cotton seems not yet to have been made, it having climbed to eighteen and a half cents in Statesboro today.  
The members of the Primitive Baptist congregation are taking steps to paint their church building, which will add very much to its already neat appearance.  
The still property of R. M. Williams & Co. sold at public auction before the court house Tuesday, and was bought in by Mr. R. M. Williams, the price paid being \$18,500.  
The Edenfield property advertised for sale here Tuesday, was not disposed of for want of a sufficiently high bid. It will be re-advertised and sold on the first Tuesday in March.  
Deputy Sheriff DeLoach has been engaged throughout the county for the past two weeks in levying tax executions. The number issued this year is about the same as in former years.  
Full line fresh garden seeds at E. D. Holland & Co's.  
Rev. McMillan, of South Carolina, preached at the Baptist church here Thursday, and will occupy the pulpit again Sunday. The church will probably extend him a call to the pastorate.  
The Statesboro market is being well supplied for the past few days with splendid shad from the Savannah river. It is reported that they are being caught in large numbers from the Ogeechee also.  
Mrs. Nancy DeLoach died at her home in the lower part of the county last Saturday, and was buried at DeLoach's church Sunday. She was the mother of J. Morgan DeLoach, the turpentine operator at Pembroke.  
Mr. J. G. Blich has the material on the ground for the elevation of his store building to two stories. His is already one of the prettiest stores in town, and the proposed improvements will add much to its beauty and convenience.  
Attend the Closing Out Sale at the Savannah Bargain Store.  
Messrs. Adams and sons, who have been conducting a blacksmith and repair shop at Woodburn for the past several years, have recently moved their business to the thriving town of Brooklet, ten miles below town on the S. & S.  
Arrangements have been made whereby there will be preaching at the presbyterian church twice a month after this—on the first and third Sundays. Rev. McMeen

**Local Items Condensed for The Herald Readers.**  
**READ 'EM IF YOU CARE TO.**  
Chances are 'Tisn't True.  
Virgil Moore is delighted with a new boy at his house.  
Mr. R. Simmons is off on a business trip to Augusta for a few days.  
Mr. Bussey, of the Savannah Telephone was a pleasant visitor at our office.  
Mrs. H. C. Cone returned yesterday from a few days' visit with relatives in Savannah.  
Dr. R. L. Sample left yesterday for Philadelphia to take his regular annual course in medicine.  
Messrs. J. O. and S. H. Franklin, of Parrish, were visitors to Statesboro Tuesday on business.  
Get your garden seeds from E. D. Holland & Co.  
This season's record for high prices in Sea Island cotton seems not yet to have been made, it having climbed to eighteen and a half cents in Statesboro today.  
The members of the Primitive Baptist congregation are taking steps to paint their church building, which will add very much to its already neat appearance.  
The still property of R. M. Williams & Co. sold at public auction before the court house Tuesday, and was bought in by Mr. R. M. Williams, the price paid being \$18,500.  
The Edenfield property advertised for sale here Tuesday, was not disposed of for want of a sufficiently high bid. It will be re-advertised and sold on the first Tuesday in March.  
Deputy Sheriff DeLoach has been engaged throughout the county for the past two weeks in levying tax executions. The number issued this year is about the same as in former years.  
Full line fresh garden seeds at E. D. Holland & Co's.  
Rev. McMillan, of South Carolina, preached at the Baptist church here Thursday, and will occupy the pulpit again Sunday. The church will probably extend him a call to the pastorate.  
The Statesboro market is being well supplied for the past few days with splendid shad from the Savannah river. It is reported that they are being caught in large numbers from the Ogeechee also.  
Mrs. Nancy DeLoach died at her home in the lower part of the county last Saturday, and was buried at DeLoach's church Sunday. She was the mother of J. Morgan DeLoach, the turpentine operator at Pembroke.  
Mr. J. G. Blich has the material on the ground for the elevation of his store building to two stories. His is already one of the prettiest stores in town, and the proposed improvements will add much to its beauty and convenience.  
Attend the Closing Out Sale at the Savannah Bargain Store.  
Messrs. Adams and sons, who have been conducting a blacksmith and repair shop at Woodburn for the past several years, have recently moved their business to the thriving town of Brooklet, ten miles below town on the S. & S.  
Arrangements have been made whereby there will be preaching at the presbyterian church twice a month after this—on the first and third Sundays. Rev. McMeen

**Local Items Condensed for The Herald Readers.**  
**READ 'EM IF YOU CARE TO.**  
Chances are 'Tisn't True.  
Virgil Moore is delighted with a new boy at his house.  
Mr. R. Simmons is off on a business trip to Augusta for a few days.  
Mr. Bussey, of the Savannah Telephone was a pleasant visitor at our office.  
Mrs. H. C. Cone returned yesterday from a few days' visit with relatives in Savannah.  
Dr. R. L. Sample left yesterday for Philadelphia to take his regular annual course in medicine.  
Messrs. J. O. and S. H. Franklin, of Parrish, were visitors to Statesboro Tuesday on business.  
Get your garden seeds from E. D. Holland & Co.  
This season's record for high prices in Sea Island cotton seems not yet to have been made, it having climbed to eighteen and a half cents in Statesboro today.  
The members of the Primitive Baptist congregation are taking steps to paint their church building, which will add very much to its already neat appearance.  
The still property of R. M. Williams & Co. sold at public auction before the court house Tuesday, and was bought in by Mr. R. M. Williams, the price paid being \$18,500.  
The Edenfield property advertised for sale here Tuesday, was not disposed of for want of a sufficiently high bid. It will be re-advertised and sold on the first Tuesday in March.  
Deputy Sheriff DeLoach has been engaged throughout the county for the past two weeks in levying tax executions. The number issued this year is about the same as in former years.  
Full line fresh garden seeds at E. D. Holland & Co's.  
Rev. McMillan, of South Carolina, preached at the Baptist church here Thursday, and will occupy the pulpit again Sunday. The church will probably extend him a call to the pastorate.  
The Statesboro market is being well supplied for the past few days with splendid shad from the Savannah river. It is reported that they are being caught in large numbers from the Ogeechee also.  
Mrs. Nancy DeLoach died at her home in the lower part of the county last Saturday, and was buried at DeLoach's church Sunday. She was the mother of J. Morgan DeLoach, the turpentine operator at Pembroke.  
Mr. J. G. Blich has the material on the ground for the elevation of his store building to two stories. His is already one of the prettiest stores in town, and the proposed improvements will add much to its beauty and convenience.  
Attend the Closing Out Sale at the Savannah Bargain Store.  
Messrs. Adams and sons, who have been conducting a blacksmith and repair shop at Woodburn for the past several years, have recently moved their business to the thriving town of Brooklet, ten miles below town on the S. & S.  
Arrangements have been made whereby there will be preaching at the presbyterian church twice a month after this—on the first and third Sundays. Rev. McMeen

**Local Items Condensed for The Herald Readers.**  
**READ 'EM IF YOU CARE TO.**  
Chances are 'Tisn't True.  
Virgil Moore is delighted with a new boy at his house.  
Mr. R. Simmons is off on a business trip to Augusta for a few days.  
Mr. Bussey, of the Savannah Telephone was a pleasant visitor at our office.  
Mrs. H. C. Cone returned yesterday from a few days' visit with relatives in Savannah.  
Dr. R. L. Sample left yesterday for Philadelphia to take his regular annual course in medicine.  
Messrs. J. O. and S. H. Franklin, of Parrish, were visitors to Statesboro Tuesday on business.  
Get your garden seeds from E. D. Holland & Co.  
This season's record for high prices in Sea Island cotton

# GRIM DEATH CLAIMS GOEBEL

### ASSASSIN'S BULLET FINALLY ACCOMPLISHES ITS DASTARDLY WORK.

## BECKHAM IS INAUGURATED

#### Address Issued to People—Democratic Legislative Headquarters Moved to Louisville.

A Frankfort special says: The bullet fired by an unknown assassin Tuesday morning, January 20th, ended in the life of General Goebel at 6:45 o'clock Saturday evening. The only persons present at the deathbed were Goebel's sister, Mrs. Braunacker, and his brother, Arthur Goebel, of Cincinnati, who had been in constant attendance at Governor Goebel's bedside.

Justus Goebel, another brother, who had been hurrying from Arizona as fast as steam would carry him in a vain hope of reaching his dying brother in time for some token of recognition, arrived forty minutes too late. Oxygen was frequently administered the dying man during the afternoon in an effort to keep him alive at least until his brother's arrival, but in vain. By the cruel irony of fate the train on which Justus Goebel was traveling to Frankfort was delayed several hours from various causes, and when Mr. Goebel finally reached the city it was only to learn that his brother was dead.

#### SUFFERER RELAPSE.

Governor Goebel's condition Friday night and well into the morning was considered so much improved that for the first time since he was shot down in front of the courthouse, hopes were entertained of his ultimate recovery. About noon Saturday Governor Goebel had a relapse and steadily grew weaker with each hour. There was practically no rally from that time until his death. At 2:50 p. m. Goebel's physicians had abandoned hope. Efforts were then made to keep him alive until his brother from Arizona could arrive.

Among bitter partisans of both parties deep grief is manifested, and already a movement has been started to erect a fitting monument for Governor Goebel's memory on the spot in the state house grounds where he was shot.

Within a few moments the following announcement had been prepared and was silently handed about hotel and in the streets:

#### ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

To the People of Kentucky—It is with profound sorrow that we announce the death of Governor William Goebel. In his last moments he counseled his friends to keep cool and bow to the law in all things. We, his friends and advisers, big of the people of Kentucky, in this hour of affliction, to carefully abstain from any act of violence or any resort to mob law. It would be his wish if he were alive that there should be absolutely no stain on his memory by any impudent act of any who were his friends. The law is supreme and must in time be re-established and all wrongs he and his party have suffered will find their proper redress.

Joe C. E. Blackburn, W. S. Fryer, Urey Woodson, C. M. Lewis, J. B. McCreary, John K. Hendrick, James Andrew Scott, Lewis McQuown, B. W. Bradburn, S. J. Shackelford, C. O. McClord, South Trimble, speaker of the house; L. H. Carter, speaker pro tem of the senate.

This was the first intelligence given the public of the death of Mr. Goebel.

#### BECKHAM SWORN IN.

Exactly one hour after the death of Mr. Goebel, Acting Governor J. C. W. Beckham was sworn in as governor of the state, the oath being administered by S. J. Shackelford, clerk of the court of appeals.

It had been determined to keep secret the news of the death of Governor Goebel until Lieutenant Governor Beckham should have been formally inducted into office, and the delay was made greater by the inability

#### A Costly Undertaking.

Major Bulhner, who was wounded at the battle of Oodogg, arrived at Southampton Saturday on board the Serbia. He says there are 20,000 Boers at the Tugela river, but that General Buller can get through if he is prepared to sacrifice 5,000 or 6,000 men.

#### Bodies Coming From Manila.

A cable from Manila received from the quartermaster's department states that the Hancock sailed for San Francisco on January 19, with the bodies of 462 dead soldiers. The Indiana is expected in immediately with 200 bodies and the Ohio with 138 arrived at San Francisco last Friday.

# NO INTERFERENCE SAYS M'KINLEY

### President Will Hands Off In Kentucky Troubles. FOR PRESENT, AT LEAST

## Decision At Cabinet Meeting. Kentuckians Visit President.

A delegation of Kentucky Democrats, consisting of Senator-elect Blackburn and Representatives Rhea, Wheeler, Smith, Allen and Gilbert and Colonel Phil Thompson, called upon President McKinley Friday at the white house to protest against federal interference in the contest in Kentucky. Senator Lindsay arrived soon after the delegation had been admitted and was immediately ushered into the president's private office, where the conference was in progress. Senator Blackburn and Representative Rhea acted as spokesmen.

They explained their deep solicitude lest a collision evening occur between the warring elements in Kentucky and made the report that Governor Taylor had solicited federal intervention the text of their protest. They assured the president that the law and constitution of Kentucky had been strictly followed by the Democrats in the contest over the governorship, and that they proposed to stand by the law. The crisis that had arisen, they desired should be met, in the courts and determined by the law.

The Democrats, they asserted, would abstain from violence. They simply desired a lawful and orderly settlement of the controversy. Federal intervention would only aggravate matters, intensify the excitement, and almost certainly lead to trouble and perhaps loss of life. They earnestly appealed to the president to avert such a calamity by abstaining from interference of any sort. Senator Blackburn and Representative Rhea said that they were going to Kentucky and counsel peace and obedience to the law.

Senator Lindsay endorsed what his colleagues had said about the Democrats acting by the law and constitution. The federal troops at Kentucky would, in his opinion, create anarchy and chaos.

The president in reply expressed his great anxiety over the situation, his profound wish that violence be avoided and that the contest should be legally determined.

He assured the delegation, in a general way, that he deplored the situation, and that federal intervention would come only as a last resort, after having been invoked by the proper authority under the law and constitution.

While the president spoke in general terms, the delegation expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with his assurances.

After the cabinet meeting Friday afternoon, the following statement was made: "The president has decided that no case has yet arisen to justify the intervention of the national government in Kentucky, and has so informed the governor."

Some significance may attach to the use of the word "governor" in this statement, inasmuch as the reply was directed to Taylor.

"TROUBLE JUST BEGUN," Says Mark Hanna In Regard To Kentucky Fight. Senator Marcus A. Hanna, of Ohio, on being asked for an expression of opinion concerning the state of affairs in Kentucky, said:

"Regarding the political situation there I will say nothing. Of course it is a shocking state of affairs that a citizen, walking the streets of a city, a free man, can be shot down by an assassin hidden behind a screen."

"No matter what the provocation may have been, murder is never justifiable. No man who lives in any state may be depended upon to take care of themselves without the intervention of a lawful band of armed men."

"I know Kentuckians well. In a crisis like the present one their judgment is not always the best, and for that reason I fear that trouble in Frankfort is only begun."

Business Buildings in Ohio City Destroyed with Heavy Losses. The most disastrous conflagration that has ever visited Dayton, Ohio, broke out in the tobacco warehouse of J. P. Wolf Thursday morning. The property destroyed includes the warehouses and factory of J. P. Wolf & Sons, tobacco merchants; E. Binn & Sons, grocers; Benedict & Co., cigar manufacturers; the Dayton Paper Novelty company. Wolf & Sons, the heaviest losers, were insured for \$335,000; Benedict & Co., \$30,000, and the Dayton Paper Novelty company for \$50,000. The loss is estimated at \$500,000.

# "Nature Abhors a Vacuum,"

### The Life of the average Newfoundland fisherman is not more toilsome, perhaps, than that of the other laboring millions of the world, but it is certainly more uncertain and perilous. His life has been a day and night months' play. This is an exaggeration of the playtime, and if we say that half the year he is fishing, and the other half taking a "spell," as he calls it, we shall be nearer the mark.

## HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

A Physiological View of Kruger. An appreciation of President Kruger is displayed in the window of the Ludgate-Direce phrenologist's, attracting a fair share of public attention. It seems very like an appreciation most of us have reached without phrenology. "Mr. Kruger," says the professor, "has a typical Boer head. It is wide at all points in a line drawn from the level of the ears upward. This indicates besides much destructive or an aggressive tendency a high degree of secretiveness, cautiousness and acquiescence. He is instinctively distrustful, slow to decide, to speak, to act. The lower part of his forehead is larger than the upper. With strong perceptive powers, he has but moderate reflective powers or imagination. The religious region of his head is large. He is well meaning and conscientious to the degree which his race has attained. Phrenologically, we should say that the Transvaal question is one of race, and race is very much a matter of brain development. In this the Boer and the Briton are so very different that the same methods of thought and life can never satisfy both."—London News.

The court issued the following order to W. S. Taylor and Collier: You and each of you are hereby notified that on Saturday, February 3, 1900, we will ask for an order of injunction restraining you and each of you and all others from interfering with meetings of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Kentucky in any manner whatever, or from assembling said legislature at said city of London, Laurel county, Kentucky, upon petition this date filed in the Frankfort circuit court and from committing any of the wrongs or unlawful acts therein set forth. Said motion will be made before the Hon. James E. Cantrell of the fourteenth judicial district of Kentucky, in the circuit court room in the court house at Frankfort, Ky., at or about the hour of 11 o'clock a. m.

Service of the notice on Governor Taylor was secured, despite the most stringent orders to the sentries, to allow nobody to pass in or out of the capitol grounds.

Orders to this effect were given early in the morning, but were revoked later, and those having passes were allowed free access to all parts of the capitol square.

As soon as word was brought to Governor Taylor that the petition for the injunction had been filed the orders were renewed, but they were not renewed quick enough. Alonzo Walker, the stenographer for the Democratic attorneys, gained entrance to the grounds before the renewal of the order, and watching his chance, pinned a copy of the notice on the door of the executive mansion, which action constitutes a legal notice to Governor Taylor.

Walker was at once placed under arrest and confined in the guardhouse. Several of the Republican members of the legislature, especially those living in the eastern part of the state, left Frankfort, Friday, for London, where Governor Taylor called the legislature to meet in session.

GOEBEL IMPROVES. The condition of William Goebel Friday night was considered better than at any time since he was shot. The iron will and determination of the wounded man that he will not die by an assassin's bullet is, however, still considered the main factor in sustaining him, but on Friday night the attending physicians for the first time held out some hope for his ultimate recovery.

BRIDGES DON'T STRIPES. Former County School Commissioner Begins Serving Time. W. M. Bridges left Rome, Ga., Thursday night to serve four years in the penitentiary camp at Worth, 80 miles south of Macon.

Bridges will be given a bookkeeper's position at once, and the regular convict garb. The prisoner will work for the Cauda Lumber company.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

LOVELY \$5.00 All hand-painted. No handsomer lamp made. Sold at manufacturer's price. WE PAY THE FREIGHT. Makers most accepted catalogue of hand-painted LAMP GLASS. Every Lamp Guaranteed. Money back if you are not satisfied. Manufactured by Pittsburg Glass Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

Many Are Leaving Beleaguering Force To Meet Invaders. A London dispatch says: Hellograms fished from Ladysmith three days ago say that the Boer investment lines then were thinning, and the burghers were moving in force toward the Tugela, indicating that a collision was expected there. This intelligence bears out other signs that General Buller purposes a fresh attack.

Lord Kitchener has been traveling from army to army in northern Cape Colony, and General French, by instructions, is now in Cape Town consulting with Lord Roberts.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S FISHERS. Sharp Practices in Golt. In regard to the sharp practices that are sometimes resorted to in golt, this is a case of interest. It is told by a reliable goller as a fact and illustrates the keen interest in the success of his employer which many a caddie evinces often at the cost of his employer's reputation and always at the cost of his own place if he is discovered. On the occasion of the goller's ball was found lying behind a player's stone in the bunker. The crafty caddie gave the stone a kick, accompanying the act with remark, "I think that's wood!" The act resulted in the stone being moved sufficiently to permit the goller to find his ball in a playable position.

Horace Hutchinson is authority for a story of even deeper craft on the part of a caddy. This one, Hutchinson says, carried with him a supply of green-painted wooden pins. With these he generally waited until the light broke on a hole, and then he would, when chance afforded him an opportunity, he inserted the pins heads up in the green in the line of his opponent's put. As might be expected, this often caused the gully to take a bad turn, there by mistaking the hole. While the frustrated player would be swearing at the witness of the grass at a favorable moment the caddy would put his foot on the pins and drive them into the sod, thus destroying all evidences of his guilt. A certain Scottish player is said to have trained his colle to push his opponent's ball into the burn with his nose. —New York Sun.

Infants Extolled. There is a little sixteen street girl, still under six, who may be described as the limit in the matter of sensitiveness. Likewise, she has her points in respect to her gait. She was taken out to Takoma Park about a week ago to spend a few days with her aunt. The toy played around in the front yard of her aunt's pretty home for a while. Then her aunt let a playful little fox terrier into the front yard, saying to the child: "This is your little four-footed cousin."

# SWORN TO BEFORE MR. GOEBEL'S DEATH.

### Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

## SWORN TO BEFORE MR. GOEBEL'S DEATH.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

Sworn to before Mr. Goebel's death, in the presence of the press, that he would stand by the law and constitution.

# I am Past 80 and Not a Gray Hair

### "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a great many years, and although I am past eighty years of age, yet I have not a gray hair in my head."—Geo. V. Lott, Towson, Md., Aug. 3, 1899.

## Have You Lost It?

We mean all that rich, dark color your hair used to have. But there is no need of mourning over it, for you can find it again. Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair. We know exactly what we are saying when we say that "always."

It makes the hair grow heavy and long too; takes out every bit of dandruff, and stops falling of the hair. Keep it on your dressing table and use it every day. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Write the Doctor. If you do not obtain the benefits you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. He will tell you just the right thing to do, and will send you his book on the Hair and Scalp if you request.

Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

SAVING THE LIFE OF A SOLDIER.

WINCHESTER CATALOGUE FREE. Send your name and address on a postal, and we will send you our 156-page illustrated catalogue free.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR Pulpit Echoes. By D. L. Moody. A book of 156 pages, 16 pages of illustrations, 16 pages of music, 16 pages of portraits, 16 pages of maps, 16 pages of diagrams, 16 pages of tables, 16 pages of forms, 16 pages of contracts, 16 pages of receipts, 16 pages of orders, 16 pages of notices, 16 pages of announcements, 16 pages of invitations, 16 pages of certificates, 16 pages of diplomas, 16 pages of degrees, 16 pages of honors, 16 pages of awards, 16 pages of prizes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of pennants, 16 pages of streamers, 16 pages of ribbons, 16 pages of sashes, 16 pages of medals, 16 pages of coins, 16 pages of stamps, 16 pages of seals, 16 pages of signatures, 16 pages of initials, 16 pages of monograms, 16 pages of crests, 16 pages of coats of arms, 16 pages of shields, 16 pages of banners, 16 pages of flags, 16 pages of penn

