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**Bridging the Gap Between School and the Street**

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Bridging the Gap Between School and the Street

Jim Taylor, BCBA
East Georgia Counseling Services
What’s Missing ‘Someone Get Rid of the Bees’

- Are we addressing the ‘root cause’ of problem behavior in the classroom?

- PREVENTION
  - We are not likely to prevent poverty, but can we work towards preventing problem behavior in our classrooms

- Do we have programs (in and out of the classroom) to assist those in need:
  - Yes

- Do we have enough:
  - No

- Can we do more: ????
ON THE STREET

- Kids ‘on the street’ are likely to have (3xs) the rate of MH issues than kids in the ‘general population’
- Kids on the street are (5xs) more likely to be incarcerated than their rural counterparts.
- Over 75% of crimes are committed by high school drop outs
- 20% of OSS is the result of ‘insubordination’
- 20% of OSS is for fighting
- Less than 5% of OSS is for weapons or drugs
- Higher the poverty rate in the school the high the rate of OSS.
- I can find NO literature that indicates that OSS is an effective intervention for problem behavior.
Statistics

- 1 in 5 students are likely to have a MH Dx.
- 75% to 80% of children with MH issues do NOT receive services.
- Approximately 50% of students age 14 and older who are living with a mental illness drop out of high school. On the street, closer to 75%.
- 75% of all problem behaviors in school are exhibited by 15% of the students.
- 70% of those students have some MH Dx.
- Of children ages 9 to 17, 21 percent have a diagnosable mental health or addictive disorder.
Environmentally Beaten Up

- Poverty
- Hunger
- No Hugs
- Sexual Abuse
- Physical Abuse
- Unsanitary Conditions
- Lack of Sleeping areas
- Fear of Being Beat Up
- Changing Schools/Homes
Environmentally Beaten Down
“Toxic Stress”

- No love
- Being Preyed upon
- No way to Study
- Mom on drugs
- Mom on alcohol
- No paternal figure
- Many Many Paternal Figures
- No Hugs (the wrong hugs)
Code of the Street

- NEVER appear weak or vulnerable
- You are either prey or predator
- Always hang with a group (or gang)
- Strike first when ever possible
- Never let anybody get away with anything
- School will not keep you safe on the street
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disorder</th>
<th>Implication</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Depression</td>
<td>Little interest in school work</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Increase in refusal behavior</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Excessive absences</td>
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<td>Fetal Alcohol Syndrome</td>
<td>No boundaries</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Impulsive and uninhibited</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Lack receptive communication</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Low frustration threshold</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Short term memory deficits</td>
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<tr>
<td>PTSD</td>
<td>Impulsive, Impatient,</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Easily confused</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disorder</td>
<td>Implication</td>
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<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADHD</td>
<td>Little ability to manage energy, Memory deficits, Little emotional control, Poor social skills, Inability to concentrate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bipolar Disorder</td>
<td>Changes in mood and energy, Impulsive and uninhibited, Difficulty concentrating, Low frustration threshold, Short term memory deficits, Poor social skills</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In The Classroom

- Remember, Street Kids will not be going home to study, do home work, or work on projects.
- Each student will require a specific method of teaching to assure they learn.
- The very behavior that keeps these kids alive on the street is the very behavior that gets them in trouble in school.
In the Class Room

- Know who your street kids are
- Have a plan to reward their desirable behavior
- Focus on positive behavior
- Punishment will NOT work with these kids
- Do not call them out in front of peers
- Make arrangements for home work to be done in school
- Are students involved in the ‘Rule Making’ process?
In the Class Room

- Before you ‘react’ to a problem behavior ask yourself: Why did this behavior happen? What will the student get from exhibiting this behavior?
- Then make sure you do NOT reinforce the problem behavior.
- In Elementary School are we TEACHING appropriate social and emotional skills or are we relying up incidental learning??
In the Class Room

- DO NOT set the student up for failure.
- NEVER speak down to the student. Always speak as though they CAN do it.
- Rely on a Functional Assessment of problem behavior to develop appropriate interventions.
- Break assignments and tests into amounts comparable to the students attention.
- Establish just a few, clear and realistic expectations (Rules).
- Do NOT punish for behavior that is directly the result of a disability/disorder.
Does your discipline method teach appropriate or replacement behavior?
  ◦ Will the process teach an alternative to the problem behavior?

Does the discipline reduce problem behavior?
  ◦ Are discipline decisions data driven?
  ◦ Are we keeping data and does the data indicate progress is being made?

Does the discipline focus on academics?
  ◦ Does the discipline remove the student from the learning environment?
In the School

- Are students involved in establishing ‘Expectations’?
- Are students involved in determining consequences for meeting expectations?
- Are students involved in determining consequences for violating expectations?
- What other student committees does your school have?
In the School

- Do students know the expectations?
- Are these taught?
- Is reinforcement applied more frequently than punishment?
- Are students greeted upon arrival to class?
- Are students involved in decision making?
- Are students given responsibilities, in and out of school?
- Do students BELIEVE staff care for them?
What Needs to Happen

- School
  - A look at the rules
  - Educational workshops
  - Begin in session teaching (a behavior class) in kindergarten

- Church
  - Who is in our youth groups
  - Are we community oriented

- Community
  - Clubs
  - Organizations

- Police
  - Community relations

- Volunteers
  - University students
  - You and Me
THE BEATINGS WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE MORAL IMPROVES!
REFERENCES

- www.behavioradvisor.com/streetwise.html
- Harvard Educational Review “Tough Fronts”
- www.RADKID.org
- www.nofas.org
- https://www.nimh.nih.gov
- http://www.schoolmentalhealth.orgs/
- “Reduction of School Violence”, B. Johns, V. Carr
- Jim Taylor: jimmyt.dive@gmail.com