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Impact of the Great Recession on Savannah

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The National Bureau of Economic Research, a private nonprofit research group, reported the great recession started in December of 2007 and ended in May of 2009. The conclusion is that the national economy has entered a recovery phase. This national economic report provides a starting place for an analysis of the impact of the great recession on the Savannah labor market. It is less clear when the Savannah recession began and when the recovery started. What is clear is that the local and national economy will not feel fully recovered until full employment returns.

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The Savannah MSA only lost about 7,300 jobs from a total employment of about 170,000. This increased the unemployment rate from 4.3 percent at the onset of the recession to 7.8 percent at the end of the recession. In contrast, the period between June 2009 and August 2010 has not shown much of a recovery.

Over this time frame, the Savannah MSA lost another 2,700 jobs and the unemployment rate moved from 8.5 percent to 9.1 percent. Two major factors explain why the Savannah MSA is still losing jobs.

The first factor in the speed of the recovery is that the demand for goods and services produced by the private sector is growing slowly. Consumers are choosing to spend less than in past recoveries, and many are still paying down debts.

Businesses are still postponing new investments because of the slow recovery in demand and general uncertainty about the economy. These factors are contributing to the lack of demand, which is leading to more job losses. The other factor affecting the recovery is that significant job losses did not start in our area until after the financial crisis in late 2008. Often, when in a downturn, the last step most employers take is cutting payrolls. However, once payroll is cut, employers often hold off on rehiring workers for as long as possible.

Several industries have suffered significant job losses from the start of the recession in the fourth quarter of 2007 to the first quarter of 2010 based on the most recent data available from the Georgia Department of Labor.

Overall, the private sector has lost 11 percent in average monthly employment over this time period. Most of these declines have come from the goods-producing sectors of the economy, which includes the construction and manufacturing industries. This sector alone has declined by 19 percent.

This decline is related to the slowdown in residential and commercial real estate and the limited demand for goods produced in this area.

The service sector has been impacted less than the goods-producing sectors. This sector declined by 9 percent over this time frame. The service sector makes up about 70 percent of this economy, and it is much more than low-skill jobs in fast food or low-end retail.

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Development and Renewal Authority holds ribbon-cutting for new pet store

The Savannah Development and Renewal Authority hosted a ribbon-cutting Oct. 22 for The Grateful Hound, a new pet boutique at 32 Barnard St. The Grateful Hound offers unique pet-themed gifts, such as serving platters, mugs, bags, housewares, table linens, ceramic pet bowls, dog jewelry, environmentally friendly dog and cat toys and pet-inspired art. Many items have been handmade by local artists.

“Our vision was to create a place that celebrates the 111 strong bond between people and their pets, while giving those that come through our doors access to products not found anywhere else in town,” said Maggie Granquist, co-owner of the business along with her husband, John.

The Grateful Hound is open 11 a.m. to 7 p.m. Monday to Wednesday, 11 a.m. to 8 p.m. Thursday to Saturday and from noon to 5 p.m. Sunday.

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Impact of the Great Recession on Savannah

The great recession impact on the local labor market starts to take shape. This data covered Savannah Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham counties. I used the national recession start and end dates provided by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

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